

Attachment D

Derivation of Cost Proposal

Exhibit A - Amend 2 Summary Derivation of Cost Proposal

Control Section CS 82900	MDOT Job # JN 802330	Project Description
		DRIC - Amendment 2 - Geotechnical Analysis Advisory Group, Public Involvement, Add. Coord. W/our Canadian Team

Name of Prime Consultant: **The Corradino Group**

DIRECT LABOR

Name	Classification	Hours	x	Rate	=	Labor Costs
Corradino, JC	Proj. Manager	1046	x	\$91.74		\$95,960
Corradino, G	Planner	316	x	\$33.65		\$10,633
Anderson	Graphic	184	x	\$22.13		\$4,072
Bocks	Planner	596	x	\$20.76		\$12,373
Butler	Planner	120	x	\$30.87		\$3,704
Deutsch	Counsel	320	x	\$70.80		\$22,656
Hartman	Engineer	276	x	\$53.29		\$14,708
P'Pool	Economic Planner	190	x	\$78.46		\$14,907
Santana	Planner	698	x	\$25.29		\$17,652
Stone	Env. Planner	470	x	\$52.85		\$24,840
Townsend	Planner	120	x	\$31.72		\$3,806
Tucker	Planner	414	x	\$19.23		\$7,961
Velicevic	Engineer	276	x	\$31.78		\$8,771
Wolf	Production	184	x	\$27.63		\$5,084
Total Hours		5210				Total Labor

OVERHEAD **Total Overhead** **\$416,783**

FACILITIES COST OF CAPITAL **Total F.C.C.** **\$1,128**

DIRECT EXPENSES	Unit Cost	x	Units	
Environmental Liability Insurance	\$5,250.00	x	1 lump sum	\$5,250
Wyle Lab Noise Demo	\$11,612.40	x	1 lump sum	\$11,612
Overnight Del	\$18.00	x	14 overnights	\$252
Lodging	\$65.00	x	50 days	\$3,250
Meals (per diem)	\$38.50	x	52 days	\$2,002
Airline travel	\$500.00	x	11 trips	\$5,500
Airline travel	\$800.00	x	10 trips	\$8,000
Rental car	\$80.00	x	53 days	\$4,240
Hall rental	\$500.00	x	17 workshops	\$8,500
Equipment rental	\$2,500.00	x	17 workshops	\$42,500
RV rental	\$3,200.00	x	8 months	\$25,600
Display (see attach (see next sheet)	\$1,169.60	x	10	\$11,696

Subtotal Corradino Direct Costs **\$128,402**

Subconsultant Expenses

Parsons Transportation Group	\$342,773
Rick Miller	\$26,518
Richard Woods	\$30,518
DLA Piper Rudnick Gray Cary US LLP	\$143,228
Alfred Benesch & Company	\$0
CCRG	\$4,568
Fletcher & Stippel, LLC	\$142,945
Hamilton Anderson Associates	\$0
Northwest Consultants, Inc.	\$0
NTH	\$349,892
SOMAT Engineering, Inc.	\$34,478
TBE Group, Inc.	\$0
Wetland & Coastal Res., Inc.	\$0
Woolpert Design, LLP	\$0
Subtotal Subconsultant Total Costs	\$1,074,918

Corradino Direct Costs, Plus Subconsultant Total Costs **\$1,203,321**

FIXED FEE **\$663,912** **x** **11.00%** **Corradino Fixed Fee** **\$73,030**

TOTAL Amend 2 COSTS **\$1,941,391**

Exhibit A - Geotechnical Analysis Derivation of Cost Proposal

Control Section CS 82900	MDOT Job # JN 802330	Project Description DRIC - Amendment 2 - Right-of-Entry and Consent Forms for Boring + Geotechnical Analysis Advisory Group
Name of Prime Consultant: The Corradino Group		

DIRECT LABOR

Name	Classification	Hours	x	Rate	=	Labor Costs
Corradino, JC	Proj. Manager	290	x	\$91.74		\$26,605
Corradino, G	Planner	40	x	\$33.65		\$1,346
Anderson	Graphic	0	x	\$22.13		\$0
Bocks	Planner	320	x	\$20.76		\$6,643
Butler	Planner	0	x	\$30.87		\$0
Deutsch	Counsel	0	x	\$70.80		\$0
Hartman	Engineer	0	x	\$53.29		\$0
P'Pool	Economic Planner	0	x	\$78.46		\$0
Santana	Planner	100	x	\$25.29		\$2,529
Stone	Env. Planner	240	x	\$52.85		\$12,684
Townsend	Planner	0	x	\$31.72		\$0
Tucker	Planner	0	x	\$19.23		\$0
Velicevic	Engineer	0	x	\$31.78		\$0
Wolf	Production	0	x	\$27.63		\$0
Total Hours		990				Total Labor
						\$49,807

OVERHEAD

	\$49,807	x	168.65%	Total Overhead	\$83,999
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FACILITIES COST OF CAPITAL

	\$49,807		0.4566%	Total F.C.C.	\$227
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DIRECT EXPENSES

	Unit Cost	x	Units	
Environmental Liability Insurance	\$5,250.00	x	1 lump sum	\$5,250
Overnight Del	\$18.00	x	2 overnights	\$36
Lodging	\$65.00	x	0 days	\$0
Meals (per diem)	\$38.50	x	2 days	\$77
Airline travel	\$500.00	x	0 trips	\$0
Airline travel	\$800.00	x	0 trips	\$0
Rental car	\$80.00	x	0 days	\$0

Corradino Direct Costs - Geotech	\$5,363
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FIXED FEE

	\$133,806	x	11.00%	Total Fixed Fee	\$14,719
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Subtotal Geotechnical Analysis	\$154,115
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Exhibit A - Public Involvement Derivation of Cost Proposal

Control Section CS 82900	MDOT Job # JN 802330	Project Description
		DRIC - Amendment 2 - Public Involvement
Name of Prime Consultant: The Corradino Group		

DIRECT LABOR

Name	Classification	Hours	x	Rate	=	Labor Costs
Corradino, JC	Proj. Manager	506	x	91.74		\$46,420
Corradino, G	Planner	276	x	33.65		\$9,287
Anderson	Graphic	184	x	22.13		\$4,072
Bocks	Planner	276	x	20.76		\$5,730
Butler	Planner	0	x	30.87		\$0
Deutsch	Counsel	0	x	70.8		\$0
Hartman	Engineer	276	x	53.29		\$14,708
P'Pool	Economic Planner	0	x	78.46		\$0
Santana	Planner	598	x	25.29		\$15,123
Stone	Env. Planner	230	x	52.85		\$12,156
Townsend	Planner	0	x	31.72		\$0
Tucker	Planner	414	x	19.23		\$7,961
Velicevic	Engineer	276	x	31.78		\$8,771
Wolf	Production	184	x	27.63		\$5,084
Total Hours		3220				Total Labor
						\$129,313

OVERHEAD

	\$129,313	x	168.65%		Total Overhead	\$218,086
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FACILITIES COST OF CAPITAL

	\$129,313		0.4566%		Total F.C.C.	\$590
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DIRECT EXPENSES

	Unit Cost		Units Type	
Wyle Lab Noise Demo	\$11,612	x	1 lump sum	\$11,612
Overnight Del	\$18.00	x	7 overnights	\$126
Lodging	\$65.00	x	22 days	\$1,430
Meals (per diem)	\$38.50	x	22 days	\$847
Airline travel	\$500.00	x	3 trips	\$1,500
Airline travel	\$800.00	x	0 trips	\$0
Rental car	\$80.00	x	33 days	\$2,640
Hall rental	\$500.00	x	17 workshops	\$8,500
Equipment rental	\$2,500.00	x	17 workshops	\$42,500
RV rental	\$3,200.00	x	8 months	\$25,600
Display (see attached sheet)	\$1,169.60	x	10 units	\$11,696

	Corradino Direct Costs - Public Inv.	\$106,451
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FIXED FEE

	\$347,399	x	11.00%		Total Fixed Fee	\$38,214
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	Subtotal Public Involvement	\$492,655
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Exhibit A - Add. Coord. with our Canadian Team Derivation of Cost Proposal

Control Section CS 82900	MDOT Job # JN 802330	Project Description
		DRIC - Amendment 2 - Add.Coord. W/our Canadian Team
Name of Prime Consultant: The Corradino Group		

DIRECT LABOR

Name	Classification	Hours	x	Rate	=	Labor Costs
Corradino, JC	Proj. Manager	250	x	\$91.74		\$22,935
Corradino, G	Planner	0	x	\$33.65		\$0
Bocks	Planner	0	x	\$20.76		\$0
Butler	Planner	120	x	\$30.87		\$3,704
Deutsch	Counsel	320	x	\$70.80		\$22,656
Hartman	Engineer	0	x	\$53.29		\$0
P'Pool	Economic Planner	190	x	\$78.46		\$14,907
Santana	Planner	0	x	\$25.29		\$0
Stone	Env. Planner	0	x	\$52.85		\$0
Townsend	Planner	120	x	\$31.72		\$3,806
Total Hours		1000				Total Labor \$68,009

OVERHEAD

	\$68,009	x	168.65%		Total Overhead	\$114,698
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FACILITIES COST OF CAPITAL

	\$68,009		0.4566%		Total F.C.C.	\$311
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DIRECT EXPENSES

	Unit Cost		Units	
Overnight Del	\$18.00	x	5 overnights	\$90
Lodging	\$65.00	x	28 days	\$1,820
Meals (per diem)	\$38.50	x	28 days	\$1,078
Airline travel	\$500.00	x	8 trips	\$4,000
Airline travel	\$800.00	x	10 trips	\$8,000
Rental car	\$80.00	x	20 days	\$1,600

Corradino Direct Costs - Assistance in Project Implementation	\$16,588
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FIXED FEE

	\$182,707	x	11.00%		Total Fixed Fee	\$20,098
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Subtotal Assistance in Project Implementation	\$219,703
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**Derivation of Cost Proposal for Bridge and US Customs Plaza Noise Project
Detroit Michigan**

Wyle Labs Q/N 580.05.332
21-Dec-2005

2005 T&M Hourly Labor Rate

225 165 125 95 75 50

TASK	DESCRIPTION							LABOR		TRIPS	TRAVEL	MATLS	TOTAL
		9	8	7	6	5	4	HRS	COST				
	Prepare equipment, travel to the site, perform												
1	audio recordings and noise measurements			16		4		20	\$ 2,300	1	445	176	\$ 2,920
2	Prepare audio demonstration			16				16	\$ 2,000				\$ 2,000
	Prepare equipment, travel to Detroit for one public												
3	meeting			12		4		16	\$ 1,800	1	445	176	\$ 2,421
	Alternative: Prepare equipment, travel to Detroit for												
4	four public meetings			40		4		44	\$ 5,300	1	1217	176	\$ 6,692
WYLE Total for Tasks 1-3		0	0	44	0	8	0	52	\$ 6,100	2	\$ 889	351	\$ 7,340
WYLE Total for Tasks 1, 2, and 4		0	0	72	0	8	0	80	\$ 9,600	2	\$ 1,661	351	\$ 11,612

Travel Expenses:

Airfare	250												
Per Diem	30												
Car Rental	60												
Hotel	100												
Subtotal for 1-day visit - 1.5 day trip (no car rental	380					445							
Subtotal for 4-day visit - 5 day trip	1040					1217							

PROJECT TOTAL
Tasks 1-3 \$ 7,340
Alternatively Tasks 1, 2, and 4 \$ 11,612

Material Expenses:

	Unit	Qty	Total
Shipping		75	2 150 (plus 17% G&A) 176

Cost Estimate

Exhibit A - Attachment - Direct Costs Detail Derivation of Cost Proposal

Control Section CS 82900	MDOT Job # JN 802330	Project Description DRIC - EPE with EIS, Amend 2 Traveling Exhibit
Name of Vendor:		

Competing Vendors	Item	Unit Price	Number	Total
Nomadic	10' Traveler Economy Pop Up Exhibit	\$1,599.00	10	\$15,990.00
A Smash Hit	Benchmark 10'	\$984.95	10	\$9,849.50
Displays2go	10' Pop Up Tradeshow	\$1,169.60	10	\$11,696.00
Impact Displays	10' Super Econo II-Option 1	\$975.00	10	\$9,750.00
Displayit.net	10' Standard Curved Pop-Up	\$1,495.00	10	\$14,950.00
	Average for 10 units		50	\$62,235.50
				\$12,447.10

Selected Company/Item in bold above is lower than the average price and meets need.

Displays2go is selected Vendor

Exhibit B - Summary

Derivation of Cost Proposal

Control Section CS 82900	MDOT Job # JN 802330	Project Description
		DRIC - Amendment 2 - Geotechnical Analysis, Public Inv., Add. Coord. W/our Canadian Team, Canadian CSS Meetings
Name of Consultant:		Parsons Transportation Group

DIRECT LABOR

Classification	Classification	Person Hrs	x	Hourly Rate	=	Labor Costs
Regine Beauboeuf	Deputy Proj. Man.	324	x	\$66.05		\$21,400
Mike Ashmore	Rdway/Bridge Design	0	x	\$48.08		\$0
Gerald Bonner	Tunnell/Geotechnical	40	x	\$89.42		\$3,577
Bruce L. Campbell	Lead Bridge	236	x	\$53.50		\$12,626
Patrick Cassity	Bridge Design	40	x	\$68.75		\$2,750
Alex Gilman	Graphics	40	x	\$35.73		\$1,429
Robert Hosler	Landscape Architect	243	x	\$48.31		\$11,739
Joseph Marson	Lead Traffic	76	x	\$50.18		\$3,814
Stephen Mayer	Policy	60	x	\$79.33		\$4,760
Craig Richardson	Landscape Architect	374	x	\$31.00		\$11,594
Richard Saporsky	Lead Roadway	164	x	\$45.67		\$7,490
Ken Serzan	Bridge Design	40	x	\$89.42		\$3,577
Jeffrey Squires	Policy	60	x	\$86.54		\$5,192
Jr. Engineer	Rd/Plaza/Bridge	190	x	\$24.89		\$4,729
Sr. Engineer	Bridge Design	20	x	\$47.87		\$957
Engineer/Artist	Rd/Plaza/Bridge	375	x	\$37.77		\$14,164
IT Specialists	Meeting Assistance	24	x	\$37.77		\$906
Administrative		126	x	\$25.48		\$3,210
Total Hours		2432				Total Labor \$113,915

OVERHEAD

	\$113,915	x	137.00%	Total Overhead	\$156,064
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FACILITIES COST OF CAPITAL

	\$113,915	x	0.2655%	Total F.C.C.	\$302
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DIRECT EXPENSES

	Unit Cost	x	Units	
Airline Travel	\$500.00	x	44	\$22,000
Mileage	\$0.445	x	3650	\$1,624
Lodging	\$80.00	x	52	\$4,160
Meals (per diem)	\$38.50	x	74	\$2,849
Equipment Rental	\$10,000.00	x	1	\$10,000
Bradley Touchstone	\$135.00	x	16	\$2,160
Total Direct Costs				\$42,793

FIXED FEE

	\$269,979	x	11.00%	Total Fixed Fee	\$29,698
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TOTAL PARSONS COSTS \$342,773

Exhibit B Geotech Advisory Group Review Derivation of Cost Proposal

Control Section CS 82900	MDOT Job # JN 802330	Project Description
		DRIC - Amendment 2 - Geotechnical Analysis Advisory Group
Name of Consultant:		Parsons Transportation Group

DIRECT LABOR

Classification	Classification	Person Hrs	x	Hourly Rate	=	Labor Costs
Regine Beauboeuf	Deputy Proj. Man.	40	x	\$66.05		\$2,642
Mike Ashmore	Rdway/Bridge Design	0	x	\$48.08		\$0
Gerald Bonner	Tunnel/Geotechnical	40	x	\$89.42		\$3,577
Bruce L. Campbell	Lead Bridge	40	x	\$53.50		\$2,140
Patrick Cassity	Bridge Design	40	x	\$68.75		\$2,750
Alex Gilman	Graphics	0	x	\$35.73		\$0
Robert Hosler	Landscape Architect	0	x	\$48.31		\$0
Joseph Marson	Lead Traffic	0	x	\$50.18		\$0
Stephen Mayer	Policy	0	x	\$79.33		\$0
Craig Richardson	Landscape Architect	0	x	\$31.00		\$0
Richard Saporsky	Lead Roadway	0	x	\$45.67		\$0
Ken Serzan	Bridge Design	40	x	\$89.42		\$3,577
Jeffrey Squires	Policy	0	x	\$86.54		\$0
Jr. Engineer	Rd/Plaza/Bridge	0	x	\$24.89		\$0
Sr. Engineer	Bridge Design	20	x	\$47.87		\$957
Engineer/Artist	Rd/Plaza/Bridge	20	x	\$37.77		\$755
IT Specialists	Meeting Assistance	0		\$37.77		\$0
Administrative		0	x	\$25.48		\$408

Total Hours 256

Total Labor \$16,806

OVERHEAD

\$16,806 x 137.00% Total Overhead \$23,024

FACILITIES COST OF CAPITAL

\$16,806 x 0.2655% Total F.C.C. \$45

DIRECT EXPENSES

	Unit Cost	x	Units	
Airline Travel	\$500.00	x	9	\$4,500
Mileage	\$0.45	x	450	\$200
Lodging	\$80.00	x	12	\$960
Meals (per diem)	\$38.50	x	12	\$462
Equipment Rental	\$10,000.00	x	0	\$0
Bradley Touchstone	\$135.00	x	0	\$0

Total Direct Costs \$6,122

FIXED FEE

\$39,830 x 11.00% Total Fixed Fee \$4,381

Parsons Advisory Group COSTS \$50,379

Exhibit B - Workshops

Derivation of Cost Proposal

Control Section CS 82900	MDOT Job # JN 802330	Project Description DRIC - Amendment 2 - Public Involvement, Community Planning Workshops
Name of Consultant:		Parsons Transportation Group

DIRECT LABOR

Classification	Classification	Person Hrs	x	Hourly Rate	=	Labor Costs	
Regine Beauboeuf	Deputy Proj. Man.	160	x	\$66.05		\$10,568	
Mike Ashmore	Rdway/Bridge Design	0	x	\$48.08		\$0	
Gerald Bonner	Tunnel/Geotechnical	0	x	\$89.42		\$0	
Bruce L. Campbell	Lead Bridge	124	x	\$53.50		\$6,634	
Patrick Cassity	Bridge Design	0	x	\$68.75		\$0	
Alex Gilman	Graphics	0	x	\$35.73		\$0	
Robert Hosler	Landscape Architect	163	x	\$48.31		\$7,875	
Joseph Marson	Lead Traffic	60	x	\$50.18		\$3,011	
Stephen Mayer	Policy	0	x	\$79.33		\$0	
Craig Richardson	Landscape Architect	238	x	\$31.00		\$7,378	
Richard Saporsky	Lead Roadway	124	x	\$45.67		\$5,663	
Ken Serzan	Bridge Design	0	x	\$89.42		\$0	
Jeffrey Squires	Policy	0	x	\$86.54		\$0	
Jr. Engineer	Rd/Plaza/Bridge	190	x	\$24.89		\$4,729	
Sr. Engineer	Bridge Design	0	x	\$47.87		\$0	
Engineer/Artist	Rd/Plaza/Bridge	115	x	\$37.77		\$4,344	
IT Specialists	Meeting Assistance	0	x	\$37.77		\$0	
Administrative		70	x	\$25.48		\$1,784	
Total Hours		1244				Total Labor	\$51,985

OVERHEAD

	\$51,985	x	137.00%	Total Overhead	\$71,219
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FACILITIES COST OF CAPITAL

	\$51,985	x	0.2655%	Total F.C.C.	\$138
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DIRECT EXPENSES

	Unit Cost		Units	
Airline Travel	\$ 500.00	x	14	\$7,000
Mileage	\$ 0.445	x	1600	\$712
Lodging	\$ 80.00	x	14	\$1,120
Meals (per diem)	\$ 38.50	x	28	\$1,078
Equipment Rental	\$ 10,000	x	0	\$0
Bradley Touchstone	\$ 135.00	x	0	\$0

	Total Direct Costs	\$9,910
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FIXED FEE

	\$123,204	x	11.00%	Total Fixed Fee	\$13,552
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Parsons Community Planning Workshop COSTS \$146,804

Exhibit B - CSS Workshops in US Derivation of Cost Proposal

Control Section CS 82900	MDOT Job # JN 802330	Project Description DRIC - Amendment 2 - Public Involvement, Context Sensitive Solutions
Name of Consultant:		Parsons Transportation Group

DIRECT LABOR

Classification	Classification	Person Hrs	x	Hourly Rate	=	Labor Costs
Regine Beauboeuf	Deputy Proj. Man.	60	x	\$66.05		\$3,963
Mike Ashmore	Rdway/Bridge Design	0	x	\$48.08		\$0
Gerald Bonner	Tunnel/Geotechnical	0	x	\$89.42		\$0
Bruce L. Campbell	Lead Bridge	40	x	\$53.50		\$2,140
Patrick Cassity	Bridge Design	0	x	\$68.75		\$0
Alex Gilman	Graphics	0	x	\$35.73		\$0
Robert Hosler	Landscape Architect	80	x	\$48.31		\$3,865
Joseph Marson	Lead Traffic	0	x	\$50.18		\$0
Stephen Mayer	Policy	0	x	\$79.33		\$0
Craig Richardson	Landscape Architect	120	x	\$31.00		\$3,720
Richard Saporsky	Lead Roadway	40	x	\$45.67		\$1,827
Ken Serzan	Bridge Design	0	x	\$89.42		\$0
Jeffrey Squires	Policy	0	x	\$86.54		\$0
Jr. Engineer	Rd/Plaza/Bridge	0	x	\$24.89		\$0
Sr. Engineer	Bridge Design	0	x	\$47.87		\$0
Engineer/Artist	Rd/Plaza/Bridge	80	x	\$37.77		\$3,022
IT Specialists	Meeting Assistance	0	x	\$37.77		\$0
Administrative		0	x	\$25.48		\$0
Total Hours		420				Total Labor \$18,536

OVERHEAD

	\$18,536	x	137.00%		Total Overhead	\$25,395
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FACILITIES COST OF CAPITAL

	\$18,536	x	0.2655%		Total F.C.C.	\$49
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DIRECT EXPENSES

	Unit Cost		Units		
Airline Travel	\$ 500.00	x	8	\$4,000	
Mileage	\$ 0.445	x	600	\$267	
Lodging	\$ 80.00	x	6	\$480	
Meals (per diem)	\$ 38.50	x	14	\$539	
Equipment Rental	\$ 10,000	x	0	\$0	
Bradley Touchstone	\$ 135.00	x	0	\$0	
				Total Direct Costs	\$5,286

FIXED FEE

	\$43,931	x	11.00%		Total Fixed Fee	\$4,832
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Parsons Context Sensitive Solutions Workshop COSTS \$54,098

Exhibit B - CSS Workshops in Canada Derivation of Cost Proposal

Control Section CS 82900	MDOT Job # JN 802330	Project Description DRIC - Additional Public Involvement
Context Sensitive Solutions Workshop in Canada		
Name of Consultant:		Parsons Transportation Group

DIRECT LABOR

Classification	Classification	Person Hrs	x	Hourly Rate	=	Labor Costs
Regine Beauboeuf	Deputy Proj. Man.	24	x	\$66.05		\$1,585
Mike Ashmore	Rdway/Bridge Design	0	x	\$48.08		\$0
Gerald Bonner	Tunnel/Geotechnical	0	x	\$89.42		\$0
Bruce L. Campbell	Lead Bridge	8	x	\$53.50		\$428
Patrick Cassity	Bridge Design	0	x	\$68.75		\$0
Alex Gilman	Graphics	40	x	\$35.73		\$1,429
Robert Hosler	Landscape Architect	0	x	\$48.31		\$0
Joseph Marson	Lead Traffic	0	x	\$50.18		\$0
Stephen Mayer	Policy	0	x	\$79.33		\$0
Craig Richardson	Landscape Architect	16	x	\$31.00		\$496
Richard Saporsky	Lead Roadway	0	x	\$45.67		\$0
Ken Serzan	Bridge Design	0	x	\$89.42		\$0
Jeffrey Squires	Policy	0	x	\$86.54		\$0
Jr. Engineer	Rd/Plaza/Bridge	0	x	\$24.89		\$0
Sr. Engineer	Bridge Design	0	x	\$47.87		\$0
Engineer/Artist	Rd/Plaza/Bridge	160	x	\$37.77		\$6,043
IT Specialists	Meeting Assistance	24	x	\$37.77		\$906
Administrative		40	x	\$25.48		\$1,019
Total Hours		312				Total Labor \$11,907

OVERHEAD

	\$11,907	x	137.00%		Total Overhead \$16,313
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FACILITIES COST OF CAPITAL

	\$11,907		0.2655%		Total F.C.C. \$32
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DIRECT EXPENSES

	Unit Cost	x	Units	
Airline Travel	\$ 500.00	x	9	\$4,500
Mileage	\$ 0.445	x	400	\$178
Lodging	\$ 80.00	x	16	\$1,280
Meals (per diem)	\$ 38.50	x	16	\$616
Equipment Rental	\$ 10,000	x	1	\$10,000
Bradley Touchstone	\$ 135.00	x	16	\$2,160

DIRECT COSTS

\$ 18,734

FIXED FEE

	\$28,220	x	11.00%		Total Fixed Fee \$3,104
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TOTAL PARSONS COSTS \$50,090

Exhibit B - Add. Coord. With Canadian Team Derivation of Cost Proposal

Control Section CS 82900	MDOT Job # JN 802330	Project Description
		DRIC - Amendment 2 - Add. Coord. W/our Canadian Team
Name of Consultant:		Parsons Transportation Group

DIRECT LABOR

Classification	Classification	Person Hrs	x	Hourly Rate	=	Labor Costs
Regine Beauboeuf	Deputy Proj. Man.	40	x	\$66.05		\$2,642
Mike Ashmore	Rdway/Bridge Design	0	x	\$48.08		\$0
Gerald Bonner	Tunnel/Geotechnical	0	x	\$89.42		\$0
Bruce L. Campbell	Lead Bridge	24	x	\$53.50		\$1,284
Patrick Cassity	Bridge Design	0	x	\$68.75		\$0
Alex Gilman	Graphics	0	x	\$35.73		\$0
Robert Hosler	Landscape Architect	0	x	\$48.31		\$0
Joseph Marson	Lead Traffic	16	x	\$50.18		\$803
Stephen Mayer	Policy	60	x	\$79.33		\$4,760
Craig Richardson	Landscape Architect	0	x	\$31.00		\$0
Richard Saporsky	Lead Roadway	0	x	\$45.67		\$0
Ken Serzan	Bridge Design	0	x	\$89.42		\$0
Jeffrey Squires	Policy	60	x	\$86.54		\$5,192
Jr. Engineer	Rd/Plaza/Bridge	0	x	\$24.89		\$0
Sr. Engineer	Bridge Design	0	x	\$47.87		\$0
Engineer/Artist	Rd/Plaza/Bridge	0	x	\$37.77		\$0
IT Specialists	Meeting Assistance	0	x	\$37.77		\$0
Administrative		0	x	\$25.48		\$0

	Total Hours	200				Total Labor	\$14,681
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OVERHEAD

	\$14,681	x	137.00%		Total Overhead	\$20,113
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FACILITIES COST OF CAPITAL

	\$14,681	x	0.2655%		Total F.C.C.	\$39
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DIRECT EXPENSES

	Unit Cost		Units	
Airline Travel	\$ 500.00	x	4	\$2,000
Mileage	\$ 0.445	x	600	\$267
Lodging	\$ 80.00	x	4	\$320
Meals (per diem)	\$ 38.50	x	4	\$154
Equipment Rental	\$ 10,000	x	0	\$0
Bradley Touchstone	\$ 135.00	x	0	\$0

	Total Direct Costs	\$2,741
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FIXED FEE

	\$34,794	x	11.00%		Total Fixed Fee	\$3,827
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Parsons Assistance in Project Implementation COSTS \$41,401

Exhibit B Summary

Derivation of Cost Proposal - Geotechnical Analysis

Control Section CS 82900	MDOT Job # JN 802330	Project Description DRIC - Amendment 2 - Geotechnical Analysis, Task 2330, & Forward Modeling & Advisory Group
Name of Sub Consultant:		NTH CONSULTANTS, LTD.

DIRECT LABOR

Name	Classification	Hours	x	Rate	=	Labor Costs
Fritz Klingler	Project Manager	159	x	\$ 58.00		\$9,222
Joe Alberts	Task Manager	199	x	\$ 46.50		\$9,254
Craig Johnson	Project Engineer	287	x	\$ 25.50		\$7,319
Steve Bryan	CADD	46	x	\$ 25.50		\$1,173
Natiera Farrington	Clerical	<u>68</u>	<u>x</u>	<u>\$ 15.00</u>		<u>\$1,020</u>
Total Hours =		759				\$27,987

OVERHEAD

\$27,987	x	188.00%	=	Total Overhead	\$52,616
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FACILITIES COST OF CAPITAL

\$27,987		0.04%	=	Total F.C.C.	\$11
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DIRECT EXPENSES

	Unit Cost	x	Units		
Mileage	\$0.445	x	300	miles	\$134
Copies	\$0.25	x	4000	pages	\$1,000
FedEx	\$20	x	22	units	\$440
SRT for 3-D surface Seismic Method Void (Z-Seis)	\$2,500	x	1	lump sum	\$2,500
SRT for 3-D surface Seismic Method No Void (Z-Seis)	\$2,500	x	1	lump sum	\$2,500
SRT for VSP/RVSP Method Void (Z-Seis)	\$2,500	x	1	lump sum	\$2,500
SRT for VSP/RVSP Method No Void (Z-Seis)	\$2,500	x	1	lump sum	\$2,500
SRT for Crosswell Seismic Method Void (Z-Seis)	\$2,500	x	1	lump sum	\$2,500
SRT for Crosswell Seismic Method No Void (Z-Seis)	\$2,500	x	1	lump sum	\$2,500
Crosswell data set for velocity/reflection images Void (Z-Seis)	\$37,500	x	1	lump sum	\$37,500
Crosswell data set for velocity/reflection images No Void (Z-Seis)	\$37,500	x	1	lump sum	\$37,500
Generate 3-D crosswell data gathers and analyze (skimmed void) (Z-Seis)	\$27,500	x	1	lump sum	\$27,500
External Consulting (Cording)	\$250	x	118	hours	\$29,500
Cording Assistant - PC	\$100	x	200	hours	\$20,000
Cording Expenses	\$6,900	x	1	lump sum	\$6,900
External Consulting (Turpening)	\$186	x	133	hours	\$24,738
Turpening Expenses	\$6,900	x	1	lump sum	\$6,900
3DEC Software Package	\$40,000	x	1	lump sum	\$40,000
External Consulting (Marion)	\$150	x	52	hours	\$7,800
External Consulting (Marion Expenses)	\$5,500	x	1	lump sum	\$5,500
Total Direct Costs					\$260,412

FIXED FEE

(Total Labor + Total Overhead) x Profit	=	Total Fixed Fee	\$8,866
\$80,602.56	x	11.00%	=

TOTAL NTH Summary COSTS \$ 349,892

DRAFT DERIVATION OF COST PROPOSAL - Fwd Modeling

Control Section CS 82900	MDOT Job # JN 802330	Project Description DRIC - Amend 2 Geotechnical Analysis, Forward Modeling
CONSULTANT NAME		
NTH CONSULTANTS, LTD.		

DIRECT LABOR:

Name	Classification	Person Hours	x	Hourly Rate	=	Labor Costs
Fritz Klingler	Project Manager	62		\$58.00		\$3,596
Joe Alberts	Task Manager	102		\$46.50		\$4,743
Craig Johnson	Project Engineer	184		\$25.50		\$4,692
Steve Bryan	CADD	35		\$25.50		\$893
Natiera Farrington	Clerical	28		\$15.00		\$420
	Total Hours =	411				Total Labor \$14,344

OVERHEAD:

\$14,343.50	x	188.00%	=	Total Overhead	\$26,966
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FACILITIES COST OF CAPITAL:

\$14,343.50	x	0.04%	=	Total F.C.C.	\$6
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DIRECT EXPENSES

(Listed by Item at Estimated Cost - NO MARKUP)

Copies	500 pages	\$0.250	\$125
FedEx	10 units	\$20	\$200
SRT for 3-D surface Seismic Method Void (Z-Seis)	1 lump sum	\$2,500	\$2,500
SRT for 3-D surface Seismic Method No Void (Z-Seis)	1 lump sum	\$2,500	\$2,500
SRT for VSP/RVSP Method Void (Z-Seis)	1 lump sum	\$2,500	\$2,500
SRT for VSP/RVSP Method No Void (Z-Seis)	1 lump sum	\$2,500	\$2,500
SRT for Crosswell Seismic Method Void (Z-Seis)	1 lump sum	\$2,500	\$2,500
SRT for Crosswell Seismic Method No Void (Z-Seis)	1 lump sum	\$2,500	\$2,500
Crosswell data set for velocity/reflection images Void (Z-Seis)	1 lump sum	\$37,500	\$37,500
Crosswell data set for velocity/reflection images No Void (Z-Seis)	1 lump sum	\$37,500	\$37,500
Generate 3-D crosswell data gathers and analyze (skimmed v	1 lump sum	\$27,500	\$27,500
External Consulting (Cording)	50 hours	\$250	\$12,500
Cording Assistant - PC	200 hours	\$100	\$20,000
External Consulting (Turpening)	65 hours	\$186	\$12,090
3DEC Software Package	1 lump sum	\$40,000	\$40,000
External Consulting (Marion)	52 hours	\$150	\$7,800
External Consulting (Marion Expenses)	1 lump sum	\$5,500	\$5,500
Subtotal Direct Costs			\$215,715

NTH FIXED FEE

(Total Labor + Total Overhead) x Profit	=		=		=	
\$41,309.28	x	11.00%	=	Total Fixed Fee	\$4,544	

NTH TOTAL Forward Modeling COSTS **\$261,574**

DRAFT DERIVATION OF COST PROPOSAL- ADVISORY GROUP

Control Section CS 82900	MDOT Job # JN 802330	Project Description DRIC - Amendment 2 - Geotechnical Analysis Advisory Group
CONSULTANT NAME		
NTH CONSULTANTS, LTD.		

DIRECT LABOR:

Name	<u>Classification</u>	<u>Person</u> <u>Hours</u>	x	<u>Hourly Rate</u>	=	<u>Labor Costs</u>
Fritz Klingler	Project Manager	97		\$58.00		\$5,626
Joe Alberts	Task Manager	97		\$46.50		\$4,511
Craig Johnson	Project Engineer	103		\$25.50		\$2,627
Steve Bryan	CADD	11		\$25.50		\$281
Natiera Farrington	Clerical	40		\$15.00		\$600
	Total Hours =	348		Total Labor		\$13,644

OVERHEAD:

\$13,643.50 x 188.00% = Total Overhead \$25,650

FACILITIES COST OF CAPITAL:

\$13,643.50 x 0.04% = Total F.C.C. \$5

DIRECT EXPENSES

(Listed by Item at Estimated Cost - NO MARKUP)

Mileage	300 miles	\$0.445	\$134
Copies	3500 pages	\$0.25	\$875
FedEx	12 units	\$20	\$240
External Consulting (Cording)	68 per hour	\$250	\$17,000
External Consulting (Cording Expenses)	1 lump sum	\$6,900	\$6,900
External Consulting (Turpening)	68 per hour	\$186	\$12,648
External Consulting (Turpening Expenses)	1 lump sum	\$6,900	\$6,900

\$44,697

NTH FIXED FEE

(Total Labor + Total Overhead) x Profit	=	Total Fixed Fee
\$39,293.28 x 11.00%	=	\$4,322

NTH TOTAL Advisory Group COSTS \$88,317

DERIVATION OF COST PROPOSAL - Exhibit B Advisory Council (DESIGN PHASE SERVICES)

MDOT PROJECT NUMBER:

PROJECT DESCRIPTION:

JN: 802330 - CS: 82900

DRIC - Amend 2 Geotechnical Analysis Ad. Group

SUBCONSULTANT NAME:

SOMAT Engineering

DIRECT LABOR:

Classification	Person Hours	x	Hourly Rate	=	Labor Cost
QA/QC Engineer	75		\$ 56.00		\$4,200
Project Manager	75		\$ 58.00		\$4,350
Project Engineer	80		\$ 38.00		\$3,040
Project Coordinator	0		\$ 27.00		\$0
Staff Engineer	0		\$ 26.50		\$0
Field Engineer	0		\$ 23.50		\$0
Field Technician	0		\$ 18.00		\$0
Clerical	0		\$ 17.00		\$0
Total Hours	230			Total Labor	\$11,590

OVERHEAD:

\$11,590	x	168%	= Total Overhead	\$19,471
			Subtotal Labor and Overhead	\$31,061

DIRECT EXPENSES:

None

Subtotal Direct Expenses **\$0**

FIXED FEE:

\$31,061	x	11.0%	= Total Fixed Fee	\$3,417
			Subtotal Fixed Fee	\$3,417

TOTAL SOMAT Geotechnical Advisory Group COSTS **\$34,478**

Derivation of Cost Proposal

Control Section CS 82900	MDOT Job # JN 802330	Project Description DRIC - Amendment 2 - Geotechnical Analysis - Advisory Group
Name of Vendor:		Advisory Group - US - Miller

DIRECT LABOR

Name	Classification	Hours	x	Rate	=	Labor Costs
Rick Miller		200	x	\$120.00		\$24,000
Total Hours		200				Total Labor \$24,000

DIRECT EXPENSES

	Unit Cost	x	Units	Type	
Airline	\$500.00	x	4	trips	\$2,000
Lodging	\$65.00	x	5	nights	\$325
Per diem (meals)	\$38.50	x	5	days	\$193
Total Direct Costs					\$2,518
TOTAL COSTS					\$26,518

Exhibit B

Derivation of Cost Proposal

Control Section CS 82900	MDOT Job # JN 802330	Project Description DRIC - Amendment 2 - Geotechnical Analysis - Advisory Group
Name of Vendor:		Advisory Group - US - Woods

DIRECT LABOR

Name	Classical Hours	x	Rate	=	Labor Costs
Richard Woods	200	x	\$150.00		\$30,000
	<u>Total Hours</u>				<u>Total Labor</u>
	200				\$30,000

DIRECT EXPENSES

	Unit Cost	Units	Type	
Lodging	\$65.00	5 nights		\$325
Per diem (meals)	\$38.50	5 days		\$193

Total Direct Costs \$518

TOTAL COSTS \$30,518

Derivation of Cost Proposal

Control Section	MDOT Job #	Project Description
CS 82900	JN 802330	DRIC - Amendment 2 - Governance Specialist
Name of Vendor:		DLA Piper Rudnick Gray Cary US LLP

DIRECT LABOR

Classification	Hours	x	Rate	=	Labor Costs
DLA Piper Rudnick Gray Cary US LLP	224	x	\$630.00		\$141,120
Total Hours	224			Total Labor	\$141,120

DIRECT EXPENSES

	Unit Cost	x	Units		
Mileage	\$0.445	x	2400 Miles		\$1,068
Shipping	\$20.00	x	32 Overnights		\$640
Misc.		x			\$400
		x			\$0
		x			\$0
		x			\$0
		x			\$0
				Total Direct Costs	\$2,108

TOTAL COSTS \$143,228

Derivation of Cost Proposal

Control Section CS 82900	MDOT Job # JN 802330	Project Description DRIC Amendment 2 - Environmental Liability Insurance
Name of Sub Consultant:		Commonwealth Cultural Resources Group

DIRECT EXPENSES ONLY	Unit Cost	Units	
Environmental Liability Insurance	x	lump sum	\$4,568
	x		\$0
	x		\$0
		Total Direct Costs	\$4,568
FIXED FEE			
	\$0 x	0.00% Fixed Fee	\$0
TOTAL CCRG COSTS			\$4,568

Derivation of Cost Proposal

Control Section	MDOT Job #	Project Description
CS 82900	JN 802330	DRIC - Amendment 2 - Engagement of Rail Specialists
Name of Vendor:		Fletcher & Sippel, LLC

Phase I

DIRECT LABOR

Classification	Hours	x	Rate	=	Labor Costs
Sippel STB Specialist	70	x	\$285.00		\$19,950
Gilbert STB Specialist	60	x	\$250.00		\$15,000
Litwiler STB Specialist	21	x	\$235.00		\$4,935
Barion STB Specialist	45	x	\$200.00		\$9,000
Subtotal	196				\$48,885

DIRECT EXPENSES

		Cost
Air Travel to MI	Estimate four trips, three of which will involve two people	\$1,750
Lodging - Detroit	Estimate of seven days, of which five involve two people	\$2,000
Meals (per diem)	Average \$35/day, two people for five days	\$420
Taxis	To/from airport	\$240
Rental Car in Detroit	Estimate seven days at \$40/day, plus gas	\$450
Air travel to D.C.	Estimate one 2-day trip, involving one person	\$350
Lodging - D.C. area	Estimate two nights, one person	\$350
Taxis	To/from airport and around D.C., estimate six	\$75
Meals (per diem)	Estimate \$35/day	\$70
Filing Fees (exempt)	Fees depend on type of application but range from \$5,300 to 18,700	\$18,700
Printing	Major projects not included in fee	\$500
Other	Miscellaneous	\$500
	Subtotal Direct Costs	\$25,405
SUBTOTAL - COSTS		\$74,290

Note: The above assumes preparation of a petition for exemption. If it is confirmed that no traffic has originated or terminated on the line for at least two years (which we understand is not the case), a somewhat simpler filing (a Notice of Exemption) may be made. The estimate does not include the cost of preparing a full abandonment application should the STB require that. Such a circumstance would be included in Phase II.

Phase II

Phase II would only be initiated with the written authorization of MDOT.

DIRECT LABOR

Classification		Hours	x	Rate	=	Labor Costs
Sippel	STB Specialist	75	x	\$285.00		\$21,375
Gilbert	STB Specialist	50	x	\$250.00		\$12,500
Litwiler	STB Specialist	25	x	\$235.00		\$5,875
Barion	STB Specialist	55	x	\$200.00		\$11,000
	Subtotal	205				\$50,750

DIRECT EXPENSES

	Unit Cost	Units	
Air Travel to MI	Estimate six trips, three of which will involve two people		\$2,070
Lodging - Detroit	Estimate of seven days, of which five involve two people		\$1,800
Meals (per diem)	Average \$35/day, two people for five days		\$420
Taxis	To/from airport		\$320
Rental Car in Detroit	Estimate seven days at \$40/day, plus gas		\$450
Air travel to D.C.	Estimate one 2-day trip, involving one person		\$700
Taxis - DC	To/from airport and around D.C., estimate six		\$75
Meals (per diem)	Estimate \$35/day		\$70
	If necessary to refine arguments of public necessity or geographic rail-port competition; average \$200/hr. for 50		
Retained Experts	hours		\$10,000
Printing	Major projects not included in fee		\$1,000
Other	Misc.		\$1,000
Subtotal Direct Costs			\$17,905
SUBTOTAL - COSTS			\$68,655

Derivation of Cost SUMMARY BY JOB NUMBER AND BY CATEGORY

Control Section CS 82900	MDOT Job # JN 802330	Project Description
		DRIC - Amendment 2 - Expanded Boring Program w/Advisory Review, Add. Coord. W/our Canadian Team, STB Program

DIRECT LABOR (with escalation)	Direct Labor Hours	Direct Labor Costs
Prime Consultant - Corradino	5,210	\$247,129
Subconsultants		
Parsons Transportation Group	2,432	\$113,915
Rick Miller - Geotech Advisory Group	200	\$24,000
Richard Woods - Geotech Advisory Group	200	\$30,000
DLA Piper Rudnick Gray Cary US LLP	224	\$141,120
CCRG	0	\$0
Fletcher & Sippel, LLC - Phase I	196	\$48,885
Fletcher & Sippel, LLC - Phase II	205	\$50,750
NTH	759	\$27,987
SOMAT	230	\$11,590
Total Labor	9,656	\$695,376

OVERHEAD	Overhead Costs
Prime Consultant	\$416,783
Subconsultants	
Parsons Transportation Group	\$156,064
Rick Miller - Geotech Advisory Group	\$0
Richard Woods - Geotech Advisory Group	\$0
DLA Piper Rudnick Gray Cary US LLP	\$0
CCRG	\$0
Fletcher & Sippel, LLC - Phase I	\$0
Fletcher & Sippel, LLC - Phase II	\$0
NTH	\$52,616
SOMAT	\$19,471
Total Overhead	\$644,934

Exhibit C

FACILITIES COST OF CAPITAL

	F.C.C. Costs
Prime Consultant	\$1,128
Subconsultants	
Parsons Transportation Group	\$302
Rick Miller - Geotech Advisory Group	\$0
Richard Woods - Geotech Advisory Group	\$0
DLA Piper Rudnick Gray Cary US LLP	\$0
CCRG	\$0
Fletcher & Sippel, LLC - Phase I	\$0
Fletcher & Sippel, LLC - Phase II	\$0
NTH	\$11
SOMAT	\$0
Total F.C.C. Costs	\$1,442

DIRECT EXPENSES

	Direct Costs
Prime Consultant	\$128,402
Subconsultants	
Parsons Transportation Group	\$42,793
Rick Miller - Geotech Advisory Group	\$2,518
Richard Woods - Geotech Advisory Group	\$518
DLA Piper Rudnick Gray Cary US LLP	\$2,108
CCRG	\$4,568
Fletcher & Sippel, LLC - Phase I	\$25,405
Fletcher & Sippel, LLC - Phase II	\$17,905
NTH	\$260,412
SOMAT	\$0
Total Direct Expenses	\$484,628

Exhibit C

FIXED FEE

	Fixed Fee Costs
Prime Consultant	\$73,030
Subconsultants	
Parsons Transportation Group	\$29,698
Rick Miller - Geotech Advisory Group	\$0
Richard Woods - Geotech Advisory Group	\$0
DLA Piper Rudnick Gray Cary US LLP	\$0
CCRG	\$0
Fletcher & Sippel, LLC - Phase I	\$0
Fletcher & Sippel, LLC - Phase II	\$0
NTH	\$8,866
SOMAT	\$3,417

Total Fixed Fee \$115,011

Total Labor \$695,376

Total Overhead \$644,934

Total Facilities Cost of Capital \$1,442

Total Direct Costs \$484,628

Total Fixed Fee \$115,011

TOTAL COSTS FOR Amendment 2 \$1,941,391

Derivation of Cost

SUMMARY BY CATEGORY BY ORIGINAL CONTRACT AND AMENDMENTS

Control Section	MDOT Job #	Project Description			
CS 82900	JN 802330	DRIC - EPE with an EIS			
		Original Contract	Amend 1	Amend 2	Cumulative Total
DIRECT LABOR					
Corradino		\$ 2,017,175	\$ 62,928	\$ 247,129	\$ 2,327,232
Parsons Transportation Group		\$ 1,742,723	\$ 9,720	\$ 113,915	\$ 1,866,358
Rick Miller - Geotech Advisory Group		\$ -	\$ -	\$ 24,000	\$ 24,000
Richard Woods - Geotech Ad. Group		\$ -	\$ -	\$ 30,000	\$ 30,000
ACG: The al Chalabi Group, Ltd.		\$ 310,015	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 310,015
DLA Piper Rudnick Gray Cary US LLP		\$ -	\$ 240,660	\$ 141,120	\$ 381,780
Alfred Benesch & Company		\$ 251,624	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 251,624
CCRG		\$ 224,488	\$ 25,445	\$ -	\$ 249,933
Fletcher & Sippel, LLC		\$ -	\$ -	\$ 99,635	\$ 99,635
Hamilton Anderson Associates		\$ 299,019	\$ 3,108	\$ -	\$ 302,127
Northwest Consultants, Inc.		\$ 108,617	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 108,617
NTH		\$ 46,053	\$ 169,398	\$ 27,987	\$ 243,438
SOMAT Engineering, Inc.		\$ 76,069	\$ -	\$ 11,590	\$ 87,659
TBE Group, Inc.		\$ 6,703	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 6,703
Wetland & Coastal Res., Inc.		\$ 106,705	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 106,705
Woolpert Design, LLP		\$ 274,665	\$ 2,534	\$ -	\$ 277,199
Total		\$5,463,856	\$513,792	\$695,376	\$6,673,024

OVERHEAD

Corradino		\$3,398,537	\$ 103,246	\$ 416,783	\$ 3,918,566
Parsons Transportation Group		\$2,335,597	\$ 13,316	\$ 156,064	\$ 2,504,977
Rick Miller - Geotech Advisory Group		\$0	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Richard Woods - Geotech Ad. Group		\$0	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
ACG: The al Chalabi Group, Ltd.		\$0	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
DLA Piper Rudnick Gray Cary US LLP		\$0	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Alfred Benesch & Company		\$405,089	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 405,089
CCRG		\$242,514	\$ 27,488	\$ -	\$ 270,003
Fletcher & Sippel, LLC		\$0	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Hamilton Anderson Associates		\$504,296	\$ 5,242	\$ -	\$ 509,537
Northwest Consultants, Inc.		\$176,166	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 176,166
NTH		\$86,580	\$ 318,468	\$ 52,616	\$ 457,663
SOMAT Engineering, Inc.		\$129,318	\$ -	\$ 19,471	\$ 148,789
TBE Group, inc.		\$11,078	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 11,078
Wetland & Coastal Res., Inc.		\$165,392	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 165,392
Woolpert Design, LLP		\$456,054	\$ 4,390	\$ -	\$ 460,443
Total		\$7,910,620	\$472,150	\$644,934	\$9,027,704

	Original Contract	Amend 1	Amend 2	Cumulative Total
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FACILITIES COST OF CAPITAL

Corradino	\$6,336	\$ 234	\$ 1,128	\$ 7,698
Parsons Transportation Group	\$4,627	\$ 26	\$ 302	\$ 4,955
Rick Miller - Geotech Advisory Group	\$0	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Richard Woods - Geotech Ad. Group	\$0	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
ACG: The al Chalabi Group, Ltd.	\$0	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
DLA Piper Rudnick Gray Cary US LLP	\$0	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Alfred Benesch & Company	\$2,667	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,667
CCRG	\$0	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Fletcher & Sippel, LLC	\$0	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Hamilton Anderson Associates	\$2,180	\$ 23	\$ -	\$ 2,203
Northwest Consultants, Inc.	\$0	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
NTH	\$18	\$ 68	\$ 11	\$ 97
SOMAT Engineering, Inc.	\$0	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
TBE Group, Inc.	\$20	\$0	\$0	\$ 20
Wetland & Coastal Res., Inc.	\$0	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Woolpert Design, LLP	\$3,378	\$ 49	\$ -	\$ 3,428
Total	\$19,226	\$400	\$1,442	\$21,068

DIRECT EXPENSES

Corradino	\$400,251	\$ 139,782	\$ 128,402	\$ 668,435
Parsons Transportation Group	\$ 372,903	\$ -	\$ 42,793	\$ 415,696
Rick Miller - Geotech Advisory Group	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,518	\$ 2,518
Richard Woods - Geotech Ad. Group	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 518	\$ 518
ACG: The al Chalabi Group, Ltd.	\$ 7,596	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 7,596
DLA Piper Rudnick Gray Cary US LLP	\$0	\$ 1,170	\$ 2,108	\$ 3,278
Alfred Benesch & Company	\$ 52,356	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 52,356
CCRG	\$ 329,327	\$ 1,005	\$ 4,568	\$ 334,900
Fletcher & Sippel, LLC	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 43,310	\$ 43,310
Hamilton Anderson Associates	\$ 48,735	\$ 148,836	\$ -	\$ 197,571
Northwest Consultants, Inc.	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
NTH	\$ 217,619	\$ 1,466,410	\$ 260,412	\$ 1,944,440
SOMAT Engineering, Inc.	\$ 112,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 112,000
TBE Group, Inc.	\$ 96,955	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 96,955
Wetland & Coastal Res., Inc.	\$ 70,544	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 70,544
Woolpert Design, LLP	\$ 162,686	\$ 7,129	\$ -	\$ 169,815
Total	\$1,870,971	\$1,764,332	\$484,628	\$4,119,931

	Original Contract	Amend 1	Amend 2	Cumulative Total
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FIXED FEE

Corradino	\$ 595,728	\$ 18,279	\$ 73,030	\$ 687,038
Parsons Transportation Group	\$ 448,615	\$ 2,534	\$ 29,698	\$ 480,847
Rick Miller - Geotech Advisory Group	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Richard Woods - Geotech Ad. Group	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
ACG: The al Chalabi Group, Ltd.	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
DLA Piper Rudnick Gray Cary US LLP	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Alfred Benesch & Company	\$ 72,193	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 72,193
CCRG	\$ 51,370	\$ 5,823	\$ -	\$ 57,193
Fletcher & Sippel, LLC	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Hamilton Anderson Associates	\$ 88,365	\$ 918	\$ -	\$ 89,283
Northwest Consultants, Inc.	\$ 31,326	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 31,326
NTH	\$ 14,590	\$ 53,665	\$ 8,866	\$ 77,121
SOMAT Engineering, Inc.	\$ 22,593	\$ -	\$ 3,417	\$ 26,009
TBE Group, Inc.	\$ 1,956	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,956
Wetland & Coastal Res., Inc.	\$ 29,931	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 29,931
Woolpert Design, LLP	\$ 80,379	\$ 762	\$ -	\$ 81,141
Total	\$1,437,045	\$81,981	\$115,011	\$1,634,037

FIRM TOTALS

Corradino	\$ 6,418,028	\$ 324,469	\$ 866,473	\$ 7,608,970
Parsons Transportation Group	\$ 4,904,464	\$ 25,595	\$ 342,773	\$ 5,272,832
Rick Miller - Geotech Advisory Group	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 26,518	\$ 26,518
Richard Woods - Geotech Ad. Group	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 30,518	\$ 30,518
(DBE) ACG: The al Chalabi Group, Ltd.	\$ 317,611	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 317,611
DLA Piper Rudnick Gray Cary US LLP	\$ -	\$ 241,830	\$ 143,228	\$ 385,058
Alfred Benesch & Company	\$ 783,929	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 783,929
CCRG	\$ 847,700	\$ 59,761	\$ 4,568	\$ 912,028
Fletcher & Sippel, LLC	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 142,945	\$ 142,945
(DBE) Hamilton Anderson Associates	\$ 942,594	\$ 158,127	\$ -	\$ 1,100,721
(DBE) Northwest Consultants, Inc.	\$ 316,110	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 316,110
NTH	\$ 364,859	\$ 2,008,009	\$ 349,892	\$ 2,722,760
(DBE) SOMAT Engineering, Inc.	\$ 339,979	\$ -	\$ 34,478	\$ 374,457
TBE Group, Inc.	\$ 116,712	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 116,712
Wetland & Coastal Res., Inc.	\$ 372,571	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 372,571
Woolpert Design, LLP	\$ 977,162	\$ 14,863	\$ -	\$ 992,025
TOTAL COSTS	\$16,701,719	\$2,832,655	\$1,941,391	\$21,475,764

	Original Contract	Amend 1	Amend 2	Cumulative Total
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Below are costs related to the physical aspects of the boring program, not including Advisory Group or Forward Modeling

NTH Subconsultants (no NTH labor, OH, FCC or fee)

Layne Christenson	\$ -	\$ 989,222	\$ -	\$ 989,222
Oil-Ex, Inc.	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Z-Seis	\$ -	\$ 325,000	\$ -	\$ 325,000
Baker	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Other Boring Costs	\$ -	\$ 50,500	\$ -	\$ 50,500
Cording	\$ -	\$ 44,900	\$ -	\$ 44,900
Turpening	\$ -	\$ 52,893	\$ -	\$ 52,893
NTH TOTAL	\$ -	\$ 1,462,515	\$ -	\$ 1,462,515

SOMAT Subconsultants (no NTH labor, OH, FCC or fee)

Oil-Ex, Inc.	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Other Boring Costs	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
SOMAT TOTAL	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

Boring Program TOTAL	\$ -	\$ 1,462,515	\$ -	\$ 1,462,515
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DRIC - EPE/EIS - COST - AMENDMENT 2

HOURS BY TASK

		Public Invol. 1230/211M	SEE Studies 2310	Recom. Alternative 2510	Geotech Investigation 2330	Total
The Corradino Group						
Corradino, JC	Proj. Manager	506	0	250	290	1046
Corradino, G	Planner	276	0	0	40	316
Anderson	Graphic	184	0	0	0	184
Bocks	Planner	276	0	0	320	596
Butler	Planner	0	0	120	0	120
Deutsch	Counsel	0	0	320	0	320
Hartman	Engineer	276	0	0	0	276
P'Pool	Economic Planner	0	0	190	0	190
Santana	Planner	598	0	0	100	698
Stone	Env. Planner	230	0	0	240	470
Townsend	Planner	0	0	120	0	120
Tucker	Planner	414	0	0	0	414
Velicevic	Engineer	276	0	0	0	276
Wolf	Production	184	0	0	0	184
Subtotal Hours		3220	0	1000	990	5210

\$866,473

\$1,074,732

\$899,732 target

HOURS BY TASK

		Public Invol. 1230/211M	SEE Studies 2310	Recom. Alternative 2510	Geotech Investigation 2330	Total
Parsons Transportation Group						
Regine Beaubocuf	Deputy Proj. Man.	244	0	40	40	324
Mike Ashmore	Rdway/Bridge Design	0	0	0	0	0
Gerald Bonner	Tunnel/Geotechnical	0	0	0	40	40
Bruce L. Campbell	Lead Bridge	172	0	24	40	236
Patrick Cassidy	Bridge Design	0	0	0	40	40
Alex Gilman	Graphics	40	0	0	0	40
Robert Hosler	Landscape Architect	243	0	0	0	243
Joseph Marson	Lead Traffic	60	0	16	0	76
Stephen Mayer	Policy	0	0	60	0	60
Craig Richardson	Landscape Architect	374	0	0	0	374
Richard Saporosky	Lead Roadway	164	0	0	0	164
Ken Serzan	Bridge Design	0	0	0	40	40
Jeffrey Squires	Policy	0	0	60	0	60
Jr. Engineer	Rd/Plaza/Bridge	190	0	0	0	190
Sr. Engineer	Bridge Design	0	0	0	20	20
Engineer/Artist	Rd/Plaza/Bridge	355	0	0	20	375
IT Specialists	Meeting Assistance	24	0	0	0	24
Administrative		110	0	0	16	126
Subtotal Hours		1976	0	200	256	2432

HOURS BY TASK

		Public Invol. 1230/211M	SEE Studies 2310	Recom. Alternative 2510	Geotech Investigation 2330	Total
Geotechnical Advisory Group						
Rick Miller	Geotech Advisory Group	0	0	0	200	200
Richard Woods	Geotech Advisory Group	0	0	0	200	200
Subtotal Hours		0	0	0	400	400

HOURS BY TASK

		Public Invol.	SEE Studies	Recom. Alternative	Geotech Investigation	Total
		1230/211M	2310	2510	2330	
Blandhard	Consultant	224	0	0	0	224
Subtotal Hours		224	0	0	0	224

HOURS BY TASK

		Public Invol.	SEE Studies	Recom. Alternative	Geotech Investigation	Total
		1230/211M	2310	2510	2330	
Direct Costs Only						
Subtotal Hours		0	0	0	0	0

HOURS BY TASK

		Public Invol.	SEE Studies	Recom. Alternative	Geotech Investigation	Total
		1230/211M	2310	2510	2330	
Fletcher & Sippel, LLC						
PHASE I - Conduct Investigation/Draft Petition for Exemption						
Sippel	STB Specialist	0	0	70	0	70
Gilbert	STB Specialist	0	0	60	0	60
Litwiler	STB Specialist	0	0	21	0	21
Barion	STB Specialist	0	0	45	0	45
Subtotal Hours - Phase I		0	0	196	0	196

PHASE II - STB Filings with Anticipated Opposition and Related Matters

Sippel	STB Specialist	0	0	75	0	75
Gilbert	STB Specialist	0	0	50	0	50
Litwiler	STB Specialist	0	0	25	0	25
Barion	STB Specialist	0	0	55	0	55
Subtotal Hours - Phase II		0	0	205	0	205
Total Phase I & II		0	0	401	0	401

HOURS BY TASK

		Public Invol.	SEE Studies	Recom. Alternative	Geotech Investigation	Total
		1230/211M	2310	2510	2330	
NTH Consultants - Geotech Advisory Group						
Fritz Klingler	Project Manager	0	0	0	97	97
Joe Alberts	Task Manager	0	0	0	97	97
Craig Johnson	Project Engineer	0	0	0	103	103
Steve Bryan	CADD	0	0	0	11	11
Natiera Farrington	Clerical	0	0	0	40	40
Subtotal Hours		0	0	0	348	348

NTH Consultants - Forward Modeling

Fritz Klingler	Project Manager	0	0	0	62	62
Joe Alberts	Task Manager	0	0	0	102	102
Craig Johnson	Project Engineer	0	0	0	184	184
Steve Bryan	CADD	0	0	0	35	35
Natiera Farrington	Clerical	0	0	0	28	28
Subtotal Hours		0	0	0	411	411

HOURS BY TASK

		Public Involv.	SEE Studies	Recom. Alternative	Geotech Investigation	Total
SOMAT		1230/211M	2310	2510	2330	
	QA/QC Engineer	0	0	0	75	75
	Project Manager	0	0	0	75	75
	Project Engineer	0	0	0	80	80
	Project Coordinator	0	0	0	0	0
	Staff Engineer	0	0	0	0	0
	Field Engineer	0	0	0	0	0
	Field Technician	0	0	0	0	0
	Clerical	0	0	0	0	0
	Subtotal Hours	0	0	0	230	230

TOTAL HOURS

		Public Involv.	SEE Studies	Recom. Alternative	Geotech Investigation	Total
		1230/211M	2310	2510	2330	
The Corradino Group		3220	0	1000	990	5,210
Parsons Transportation Group		1976	0	200	256	2,432
Peer Group		0	0	0	400	400
DLA Piper Rudnick Gray Cary US LLP		224	0	0	0	224
CCRG		0	0	0	0	0
Fletcher & Sippel, LLC - Phase I		0	0	196	0	196
Fletcher & Sippel, LLC - Phase II		0	0	205	0	205
NTH		0	0	0	759	759
SOMAT		0	0	0	230	230
TOTAL		5420	0	1601	2635	9,656

COST BY TASK

The Corradino Group		Wage Rate	Public Involv. 1230/211M	SEE Studies 2310	Recom. Alternative 2510	Geotech Investigation 2330	Total
Corradino, JC	Proj. Manager	\$91.74	46420	0	22935	26605	\$ 95,960
Corradino, G	Planner	\$33.65	9287	0	0	1346	\$ 10,633
Anderson	Graphic	\$22.13	4072	0	0	0	\$ 4,072
Bocks	Planner	\$20.76	5730	0	0	6643	\$ 12,373
Butler	Planner	\$30.87	0	0	3704	0	\$ 3,704
Deutsch	Counsel	\$70.80	0	0	22656	0	\$ 22,656
Hartman	Engineer	\$53.29	14708	0	0	0	\$ 14,708
P'Pool	Economic Planner	\$78.46	0	0	14907	0	\$ 14,907
Santana	Planner	\$25.29	15123	0	0	2529	\$ 17,652
Stone	Env. Planner	\$52.85	12156	0	0	12684	\$ 24,840
Townsend	Planner	\$31.72	0	0	3806	0	\$ 3,806
Tucker	Planner	\$19.23	7961	0	0	0	\$ 7,961
Velicevic	Engineer	\$31.78	8771	0	0	0	\$ 8,771
Wolf	Production	\$27.63	5084	0	0	0	\$ 5,084
Subtotal Wages			129313	0	68009	49807	\$ 247,129
Overhead		168.65%	218086	0	114698	83999	\$ 416,783
Facilities Cost of Capital		0.4566%	590	0	311	227	\$ 1,128
Profit		11.00%	38214	0	20098	14719	\$ 73,030
Subtotal - Wages + Overhead + Profit			386,203	-	203,115	148,752	\$ 738,070

Direct Costs	Unit Cost	Type	# Units	Cost
Environmental Liability Insurance		lump sum	1	\$5,250
Wyle Lab Noise Demo	\$11,612	lump sum	1	\$11,612
Overnight Del	\$18.00	overnights	14	\$252
Lodging	\$65.00	days	50	\$3,250
Meals (per diem)	\$38.50	days	52	\$2,002
Airline travel	\$500.00	trips	11	\$5,500
Airline travel	\$800.00	trips	10	\$8,000
Rental car	\$80.00	days	53	\$4,240
Hall rental	\$500.00	workshops	17	\$8,500
Equipment rental	\$2,500.00	workshops	17	\$42,500
RV rental	\$3,200.00	months	8	\$25,600
Display (see attached sheet)	\$1,169.60	units	10	\$11,696
Subtotal Other Direct Costs				\$128,402

TOTAL - COSTS	\$866,473
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COST BY TASK

Parsons Transportation Group

		Public Involv.	SEE Studies	Recom. Alternative	Geotech Investigation	Total
		1230/211M	2310	2510	2330	
Regine Beauboeuf	Deputy Proj. Man.	\$66.05	16,116	0	2,642	\$ 21,400
Mike Ashmore	Rdway/Bridge Design	\$48.08	0	0	0	\$ -
Gerald Bonner	Tunnel/Geotechnical	\$89.42	0	0	3,577	\$ 3,577
Bruce L. Campbell	Lead Bridge	\$53.50	9,202	0	1,284	\$ 12,626
Patrick Cassidy	Bridge Design	\$68.75	0	0	2,750	\$ 2,750
Alex Gilman	Graphics	\$35.73	1,429	0	0	\$ 1,429
Robert Hosler	Landscape Architect	\$48.31	11,739	0	0	\$ 11,739
Joseph Marson	Lead Traffic	\$50.18	3,011	0	803	\$ 3,814
Stephea Mayer	Policy	\$79.33	0	0	4,760	\$ 4,760
Craig Richardson	Landscape Architect	\$31.00	11,594	0	0	\$ 11,594
Richard Saporsky	Lead Roadway	\$45.67	7,490	0	0	\$ 7,490
Kea Serzan	Bridge Design	\$89.42	0	0	3,577	\$ 3,577
Jeffrey Squires	Policy	\$86.54	0	0	5,192	\$ 5,192
Jr. Engineer	Rd/Plaza/Bridge	\$24.89	4,729	0	0	\$ 4,729
Sr. Engineer	Bridge Design	\$47.87	0	0	957	\$ 957
Engineer/Artist	Rd/Plaza/Bridge	\$37.77	13,408	0	755	\$ 14,164
IT Specialists	Meeting Assistance	\$37.77	906	0	0	\$ 906
Administrative		\$25.48	2,803	0	408	\$ 3,210
	Subtotal Wages		82,428	0	14,681	\$ 113,915
Overhead	137.00%		112,927	-	20,113	\$ 156,064
Facilities Cost of Capital	0.2655%		219	-	39	\$ 302
Profit	11.00%		21,489	-	3,827	\$ 29,698
Subtotal - Wages + Overhead + Profit			217,063	-	38,660	\$ 299,979

Direct Costs	Unit Cost	Type	# Units	Cost
Airline Travel	\$500.00	Lump Sum	44	\$22,000
Mileage	\$0.445	miles	3650	\$1,624
Lodging	\$80.00	days	52	\$4,160
Meals (per diem)	\$38.50	days	74	\$2,849
Equipment Rental	\$10,000	lump sum	1	\$10,000
Bradley Touchstone	\$135.00	hours	16	\$2,160
Subtotal Other Direct Costs				\$42,793
TOTAL - COSTS				\$342,773

COST BY TASK

Advisory Group		Wage Rate	Public Involv. 1230/211M	SEE Studies 2310	Recom. Alternative 2510	Geotech Investigation 2330	Total
Rick Miller	Geotech Advisory Group	\$ 120.00	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 24,000	\$ 24,000
Direct Costs				Unit Cost	Type	# Units	Cost
				\$500	trips	4	\$2,000
				\$65	nights	5	\$325
				\$38.5	days	5	\$193
				Subtotal Other Direct Costs			\$2,518
TOTAL - COSTS							\$ 26,518

Richard Woods	Geotech Advisory Group	\$ 150.00	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 30,000	\$ 30,000
Direct Costs				Unit Cost	Type	# Units	Cost
				\$65	nights	5	\$325
				\$38.5	days	5	\$193
				Subtotal Other Direct Costs			\$518
TOTAL - COSTS							\$ 30,518

COST BY TASK

DLA Piper Rudnick Gray Cary US LLP		Wage Rate	Public Involv. 1230/211M	SEE Studies 2310	Recom. Alternative 2510	Geotech Investigation 2330	Total
Blandchard	Consultant	\$ 630.00	\$ 141,120	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 141,120
Subtotal Wages			141,120	0	0	0	\$ 141,120
Direct Costs				Unit Cost	Type	# Units	Cost
				\$0.445	Miles	2400	\$1,068
				\$20	Overnights	32	\$640
				Misc.			\$400
				Subtotal Other Direct Costs			\$2,108
TOTAL - COSTS							\$ 143,228

COST BY TASK

CCRGroup Inc.		Wage Rate	Public Involv. 1230/211M	SEE Studies 2310	Recom. Alternative 2510	Geotech Investigation 2330	Total
Direct Cost Only							Cost
					lump sum		\$ 4,568
				Subtotal Other Direct Costs			\$ 4,568
TOTAL - COSTS							\$ 4,568

COST BY TASK

		Wage	Public	SEE	Recom.	Geotech	
		Rate	Involv.	Studies	Alternative	Investigation	Total
Fletcher & Sippel			1230/211M	2310	2510	2330	
PHASE I - Conduct Investigation/Draft Petition for Exemption							
Sippel	STB Specialist	\$285.00	0	0	19950	0	\$ 19,950
Gilbert	STB Specialist	\$250.00	0	0	15000	0	\$ 15,000
Litwiler	STB Specialist	\$235.00	0	0	4935	0	\$ 4,935
Barion	STB Specialist	\$200.00	0	0	9000	0	\$ 9,000
Subtotal Wages Phase I			0	0	48885	0	\$ 48,885
Direct Costs				Description			Cost
		Air Travel to MI		Estimate four trips, three of which will involve two people			\$ 1,750
		Lodging - Detroit		Estimate of seven days, of which five involve two people			\$ 2,000
		Meals (per diem)		Average \$35/day, two people for five days			\$ 420
		Taxis		To/from airport			\$ 240
		Rental Car in Detroit		Estimate seven days at \$40/day, plus gas			\$ 450
		Air travel to D.C.		Estimate one 2-day trip, involving one person			\$ 350
		Lodging - D.C. area		Estimate two nights, one person			\$ 350
		Taxis		To/from airport and around D.C., estimate six			\$ 75
		Meals (per diem)		Estimate \$35/day			\$ 70
		Filing Fees (exempt)		Fees depend on type of application but range from \$5,300 to 18,700			\$ 18,700
		Printing		Major projects not included in fee			\$ 500
		Other		Miscellaneous			\$ 500
		Subtotal Direct Costs					\$ 25,405
SUBTOTAL - COSTS							\$ 74,290

Note: The above assumes preparation of a petition for exemption. If it is confirmed that no traffic has originated or terminated on the line for at least two years (which we understand is not the case), a somewhat simpler filing (a Notice of Exemption) may be made. The estimate does not include the cost of preparing a full abandonment application should the STB require that. Such a circumstance would be included in Phase II.

Phase II would only be initiated with the written authorization of MDOT.

PHASE II - STB Filings with Anticipated Opposition and Related Matters							
Sippel	STB Specialist	\$285.00	0	0	21375	0	\$ 21,375
Gilbert	STB Specialist	\$250.00	0	0	12500	0	\$ 12,500
Litwiler	STB Specialist	\$235.00	0	0	5875	0	\$ 5,875
Barion	STB Specialist	\$200.00	0	0	11000	0	\$ 11,000
Subtotal Wages Phase II			0	0	50750	0	\$ 50,750
Direct Costs				Unit Cost	Type	# Units	Cost
		Air Travel to MI		Estimate six trips, three of which will involve two people			\$ 2,070
		Lodging - Detroit		Estimate of seven days, of which five involve two people			\$ 1,800
		Meals (per diem)		Average \$35/day, two people for five days			\$ 420
		Taxis		To/from airport			\$ 320
		Rental Car in Detroit		Estimate seven days at \$40/day, plus gas			\$ 450
		Air travel to D.C.		Estimate one 2-day trip, involving one person			\$ 700
		Taxis - DC		To/from airport and around D.C., estimate six			\$ 75
		Meals (per diem)		Estimate \$35/day			\$ 70
		Retained Experts		If necessary to refine arguments of public necessity or geographic rail-port competition; average \$200/hr. for 50 hours			\$ 10,000
		Printing		Major projects not included in fee			\$ 1,000
		Other		Misc.			\$ 1,000
		Subtotal Direct Costs					\$ 17,905
SUBTOTAL - COSTS							\$ 68,655

COST BY TASK

			Public Involv. 1230/211M	SEE Studies 2310	Recom. Alternative 2510	Geotech Investigation 2330	Total
NTH Consultants - Forward Modeling							
Fritz Klingler	Project Manager	\$ 58.00	0	0	0	3596	\$ 3,596
Joe Alberts	Task Manager	\$ 46.50	0	0	0	4743	\$ 4,743
Craig Johnson	Project Engineer	\$ 25.50	0	0	0	4692	\$ 4,692
Steve Bryan	CADD	\$ 25.50	0	0	0	893	\$ 893
Naticra Farrington	Clerical	\$ 15.00	0	0	0	420	\$ 420
Subtotal Wages			0	0	0	14344	\$ 14,344
Overhead	188.00%		0	0	0	26966	\$ 26,966
Facilities Cost of Capital	0.04%		0	0	0	6	\$ 6
Profit	11.00%		0	0	0	4544	\$ 4,544
Subtotal - Wages, Overhead, FCC & Profit			0	0	0	45859	\$ 45,859
Direct Costs			Unit Cost	Type	# Units	Cost	
Copies			\$ 0.250	pages	500	\$ 125	
FedEx			\$ 20	units	10	\$ 200	
SRT for 3-D surface Seismic Method Void (Z-Seis)			2500	lump sum	1	\$ 2,500	
SRT for 3-D surface Seismic Method No Void (Z-Seis)			2500	lump sum	1	\$ 2,500	
SRT for VSP/RVSP Method Void (Z-Seis)			2500	lump sum	1	\$ 2,500	
SRT for VSP/RVSP Method No Void (Z-Seis)			2500	lump sum	1	\$ 2,500	
SRT for Crosswell Seismic Method Void (Z-Seis)			2500	lump sum	1	\$ 2,500	
SRT for Crosswell Seismic Method No Void (Z-Seis)			2500	lump sum	1	\$ 2,500	
Crosswell data set for velocity/reflection images Void (Z-Seis)			37500	lump sum	1	\$ 37,500	
Crosswell data set for velocity/reflection images No Void (Z-Seis)			37500	lump sum	1	\$ 37,500	
Generate 3-D crosswell data gathers and analyze (skimmed void) (Z-Seis)			27500	lump sum	1	\$ 27,500	
External Consulting (Cording)			250.00	hours	50	\$ 12,500	
Cording Assistant - PC			100.00	hours	200	\$ 20,000	
Cording Assistant - T3			50.00	hours	0	\$ -	
External Consulting (Turpening)			186.00	hours	65	\$ 12,090	
3DEC Software Package			40000	lump sum	1	\$ 40,000	
External Consulting (Marion)			\$ 150	hours	52	\$ 7,800	
External Consulting (Marion Expenses)			\$ 5,500	lump sum	1	\$ 5,500	
Subtotal Direct Costs						\$ 215,715	
TOTAL - COSTS						\$ 261,574	

Note: SRT means Seismic Reflection Trace

COST BY TASK

			Public Invol.	SEE Studies	Recom. Alternative	Geotech Investigation	Total
NTH Consultants - Geotech Advisory Group			1230/211M	2310	2510	2330	
Fritz Klingler	Project Manager	\$ 58.00	0	0	0	5626	\$ 5,626
Joe Alberts	Task Manager	\$ 46.50	0	0	0	4511	\$ 4,511
Craig Johnson	Project Engineer	\$ 25.50	0	0	0	2627	\$ 2,627
Steve Bryan	CADD	\$ 25.50	0	0	0	281	\$ 281
Natiera Farrington	Clerical	\$ 15.00	0	0	0	600	\$ 600
Subtotal Wages			0	0	0	13644	13644
Overhead	188.00%		0	0	0	25650	\$ 25,650
Facilities Cost of Capital	0.04%		0	0	0	5	\$ 5
Profit	11.00%		0	0	0	4322	\$ 4,322
Subtotal - Wages + Overhead + Profit			0	0	0	43621	\$ 43,621
Direct Costs			Unit Cost	Type	# Units	Cost	
Mileage			\$ 0.445	miles	300	\$ 134	
Copies			\$ 0.250	pages	3500	\$ 875	
FedEx			\$ 20	units	12	\$ 240	
External Consulting (Cording)			\$ 250.00	per hour	68	\$ 17,000	
Cording Expenses			\$ 6,900	lump sum	1	\$ 6,900	
External Consulting (Turpening)			\$ 186.00	per hour	68	\$ 12,648	
Turpening Expenses			\$ 6,900	lump sum	1	\$ 6,900	
Subtotal Direct Costs						\$ 44,697	
TOTAL - COSTS						\$ 88,317	

COST BY TASK

			Public Invol.	SEE Studies	Recom. Alternative	Geotech Investigation	Total
SOMAT			1230/211M	2310	2510	2330	
	QA/QC Engineer	\$56.00	0	0	0	4200	\$ 4,200
	Project Manager	\$58.00	0	0	0	4350	\$ 4,350
	Project Engineer	\$38.00	0	0	0	3040	\$ 3,040
	Project Coordinator	\$27.00	0	0	0	0	\$ -
	Staff Engineer	\$26.50	0	0	0	0	\$ -
	Field Engineer	\$23.50	0	0	0	0	\$ -
	Field Technician	\$18.00	0	0	0	0	\$ -
	Clerical	\$17.00	0	0	0	0	\$ -
Subtotal Wages			0	0	0	11590	\$ 11,590
Overhead	168.00%		0	0	0	19471	\$ 19,471
Profit	11.00%		0	0	0	3417	\$ 3,417
Subtotal - Wages + Overhead + Profit			0	0	0	\$ 34,478	\$ 34,478
Direct Costs			Unit Cost	Type	# Units	Cost	
Subtotal Direct Costs						\$0	
TOTAL - COSTS						\$34,478	

COST TOTALS BY TASK AND FIRM

FIRM	Public Involv.	SEE Studies	Recom. Alternative	Geotech Investigation	Total Service \$	Directs	Totals
	1230/211M	2310	2510	2330			
The Corradino Group	386,203	0	203,115	148,752	\$ 738,070	\$ 128,402	\$ 866,473
Parsons Transportation Group	217,063	0	38,660	44,256	\$ 299,979	\$ 42,793	\$ 342,773
Rick Miller	-	-	-	24,000	\$ 24,000	\$ 2,518	\$ 26,518
Richard Woods	-	-	-	30,000	\$ 30,000	\$ 518	\$ 30,518
DLA Piper Rudnick Gray Cary US LLP	141,120	0	0	0	\$ 141,120	\$ 2,108	\$ 143,228
CCRG	0	0	0	0	\$ -	\$ 4,568	\$ 4,568
Fletcher & Sippel, LLC - Phase I	0	0	48885	0	\$ 48,885	\$ 25,405	\$ 74,290
Fletcher & Sippel, LLC - Phase II	0	0	50750	0	\$ 50,750	\$ 17,905	\$ 68,655
NTH	0	0	0	89480	\$ 89,480	\$ 260,412	\$ 349,892
SOMAT	0	0	0	34478	\$ 34,478	\$ -	\$ 34,478
TOTALS	744386	0	341410	370966	1,456,763	484,628	\$ 1,941,391

Scope of Additional Services

The Detroit River International Crossing Study has reached a point where the preliminary list of Practical Alternatives has been established. Additional work needs to be conducted to prepare the Draft Environmental Impact Statement and conduct the Early Preliminary Engineering. That work includes the following.

1. Additional Geotechnical Analysis Prior to Drilling
2. Additional Public Involvement
 - ✓ Additional Workshops and Public Meetings
 - ✓ Portable Display
 - ✓ Governance Specialist
3. Engagement of Rail Specialists
4. Additional Coordination with Canadian Team

The scope of work in each area follows:

1. Additional Geotechnical Analyses Prior to Drilling

The purpose of the additional geotechnical analyses prior to drilling is to determine if a suitable clear zone exists at practical alternative crossing locations X-10 and X-11 that will satisfy the requirements of Michigan Department of Transportation's (MDOT's) geotechnical design policy established by the memo dated January 27, 2006, to Larry Tibbits from Brenda O'Brien and John Friend.

Once Right-of-Entry issues are resolved, MDOT will conduct a more intensive investigation at two crossing corridors (X-10 and X-11), in order to more fully investigate the deep rock profile that will ultimately support the envisioned primary and secondary foundations for a new bridge across the Detroit River. Preparatory work will begin while the Right-of-Entry issues are resolved at the fourteen sites still at issue (eleven City of Detroit properties, one site at Norfolk Southern, one site at Lafarge, and one site at PVS Chemicals). This work will consist of Forward Modeling and engaging an international panel of experts to review the geotechnical analysis as it proceeds.

Forward Modeling

Forward modeling will be performed in the areas of rock mechanics and geophysics. The modeling will consist of a geophysical element to estimate expected signal configurations for the crosswell seismic imaging, along with a rock mechanics element to analyze for future collapse potential of solution mined voids. NTH Consultants will direct and coordinate all efforts. As the first step of the forward modeling, a decision tree will be developed to examine the proposed program, various outcomes, and appropriate decisions that should be made based on these outcomes. This decision tree will be maintained, modified, and

expanded as appropriate along the course of the forward modeling and field program. This decision tree will reflect the current view of MDOT that a void of any size will not be acceptable, and will be modified should the results of the forward modeling change that view. Whatever the case may be, the geotechnical and geophysical program will be developed and carried out accordingly.

Geotechnical Issues Advisory Group

MDOT wishes to establish a panel of geophysical/geotechnical experts to formulate protocol by which field data will be analyzed by the U.S. and Canadian consulting teams, and the procedures by which the recommendation from the team will be reviewed, modified, and eventually confirmed.

The Geotechnical Issues Advisory Group will be composed of 12 members, which will be experts in the geophysics and geotechnical areas from MDOT, the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA), the Ontario Ministry of Transportation, and Transport Canada, academia and the private sector, as approved by the Partnership agencies.

The Geotechnical Issues Advisory Group will provide us with objective expert opinion, advice and direction regarding the geotechnical investigation program, which will ultimately determine the suitability of bedrock conditions for siting the proposed international bridge and approach structures. It is expected the Advisory Group will meet four times.

2. Additional Public Involvement

MDOT has decided to expand the public involvement effort from that in the original scope of work of the consultant. Additional work also required of the consultant are seventeen public workshops to conduct land-use-related planning in the focused analysis area of Delray, both with and without the proposed new bridge. This includes equipment rental, printed materials, and other meeting accommodations. Also, MDOT requests the consultant develop a movable/portable display to depict the past, present and foreseeable future of the Delray area. This includes acquiring appropriate equipment (display panels) which will become the property of MDOT.

Additionally, a part of the communications program has been the engagement of a governance specialist to address issues with United States agencies such as the Department of Homeland Security, and Canadian governmental agencies in Ottawa and Toronto. An additional eight months of these services are needed because the governance specialist work will end December 2007; the delay in the drilling program has caused the schedule to extend beyond that.

3. Engagement of Rail Specialists

The United States Department of Homeland Security, Customs and Border Protection Agency, has made it clear the railroad line crossing through the entirety of the focused analysis area is a threat to the development of the new border crossing customs plaza. To address this issue, MDOT requires the assistance of a specialist in rail line

relocation/abandonment including work with the federal Surface Transportation Board (STB). This includes research, involvement with the affected shippers/customers along the rail line, and meetings/briefings of MDOT, Federal Highway Administration and STB, including filing of appropriate materials with each of these federal agencies.

4. Additional Coordination with Our Canadian Team

The Canadians on the Border Transportation Partnership have engaged a consultant to prepare a Business Case for the proposed new crossing. It involves developing a financial model to serve as a benchmark for the Partnership to assess and evaluate various governance options, funding scenarios and other options, as they develop. MDOT needs our consultant's help to be able to develop data and coordinate these activities, which is not currently part of the existing contract.



CONTRACT NO. 2004-0808/A3
AGENDA: DAB

MICHIGAN DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

THE CORRADINO GROUP OF MICHIGAN, INC.

AMENDMENT

THIS AMENDATORY CONTRACT is made and entered into this date of _____ by and between the Michigan Department of Transportation, hereinafter referred to as the "DEPARTMENT," and The Corradino Group of Michigan, Inc., hereinafter referred to as the "CONSULTANT," for the purpose of amending Contract No. 2004-0808, dated December 27, 2004, as amended, hereinafter referred to as the "CONTRACT."

WITNESSETH:

WHEREAS, the CONTRACT provides for the CONSULTANT to perform professional planning, environmental, and engineering services for the Detroit River International Crossing Study; and

WHEREAS, the parties desire to amend the CONTRACT to provide for the performance of additional services and to increase the amount accordingly;

NOW, THEREFORE, the parties agree that the CONTRACT be and that the same is amended as follows:

1. In order to set forth the additional services and the additional costs, Exhibit A of the CONTRACT, dated December 10, 2004, as supplemented with Exhibit A-1, dated October 17, 2005, and with Exhibit A-2, dated May 19, 2006, pages 1 through 111, is supplemented with Exhibit A-3, dated October 23, 2006, pages 1 through 161, attached hereto and made a part hereof, and all references in the CONTRACT to Exhibit A will be construed to mean as supplemented with Exhibit A-1, dated October 17, 2005, Exhibit A-2, dated May 19, 2006, and Exhibit A-3, dated October 23, 2006.
2. In order to increase the amount of the CONTRACT by Nine Million Nine Hundred Eighty-Two Thousand Four Hundred Sixty-One Dollars (\$9,982,461.00), for a revised total CONTRACT amount of Thirty-One Million Four Hundred Fifty-Eight Thousand Two Hundred Twenty-Six Dollars (\$31,458,226.00), Section 15 of the CONTRACT is amended to read as follows:
 - "15. Pay the CONSULTANT after receipt of billings, subject to verification of progress. Maximum compensation under this Contract will be as follows:

- a. Compensation for the SERVICES will be on the basis of actual cost and a fixed fee for profit and, except as provided for in Section 40, will not exceed the maximum amount of Thirty-One Million Four Hundred Fifty-Eight Thousand Two Hundred Twenty-Six Dollars (\$31,458,226.00), which amount includes a fixed fee for profit of One Million Nine Hundred Thirty-Seven Thousand One Hundred Thirty-Eight Dollars (\$1,937,138.00).
- b. It is expressly understood and agreed that of the Thirty-One Million Four Hundred Fifty-Eight Thousand Two Hundred Twenty-Six Dollars (\$31,458,226.00) noted above, no more than a cumulative amount of Three Hundred Twenty-Five Thousand Dollars (\$325,000.00) may be expended for the following three categories of costs: (1) costs of insurance for an evacuation that may need to be implemented in the event that an unwanted release of hydrogen sulfite (H₂S) occurs during the Detroit River International Crossing deep drilling program; (2) costs incurred for delay by the CONSULTANT after the initial mobilization of deep drilling equipment but prior to any actual drilling; such delay costs (as set forth in this subsection) will not exceed a maximum amount of Five Thousand Two Hundred Dollars (\$5,200.00) per day for a maximum of five days, for a maximum amount of Twenty-Six Thousand Dollars (\$26,000.00) for all delay costs as set forth above; and (3) costs not to exceed a maximum amount of Seventeen Thousand Dollars (\$17,000.00) for the initial mobilization and demobilization of the deep drilling equipment in the event that actual drilling is not authorized.
- c. It is expressly understood and agreed that if the insurance described in subsection (b) above is not obtained, no other costs authorized in Amendment 3 to this Contract will be payable to the CONSULTANT other than the costs authorized in subsection (b), subparts (2) and (3), above. It is also expressly understood and agreed that the CONSULTANT will not be deemed to be in default of this Contract as amended under Amendment 3 to include the conduct of the deep drilling program for failure to conduct the deep drilling program in the event that insurance cannot be obtained for the amount specified in subsection (b) above.

- d. Proportional compensation for work performed as a result of the Dispute Resolution Process (DRP) will be on the basis of actual cost and a fixed fee for profit. The proportion of such costs incurred that will be reimbursed, if any, will be as determined by the DRP. The DEPARTMENT and the CONSULTANT will maintain separate RECORDS for the costs incurred relative to the DRP. The allowability of such costs will be as determined by the DEPARTMENT's auditor. The determination of allowability under the provisions of this section is limited to the acceptability of the expense relative to 48 CFR, Federal Acquisition Regulations, incorporated herein by reference as if the same were repeated in full herein. Such determination by the DEPARTMENT's auditor does not apply to the acceptability or completeness of work as determined by the DRP."
3. All other provisions of the CONTRACT, except as herein amended, remain in full force and effect as originally set forth.
4. The CONSULTANT agrees that the compensation noted above represents payment in full for all services requested by the DEPARTMENT and waives any and all claims it has or may have against the DEPARTMENT that arise out of the need to amend the CONTRACT.
5. In the event of any discrepancies between the provisions of this Amendment and any exhibit(s) hereto, the provisions of the Amendment will govern.

6. This Amendatory Contract will become binding on the parties and of full force and effect upon signing by the duly authorized representatives of the CONSULTANT and the DEPARTMENT and upon adoption of a resolution approving said Amendatory Contract and authorizing the signature(s) thereto of the respective representative(s) of the CONSULTANT, a certified copy of which resolution will be sent to the DEPARTMENT with this Amendatory Contract, as applicable.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties have caused this Amendatory Contract to be awarded.

THE CORRADINO GROUP OF MICHIGAN, INC.

By: _____
Title:

MICHIGAN DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

By: _____
Title: Department Director

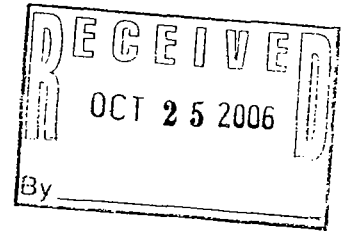
12/13/06
[Signature]
[Stamp]

Exhibit A-3

CORRADINO

October 23, 2006

Mr. Mohammed Alghurabi, PE
 Michigan Department of Transportation
 425 West Ottawa
 Lansing, Michigan 48933



Re: **Detroit River International Crossing**
CS 82900 - JN 802330
Contract 2004-0808
Amendment 3

Dear Mr. Alghurabi:

By this letter we are responding to MDOT's request to amend Contract 2004-0808 by adding additional services. Attached is a copy of the Scope of Additional Services. Also included are Exhibit A (Corradino), Exhibits B (Parsons Transportation Group, NTH Consultants, and SOMAT Engineering. Exhibit C (summarizing Exhibits A and B), that show hours and cost data associated with the scope. Two copies are being sent under separate cover to Judy Kransz, MDOT Operations Contract Support.

Should you have any questions or need additional information, please feel free to call at 1.800.880.8241. Thank you for your attention to this matter.

Sincerely,

THE CORRADINO GROUP

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Joe C. Corradino", with a long horizontal flourish extending to the right.

Joe C. Corradino, PE
 Chief Executive Officer

JCC:ems

I:\projects\3500\workletters\Alghurabi Amend 3 Transmittal 10-23-06.doc

Attachments

cc: Ted Stone
 Jim Hartman
 Judy Kransz

Detroit River International Crossing Study

Work Plan

Amendment #3

1. Introduction

The consultant team led by The Corradino Group of Michigan, Inc. (Corradino) submits this proposal in response to the RFP issued by the Michigan Department of Transportation (MDOT) for work in the following areas:

- Additional Geotechnical Analysis
- Additional Public Involvement - Drilling Program Ombudsman

2. Additional Geotechnical Analysis

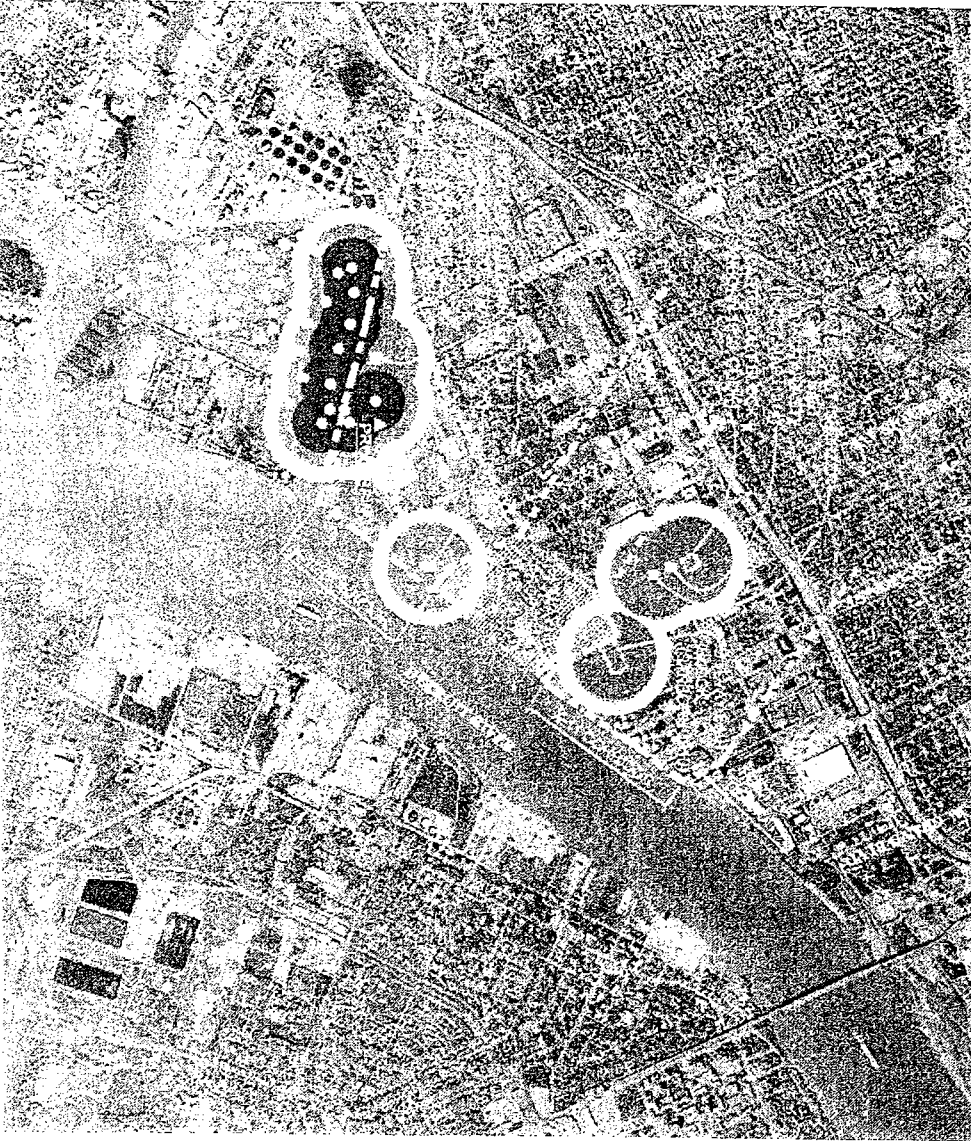
The MDOT-approved contract amendment (November 2005) for brine well investigation includes the drilling of four 1,500-foot-deep test borings, combined with crosswell seismic imaging and evaluating the resulting data. MDOT has now requested a more intensive investigation be performed at two crossing corridors (X-10 and X-11) involving a total of 14 test borings. The money allocated in Amendment 1 for the boring and the crosswell seismic imaging for four holes will be withdrawn from that amendment and applied in Amendment 3.

The purpose of the test borings and related analysis is to investigate fully the deep rock profile that will ultimately support the proposed primary and secondary foundations for a new bridge across the Detroit River. Specifically, the investigation will examine for the presence of deep solution mining voids and related shallow distressed areas within the influence zone of the potential bridge foundations. The potential for such voids is known to exist in the crossing corridors.

Section 2.1 provides project background information related to the need for the deep test boring program. Section 2.2 covers the increased project scope anticipated when the program was first proposed. Section 2.3 covers additional scope items added after the Geotechnical Advisory Group of experts was engaged and made specific recommendations.

2.1 Project Background

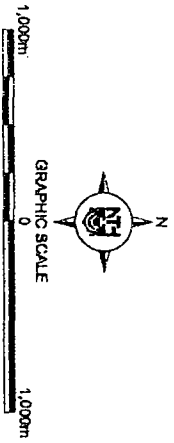
The Border Transportation Partnership has identified two crossing corridors – X-10 and X-11 – for a new bridge between Detroit and Windsor. The proposed practical alternatives along the U.S. shore are near historically identified or suspected solution mining wells. MDOT has adopted a bridge foundation policy that requires the foundations to be located outside of the influence of any rock cavities such as those produced by solution mining activities. NTH, subconsultant to The Corradino Group, has developed this proposal to increase the work scope, as amended, to investigate the possible solution mining areas and the potential impact of the cavities created by the wells on the bedrock's capacity to support bridge foundations at Crossings X-10 and X-11 (Figure 1). (Solution mining voids are also a concern on the Canadian side of the river, and are being investigated by the Canadian team.)




NOTE
THIS FIGURE IS INTENDED FOR THE PURPOSES OF ILLUSTRATION ONLY, AND FOR
PRELIMINARY REVIEW OF POTENTIAL GEOTECHNICAL AND GEOPHYSICAL TEST LOCATIONS.

LEGEND

- KNOWN BRINE WELL LOCATIONS
- SOLVAY DISPOSAL WELLS
- APPROXIMATE HISTORIC WELL LOCATIONS
- APPROXIMATE HISTORIC SALT BLOCK LOCATIONS
- AREA UNAVAILABLE FOR DEVELOPMENT
- APPROXIMATE BOUNDARY OF DEVELOPMENT CORRIDOR
- PARCELS RADIATING 150m (APPROX. 500 FEET) FROM LOCATION OF KNOWN SOLUTION MINING WELL
- PARCELS RADIATING 225m (APPROX. 750 FEET) FROM LOCATION OF KNOWN SOLUTION MINING WELLS, SUSPECTED SOLUTION MINING WELLS, AND PROCESSING FACILITIES
- PARCELS RADIATING 300m (APPROX. 1,000 FEET) FROM KNOWN OR SUSPECTED LOCATION OF SOLUTION MINING WELLS AND PROCESSING FACILITIES
- PARCELS RADIATING 760m (APPROX. 2500 FEET) FROM KNOWN OR SUSPECTED SOLUTION MINING WELLS AND PROCESSING FACILITIES



1	POTENTIAL SOLUTION MINING FACILITIES	NTH PROJECT No. 15-050014-00 DESIGNED BY CRJ DRAWN BY SHB CHECKED BY JBA	DPO FILE NAME D05001410 NEPT DATE 05 JAN 2006 GRAPHIC SCALE AS SHOWN PLOT DATE 01 FEB 2006	 NTH Consultants, Ltd. Infrastructure Engineering and Environmental Services
	DETROIT RIVER INTERNATIONAL CROSSING DETROIT, MI - WINDSOR, ON			

2.1.1 Salt Mining Issues

The Michigan Basin is one of the largest areas of halite (salt-NaCl) deposition in the world. Salt has historically been mined either directly in solid form as rock salt or as natural or artificial brine pumped through solution mining wells. The area beneath Detroit and Windsor within the Michigan Basin is currently mined using both solution mining techniques and conventional room-and-pillar excavation methods. Generally, the solution wells extended to depths of 1,100 to 1,500 feet.

In general, solution mining consists of introducing water from the surface down a well casing between an outer casing and a central tube. The brine produced from the salt dissolving in the water is recovered through the central tube. Cavities using this method are usually greater at the top of the stratum than at the bottom because the fresh water, which tends to stratify above the denser salt brine in the cavity, dissolves salt more rapidly near cavity roofs than at the base of the cavities, which are in contact with saturated brine. This results in an inverted cone-shaped cavity.

Solution cavities often coalesce with adjacent cavities to form composite cavities called “galleries.” When this occurred historically, one or more of the wells were then converted to water inlet wells and the brine was pumped out through other wells in the interconnected system. As production continued in the gallery, large spans of unsupported roofs were sometimes created, which in turn could cause sagging, downward flexure, and local separation of rock units resulting in local roof collapse and eventual surface subsidence, in some instances. This surface subsidence is commonly known as a “sinkhole.”

Subsidence and/or collapse often progresses upwards as a chimney effect on an approximately 15-degree angle (or steeper) from vertical from the outside edges of the cavity. Several theories have been published on the subsidence progression to the surface, the more notable of which attributes surface daylighting to failure of the Sandstone Sylvania Formation at a depth of approximately 500 feet. According to the theory, the sandstone disintegrates under the induced compression from rock mass sagging, and the fragments filter downwards as granular material into voids below. This results in a void at a depth of approximately 500 feet instead of the original cavity depth. This mechanism would explain why theoretical “bulking” of broken rock pieces would not be sufficient to fill the cavities before daylighting occurs.

The solution mining areas are of concern for this project, as they present the potential for future ground collapse and related adverse effects on elements of the proposed crossing structure. Additionally, at least two previous collapses have occurred in the region: at Point Hennepin near Grosse Ile, Mich., and in Windsor, Canada, across from the X-10 crossing zone. Significant settlements have also occurred beneath a known well field in Wyandotte, MI.

While no solution mining activities were identified in the bridge foundation zones in earlier DRIC work, it can be reasonably concluded that, if salt cavities exist, they were created before record keeping was standardized. Therefore, it is suspected that mining would have been of the older, uncontrolled methods and, probably, before circa 1940. These early solution mines generally were of the uncontrolled type, mining salt from the F and D Units of the Salina Formation at approximate depths of 910 and 1,264 feet, respectively. Some mining may also have occurred in the lower B Unit of the Salina Formation at depths of 1,429 to 1,646 feet, although there is no specific record of this having occurred in the study area of crossing corridors X-10 and X-11. Nonetheless, it is not expected that mining would have occurred in the B Unit without mining in the upper F and D layers. Therefore, it is proposed the investigation concentrate on examining the F and D Unit zones but with limited examination of the B Unit.

A major subsurface layer affecting potential for future collapse is the Sylvania Sandstone layer located at a depth of approximately 516 to 538 feet. Previous collapses are thought to have occurred due to collapse

of this layer. Therefore, investigation of the rock zone between the salt layers and the sandstone for a “rubbleized” condition, indicating an ongoing collapse mechanism, is of substantial interest.

2.1.2 Recent Rock Cavity Detection Methods

Based on discussions and visual observations with industry leaders, use of crosswell seismic imaging techniques along with rock coring are proposed as the most promising and effective investigation method for this project. The NTH Draft Technical Report on “Comparison of Pseudo 3-D Surface Seismic, Vertical Seismic Profiling (VSP/RVSP) and Crosswell Reflection Tomography Geophysical Methods,” dated March 21, 2006, support this approach. That report is attached to this work plan (Attachment B). Note that Section 2.3 reflects additional investigation methods recommended by the project’s Geotechnical Advisory Group, beyond the measures covered in this section.

Crosswell seismic techniques use hydrophones placed in one borehole and a piezoelectric energy source placed in a second borehole. Two types of information are acquired and processed: 1) the direct arrivals between source and receivers; and, 2) reflection information from horizons above and below the source and receiver positions. Using many different source-receiver offset combinations, a two dimensional (2-D) image (similar to a medical MRI) is produced. The image shows the travel times of seismic raypaths, both by direct and reflective means, in the intervening ground between and beneath the boreholes. Based on variations in the velocity distribution, detailed images can be obtained of anomalous velocity zones, including rubbleized rock zones and cavities, such as cavities from solution mining or loosened/collapsing rock zones.

In preparing this proposal, NTH personnel, during the period of June 30 through July 2, 2005, viewed the implementation of crosswell seismic techniques in near-similar rock conditions as those present in the DRIC Study area. The survey was performed at the joint Massachusetts Institute of Technology (MIT), Michigan Technological University (MTU), and United States Department of Energy (DOE), Earth Resources Laboratory Reservoir Delineation Research Facility near Thompsonville, Michigan. Z-Seis Reservoir Seismic performed the series of surveys, under the direct guidance of Dr. Roger Turpening of MTU. Dr. Turpening created the test site when working for MIT approximately 30 years ago. The site consists of a series of three oil wells drilled to depths of approximately 6,000 feet situated over 2,000 linear feet apart. The formations, integrity, and seismic properties of the rock layers and formations are well known and documented. The use of crosswell seismic techniques with the rock layers present, both at the test facility and in available Detroit solution mining logs, has been proven as a reliable method for evaluating the potential for voids and caverns within the similar formations. The first cavity was imaged using a state of the art piezoelectric source, developed in direct cooperation with Shell Oil, delivering up to 3000 Hz through the horizon of interest at a distance of 2,000 linear feet. The ability to use a higher frequency allowed greater image resolution while maintaining spacing between boreholes. The spacing of the boreholes proposed for the DRIC Study area was determined based on the technology and equipment being used for this investigation. The borehole spacing derivation is described in the attached Z-Seis literature (Attachment C).

The proposed crosswell seismic imaging method consists of two distinct seismic wave acquisition methods. The first, and highest resolution method, is use of direct-path waves between the exciting source in a borehole and the receiving geophone in another borehole. Generally to collect reliable data with the direct-path waves, the borehole depth is required to be approximately 20 percent below the depth of interest for borings at a spacing of approximately 1,000 feet. Therefore, a 1,500-foot boring depth is recommended, so direct-path wave measurements will be possible for all zones within the F and D Unit layers as well as the zone between the salt and the sandstone. One boring per study corridor will extend past the B Unit to a depth of 1,750 feet.

The second wave acquisition method is by reflection, which is of slightly lower resolution than direct path, but still expected to provide very high-resolution data sets. Based on boring spacing and depths, cavities in the B Salt layer will be observable by reflection measurements. For this study, 1,000-foot spacing between boreholes will be used, to maximize image resolution within the areas of interest.

2.1.3 October 14, 2005 Proposal (Amendment 1)

NTH previously submitted a proposal to perform a brine well investigation program for the proposed bridge foundations in the X-10 and X-11 corridors. That proposal was approved by MDOT. It consisted of performing historical research and field investigation efforts for four boreholes. The proposed work plan contained herein transfers those efforts to Amendment 3 and expands on the needed efforts (see next section).

2.2 Geotechnical Work Plan – Pre-Advisory Group Recommendations

The work plan will be conducted to meet MDOT P/PMS Task 2330. All work relating to the proposed brine well geotechnical investigation will be performed under the direction of a registered professional engineer acting as Project Coordinator/Project Manager. To perform the site evaluation, NTH has assembled a team led by Mr. Fritz Klingler, P.E., of NTH as Project Manager. Advanced Energy, Inc. (Oil-Ex, Inc.) will perform rock coring and drilling, with NTH directing all drilling operations, logging the rock core holes, and preparing the documentation. Advanced Energy (Oil-Ex, Inc.) was selected as the drilling contractor after obtaining drilling quotes from two other drilling firms (Layne Christensen and Boart Longyear), which are attached for reference (Attachment D). Advanced Energy (Oil-Ex, Inc.) was found to be the least expensive and most qualified contractor to perform this work. It is noted that all drilling firms contacted were unwilling to provide a fixed price bid for the work, and were only willing to provide services on a time and material basis, which is the standard in the oil drilling industry, which governs this type of drilling. It is also noteworthy that conversations with the Canadian DRIC Team (not documented here) indicated the cost of the Canadian drilling program (not the associated analysis) is approximated twice the U.S. program's cost presented herein. If documentation of the Canadian cost is needed to MDOT it can be requested of the Ministry of Transportation Ontario.

Baker-Atlas (qualification and proposal attached – Attachment E) will perform supplemental geophysical well logging to further investigate and establish values of seismic formation velocity (Δt), wireline gamma logging, and perform borehole deviation surveys in each test boring. The formation velocities are utilized in the forward and reverse finite-difference modeling to be completed in evaluation of crosswell data. The wireline gamma logging, performed in conjunction with the deviation surveys, will be used to better correlate the formation tops in the non-rock core borings.

Z-Seis Reservoir Seismic (qualifications and proposal attached – Attachment C) will conduct crosswell seismic imaging; Dr. Roger Turpening will provide technical consulting in planning the crosswell imaging investigation and providing expert analysis of crosswell data. In the event that cavities are directly encountered during drilling operations, 3-D acoustic sonar technology will be performed by SOCON to define the limits of the cavity (qualifications and proposal attached – Attachment F).

Dr. Edward Cording of the University of Illinois will provide technical consulting in planning the investigation, performing technical analysis of rock-void propagation, and providing expertise in determining final conclusions regarding the risk of existing voids negatively impacting the project.

To conduct the geotechnical analysis, the Michigan Department of Environmental Quality (MDEQ) requires an Act 451, Part 625 Mineral Wells permit be obtained. This decision significantly increases permitting efforts beyond that envisioned in the October 2005 scope of work. These efforts include:

- Meetings with the MDEQ to obtain clarifications and evaluations of permit requirements.
- Preparing the permit application including developing: 1) a hydrogen sulfide management and contingency plan; 2) surveying efforts; 3) drilling method documentation; and, 4) completing other permit forms used in the permitting process such as sedimentation control, erosion control, and blow-out prevention.
- Complying with required MDEQ hydrogen sulfide contingency plans also requires additional plan preparation, crew training, physicals, and safety efforts by the driller and the geotechnical consultant.
- Obtaining the required drilling bonds for the field work and submitting the required permit fees.
- Performing the drilling with a blow-out prevention device (BOP) which requires not only the device, but possible field modification efforts, such as excavating a cellar, where applicable, or elevating the drilling operation approximately five feet due to the additional height of the device.
- Substantially increased casing and casing/cementing procedures. The October 2005 proposal was based on installing and cementing only approximately 100 feet of 7-inch diameter surface casing and hanging 5.5-inch fiberglass casing in the borehole. The MDEQ is requiring the cementing of casing to a depth of 100 feet below the lowest freshwater aquifer, which may require installing and cementing 13-3/8-inch surface casing and then installing 9-5/8-inch intermediate casing inside the initial surface casing. The final 5.5-inch steel casing will be installed to the bottom of hole, and cemented fully to the surface.
- Disposing drilling fluids and cuttings at a landfill due to environmentally challenged areas.

MDOT also has requirements – Cavity Sonar Imaging and Formulation Acoustic Velocity. Additionally, with the boreholes defined specifically, requirements for site improvements (e.g., access roads), signage, and hauling water (some sites are too far from fire hydrants) are part of the program. Lastly, based on discussions with the City of Detroit, and a review of its files, it is now known that several sites are in areas of EPA and/or MDEQ remediation. Efforts added to the scope since October 2005 include: a noise and vibration monitoring program to verify that drilling operations stay within MDOT-specified parameters and a field site trailer to temporarily store field cores, allow a controlled atmosphere for field logging of boreholes, temporarily store paperwork, etc.

To perform the field efforts for Task 2330, an investigation program with boring locations shown on the attached Figures has been developed. The number of boreholes and crosswell seismic panels were chosen based on the crossing's proximity to areas of known and suspected high-density solution wells and processing facilities. Test boring locations were chosen based on the desired clear zone from structural elements, span lengths, and geophysical constraints. The desired clear zone is defined in the included Deep Boring Plan Memorandum, dated February 8, 2006, prepared by Parsons Transportation, The Corradino Group, and NTH (Attachment G). Field review and approximate boring location research has been performed, and boring locations have been adjusted based on changes to the plaza and bridge alignment, residences, utility conflicts, etc. At this time, it is expected that a main pier will be constructed at the river edge or landward (i.e., not within the water). Secondary piers, such as anchorage piers, if used, would be located back from the river. Because research indicated no brine wells were drilled in the river in this area, all test borings will be performed on land.

The October 2005 scope (Amendment 1) authorized two boreholes to be cored to approximately 1,500 feet using a minimum NQ/NX sized tooling, reamed to a minimum of six inches, and lined with minimum 4-inch diameter fiberglass or PVC casing to prevent rock collapsing. The October 2005 scope also

included two rotary-drilled borings (not cored) to 1,500 feet and also lined with casing. That work is now deleted from Amendment 1 and added to Amendment 3.

This new work plan for Amendment 3 adds two cored test borings and eight rotary (i.e., uncored) borings. Two of the cored holes (one at each crossing) will be drilled to 1,750 feet. All other borings will be drilled to 1,500 feet. All borings will be drilled using the MDEQ required protocol. In summary, four core and ten rotary holes will be drilled, all under Amendment 3.

The cored borings will be drilled using double or triple-tube, swivel-type tools designed to provide maximum core recovery in all types of formations. The outer diameter of the corehead will be sufficient to set the casing upon reaching the intended boring depth. The larger size corehead and corresponding double-tube system will allow recovery of a larger (approximately 4-inch diameter) core and eliminate the need to ream the hole to a larger diameter before casing installation and cementing. The rotary-drilled (not cored) borings will also be lined with casing. Drilling will be performed on a 24-hour basis.

2.2.1 Crossing X-10

The proposed investigation program for the Crossing X-10 study corridor consists of Borings No. 1 through 7 (Figure 2) (Note that since this figure was created, Hole 7, most distant from the river, has been moved to the river between holes 1 and 2 for more accurate analysis of the area where a primary pier would most likely go.) Crosswell seismic panels will be performed in the borings at approximate 1,000-foot spacings (adjacent), 1,500-foot spacings (diagonal), and 2,200-foot spacings (long-axis diagonal).

The drilling rig will be in service approximately 15 to 20 days to complete each borehole where coring is to be performed. Rotary-drilled holes with no rock core recovery are estimated to take seven to 10 days. Included in the drilling work is the proper disposal of rock cuttings and drilling fluid, treatment of potentially hydrogen sulfide-tainted groundwater, and the material and labor fees to abandon and cement the boreholes.


2.2.2 Crossing X-11

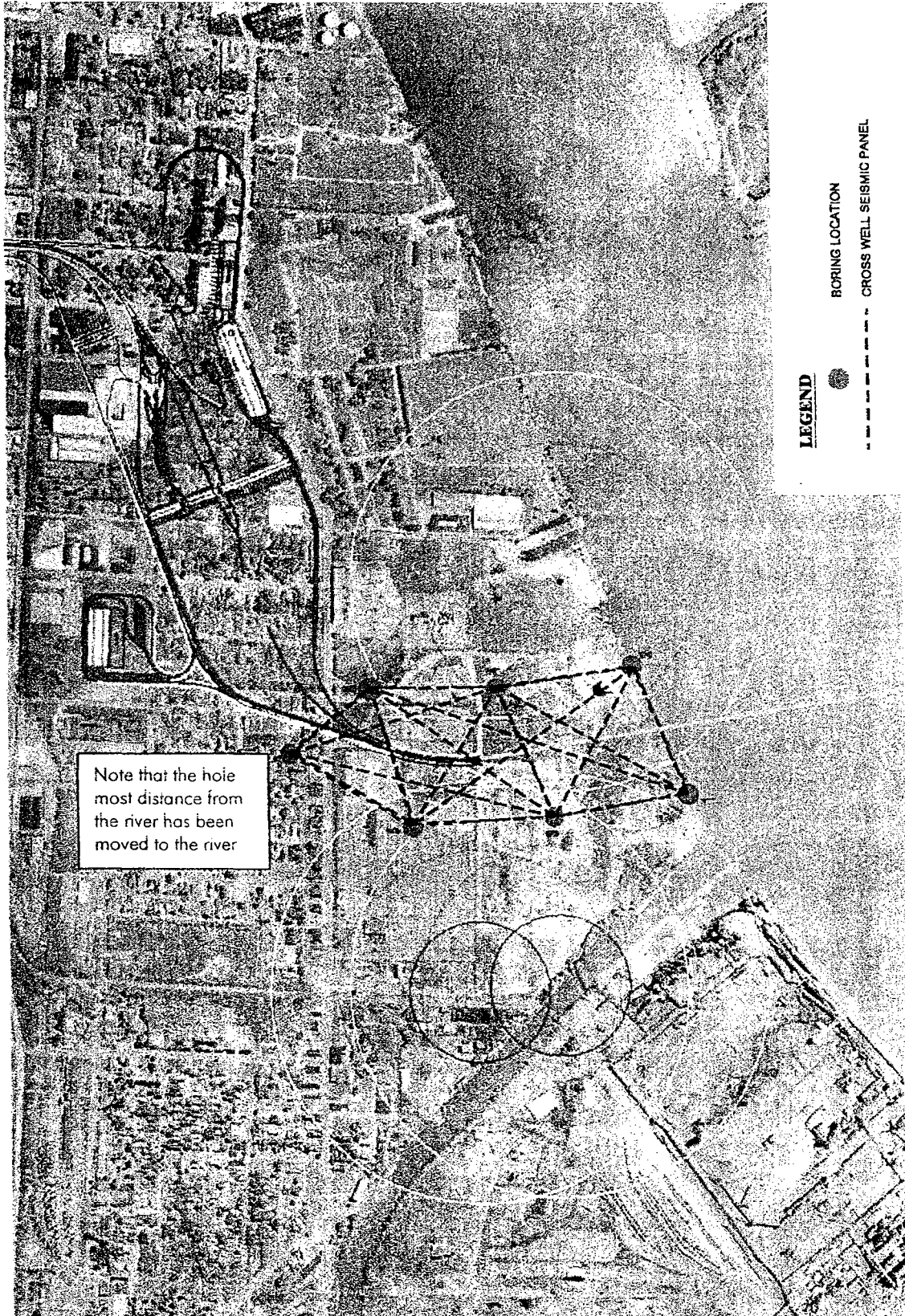
To explore the foundation zones for the X-11 corridor, the proposed investigation consists of seven borings covering the area bounded by Borings No. 10 through 16 on Figure 3. (Note that since this figure was created, Hole 16, most distant from the river, has been moved to the river between holes 10 and 11 for more accurate analysis of the area where a primary pier would most likely go.) Additional crosswell seismic panels will be performed in the borings in a manner similar to those at Crossing X-10.

2.2.3 Clarifications and Conditions

The following clarifications and conditions are made with respect to the proposed investigation:

- Drilling will be performed on a 24-hour basis with two shifts at 12 hours per shift per day. All drilling sites are assumed to have open access, allow 24-hour operations, and be a minimum size of 100 feet by 125 feet.
- Drilling fee estimates are based on relatively stable ground conditions during drilling. Unusual drilling conditions, collapsing conditions during drilling, or rubble/subsidence zones may affect drilling methods, extend drilling time, and increase costs.


 NTH Consultants, Ltd. Infrastructure Engineering and Environmental Services	27 APR 2008 NTH DATE	JBA OF DESIGN	DETROIT RIVER INTERNATIONAL CROSSING DETROIT, MI - WINDSOR, ON	2 FIGURE NO.
	27 APR 2008 NTH DATE	NONE DRAWING SCALE	BHB BORROWING NO.	
	27 APR 2008 NTH DATE	CRJ DRAWING NO.	X10 PRELIMINARY BORING LOCATIONS	
	005001421 CND FILE NAME	15-050014-00 DRAWING NO.		



Note that the hole most distance from the river has been moved to the river



Note that the hole
 most distance from
 the river has been
 moved to the river

3	X11 PRELIMINARY BORING LOCATIONS	NTH PROJECT No. 16-050014-00 DESIGNED BY CRJ DRAWN BY SHB CHECKED BY JBA	DND FILE NAME D05001421 DATE 27 APR 2008 CROSSING SCALE NONE PLOT DATE 27 APR 2008	 NTH Consultants, Ltd. Infrastructure Engineering and Environmental Services
	FIGURE No.	DETROIT RIVER INTERNATIONAL CROSSING DETROIT, MI - WINDSOR, ON		

- During drilling operations, all boreholes will be surface cased entirely through fill materials. Intermediate casing will be placed approximately 100 feet into bedrock. Full depth casing will be installed within all drilled holes upon completion to prevent caving and/or sloughing conditions in preparation for crosswell seismic imaging. Several intermediate casing strings may need to be utilized, due to unusual drilling conditions such as lost circulation, over-pressurized, or unusual artesian zones.
- All boreholes are assumed to be drilled with standard fresh-water based drilling fluids and/or saturated brine based fluids for portions of the borings that extend through salt beds. In the case of significant artesian groundwater conditions, collapsing borehole conditions, or zones where extensive dissolved hydrogen sulfide gas are encountered, specialized drilling fluids such as weighted mud, weighted brine solutions, or specialized drilling mud additives may be needed to maintain favorable drilling conditions. An additional fee would be required for such work.
- Borehole cuttings will be disposed of by roll-off dumpster and/or at a landfill with excess drill water to be disposed of in available sewers or disposal facilities. Treatment of potential hydrogen sulfide water is not anticipated to be a problem with use of our proposed drilling fluids and methods, although an additional permit may be required to disperse excess water into the sewer system.
- In the event of lost equipment due to adverse ground conditions during the drilling and crosswell seismic imaging portions of this project, the cost of all lost equipment will be considered an extra cost and will be billed to the project. For estimating purposes, additional insurance fees for costs of tooling while performing crosswell seismic testing (not drilling) have been included.
- All boreholes will be left open upon completion of crosswell seismic imaging. The boreholes will be abandoned and cemented after further analysis is no longer required. Over this period, a locking steel flush mounted cover placed at ground surface will protect each borehole location. Material and labor fees for abandonment are included in the estimate, including one additional mobilization/demobilization fee if required to perform hole abandonment services at a later date.

2.3 Additional Work Plan from Geotechnical Advisory Group

The following presents the scope for additional geotechnical and geophysical investigation recommended by the Geotechnical Advisory Group in their multi-day kick-off meeting culminating June 30, 2006.

The Geotechnical Advisory Group recommended three critical items be added to the scope of the geotechnical investigation, including: 1) relocating the northernmost boring for both of the alignments on the Detroit side of the river; 2) performing borehole gravity surveys; and 3) performing vertical seismic profiling (VSP) to address “shadow areas”, not well covered by the cross-well surveys.

2.3.1 Relocation of Test Borings

In an effort to increase the area covered by the cross-well surveys and better cover the critical area near the river (also expected to be in the vicinity of the main pier on the U.S. side of the river), holes 7 and 16 on the

U.S. side will be shifted to be immediately adjacent to the Detroit River, between the two borings already planned for each alignment. Additional costs are expected for MDEQ permitting fees, and there will be additional environmental requirements for borings in contaminated areas. Berm construction is required by MDEQ for borings near the river and there will be additional effort related to obtaining right-of-entry for the new boring sites.

2.3.2 Borehole Gravity Surveys

Based on input from the Geotechnical Advisory Group, borehole gravity surveys are proposed for 10 of the test borings to independently confirm the results of the cross-well reflection and VSP surveys, using entirely different technology. This will increase the reliability of the fieldwork. The borehole gravity surveys will involve 2 to 3 days of data gathering at each borehole, with subsequent analysis and comparison with the cross-well and VSP data. In follow-up to the Geotechnical Advisory Group recommendation for using borehole gravity technology, NTH, in conjunction with Michigan Technological University, performed preliminary computer modeling on the gravity boreholes to assess the ability of the technology to fulfill the intent. Based on preliminary results, it appears that borehole gravity will be able to detect a 100-foot diameter brine-filled void to a distance of about 300 feet from the borehole, but should be able to detect a void about 150-feet in diameter 100 percent of the time within the study area. In any case, the use of the borehole gravity would provide an independent verification of the crosswell technology.

2.3.3 Vertical Seismic Profiling

Based on input from the Geotechnical Advisory Group, it is recommended that VSP surveys be conducted for one location within each of the X-10 and X-11 alignments in the U.S. where “shadows” are present in the cross-well surveys. The VSP surveys will involve the use of seismic sources at selected locations on the ground surface, with receivers placed within the existing boreholes. The VSP data will be evaluated together with the cross-well data and borehole gravimeter data, to provide full coverage of the subject area.

3. Drilling Program Ombudsman

MDOT has decided to expand the public involvement effort from that in the original scope of work of the consultant. This has resulted from the need to provide coverage through an ombudsman of the drilling program. The Corradino Group will assist MDOT on a day-to-day basis in the communication aspects of the drilling program. A specially-marked vehicle will “cruise” the Delray area to be highly visible and to make personnel readily available to address questions and concerns that may arise. Additionally, in the drilling areas close to residences, door-to-door contact will be made to ensure that the opportunity is afforded to them to gain a full understanding of the drilling program.

In advance of the drilling, the consultant will distribute information flyers door-to-door. A community meeting will be dedicated solely to discussing the drilling program at which members of the MDOT team will be available to explain the program’s details and answer questions. These meetings will be repeated, with another held one week after drilling begins and, then, no less frequently than monthly afterwards.

Specific roads will be designated over which hauling of materials to and from each drilling site will take place. Signing will be placed along these at other key areas/gateways to signal the drilling activity is taking place and provide appropriate contact information.

A slide presentation and a list of Frequently-Asked Questions will be prepared to announce the project to provide a consistent message. To ensure project information is readily available to first-responder agencies, contact will be made with police and fire department personnel serving the Delray area both in advance of the drilling program’s beginning and weekly thereafter. Any inquiry of the media, including those received in the field by the drilling program team, will be directed to MDOT’s Communication Office. Bi-weekly briefings will be held with MDOT Metro Region and TSC personnel to ensure field activities are well known to all.

i:\projects\3600\contracts\Amendment 3\Work Plan Amend 3 no geop.doc

Attachment A

Letters from firms indicating:

- **commitment to the project**
- **statements of conflict of interest**
- **anticipated payment type**

May 19, 2006

Mr. Mohammed Alghurabi, PE
Michigan Department of Transportation
425 West Ottawa Street
Lansing, Michigan 48933

Re: Detroit River International Crossing Study Amendment 2

Dear Mohammed:

1. Commitment to the Project

The Corradino Group of Michigan, Inc. is pleased to be a part of the consultant team working on the Detroit River International Crossing Project and is committed to working on the project.

2. Conflict of Interest

Neither The Corradino Group of Michigan, Inc. personnel nor The Corradino Group of Michigan, Inc. as a firm has a conflict of interest or a potential conflict of interest as defined in the Letter of Interest request issued by the Michigan Department of Transportation for the Detroit River International Crossing Project. The consultant warrants that it does not have any special knowledge of or exceptional access to confidential information concerning:

- The Ontario-Michigan Border Transportation Partnership,
- The Work/Services to be performed under future contractual agreement;
- Pricing of the Work/Services to be performed; or
- The Letter of Interest evaluation process and/or Request for Proposal evaluation process, where such special knowledge of or exceptional access to confidential information may prejudice the Michigan Department of Transportation or constitute an unfair advantage to the consultant.

3. Basis of Payment

The Corradino Group of Michigan, Inc. understands it will be compensated on a cost-plus-fixed fee basis.

Very truly yours,


Joe C. Corradino, PE
Chief Executive Officer

i:\projects\3600\contracts\amendment 2\conflict of i letter-corradino.doc

PARSONS

26777 Central Park Boulevard Suite 275 Southfield, Michigan 48076 (248) 262-0013 Fax: (248) 262-0988 www.parsons.com

May 18, 2006

Mr. Joseph Corradino
The Corradino Group
200 S. Fifth Street, Suite 300N
Louisville, KY 40202

Mr. Corradino:

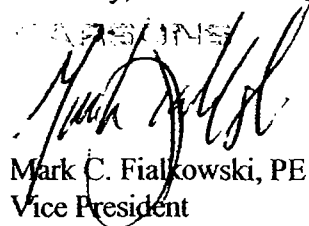
Parsons Transportation Group Inc. of Michigan (Parsons) is pleased to be a part of the consultant team working on the Detroit River International Crossing Project and is committed to working on the project.

Neither Parsons personnel nor Parsons as a firm has a conflict of interest or a potential conflict of interest as defined in the Letter of Interest request issued by the Michigan Department of Transportation for the Detroit River International Crossing Project. Parsons warrants that it does not have any special knowledge of or exceptional access to confidential information concerning:

- The Ontario-Michigan Border Transportation Partnership;
- The Work/Services to be performed under future contractual agreements;
- Pricing of the Work/Services to be performed; or
- The Letter of Interest evaluation process and/or Request for Proposal evaluation process, where such special knowledge of or exceptional access to confidential information may prejudice the Michigan Department of Transportation or constitute an unfair advantage to the consultant.

Parsons understands it will be compensated on a cost-plus-fixed fee basis.

Sincerely,


Mark C. Fialkowski, PE
Vice President



NTH Consultants, Ltd.

Infrastructure Engineering
and Environmental Services

480 Ford Field
2000 Brush Street
Detroit, MI 48226
313.2373900
313.2373909 Fax

Mr. Ted Stone
Vice President
The Corradino Group
200 S. Fifth Street, Suite 300N
Louisville, KY 40202

May 18, 2006
Project No. 15-050014-01

RE: Detroit River International Crossing
Detroit, Michigan

1. Commitment to the Project

NTH Consultants, Ltd. is pleased to be a part of the consultant team working on the Detroit River International Crossing Project and is committed to working on the project.

2. Conflict of Interest

Neither, NTH Consultants, Ltd.'s personnel or NTH Consultants, Ltd. as a firm has a conflict of interest or a potential conflict of interest as defined in the Letter of Interest request issued by the Michigan Department of Transportation for the Detroit River International Crossing Project. The consultant warrants that it does not have any special knowledge of or exceptional access to confidential information concerning:

- The Ontario-Michigan Border Transportation Partnership,
- The Work/Services to be performed under future contractual agreement;
- Pricing of the Work/Services to be performed; or
- The Letter of Interest evaluation process and/or Request for Proposal evaluation process, where such special knowledge of or exceptional access to confidential information may prejudice the Michigan Department of Transportation or constitute an unfair advantage to the consultant.

3. Basis of Payment

NTH Consultants, Ltd. understands it will be compensated on a cost-plus-fixed fee basis.

Sincerely,

NTH Consultants, Ltd.

Fritz J. Klingler, P.E.
Vice President

FJK/lg/lh



NTH Consultants, Ltd.

Mr. Joseph Corradino, P.E.
The Corradino Group
20300 Civic Center Drive, Suite 410
Southfield, Michigan 48076

June 7, 2006
Project No. 15-056014

RE: Response to MDOT Commission Audit Questions
Proposal for Additional Geotechnical Services (Amendment 2)
Brine Well Cavity Investigation
Detroit River International Crossing Study
Detroit, Michigan

Dear Mr. Corradino

This letter is in response to questions that have been raised by the Michigan Department of Transportation (MDOT) Commission Audit Department regarding our proposal for additional geotechnical services (Amendment 2) related to the brine cavity investigation for the Detroit River International Crossing Study (DRIC). The questions and our responses are presented as follows.

1. Please provide a basis for the billing rates used in the NTH DoCP sheets.

Response: An "Analysis of Cost By Billing Class" has been performed by our accounting group as of May 19, 2006, and is attached. For clarification, the corresponding DRIC project classifications have been shown on the table as well.

2. Please provide documentation to substantiate the "PL Insurance for Pass Through"

Response: Our insurance costs are established each year as a percentage of our gross revenue and gross drilling costs. A recent audit for our professional liability insurance (copy attached) equates to \$489,451 annually, and when compared to our gross revenue for 2005 of \$38,997,711, equals about 1.26%. In addition, this line item includes a premium that our general liability insurance carrier charges (also shown on the audit) for subcontracted drilling work, of 0.24%. The adjusted total for additional insurance is about 1.5%.

3. Please provide backup for large and small equipment rates outlined in the "Project Fee Estimating Sheet For Lump Sum Items"

Response: Bluebook sheets and cost calculations for the dozer and loader are attached for reference. In addition, our fee and rate schedules are attached to establish the fees for vibration monitoring equipment, sound monitoring equipment, gas detectors, SCBA equipment, and other equipment.

4. Please provide explanation/backup for "Misc. Allowance for Site Access, etc." as shown under Task 6 of the "Project Fee Estimating Sheet For Lump Sum Items".

Response: This item includes various incidentals that are expected, and/or may occur, such as water level recording equipment, portable field computers, pH meter, Level D environmental



protection for workers, generators, survey equipment, other miscellaneous small equipment and expenses, etc. Only the actual backed-up charges would be submitted to MDOJ.

5. Please provide explanation of Somat Engineering direct expense charges.

Response: NTH provided recommendations for these charges to Somat prior to their preparation of their DoCP sheets. The recommended direct expense charges were based on using a ratio of about 75% for Somat direct charges versus NTH direct charges, which is based on the fact that Somat has 6 holes to drill and NTH has 8 holes to drill. In some cases, the recommended charges for Somat were different, depending on the circumstances. Specific basis for the recommended charges that deviated from the general ratio of 75% are summarized as follows:

- **Site improvements:** Used a 100% ratio, as most of their borings would be in the neighborhoods, they would require slightly more for improvements vegetation tree removal etc.
- **Drill Cutting Removal:** Used a 200% ratio, as the NTH line item for this category only includes 4 holes (4 holes were included in Amendment 1), plus all Somat's holes are rotary and will produce more cuttings.
- **Site Restoration:** Used a 80% ratio, as they would require more restoration efforts upon completion of drilling because of their residential locations.
- **Estimated Expenses:** Used a 55% ratio, as Somat will not have many of the expenses that NTH has such as field trailer, warehouse, land rental, etc

I certify that the above information is true and correct to the best of my knowledge. If you have any questions, please call.

Sincerely,

NTH Consultants, Ltd

Craig R. Johnson
Project Engineer

Fritz J. Klingler, P.E.
Vice President

CRJ/FJK lh

cc: Jerry Armstrong - MDOJ

NTH CONSULTANTS, LTD
 Analysis of Cost by Billing Class
 As of May 19, 2006

Billing Class	Code	Average	Minimum	Maximum
Senior Officer	01	82.63	63.00	105.55
Senior Principal Engineer	05	49.65	35.67	68.99
Principal Engineer	10	42.12	37.80	48.63
Senior Project Professional	15	35.90	28.37	43.18
Project Professional	20	26.98	22.02	35.82
Senior Staff Professional	25	22.69	19.71	30.45
Staff Professional	30	20.55	15.44	33.70
Lab Technician	31	18.43	13.00	20.74
CADD Operator	32	22.98	17.81	26.00
Senior Technician II	35	21.64	18.80	25.87
Senior Technician I	35	22.03	17.48	30.00
Technician III	40	16.06	14.00	18.76
Technician II	45	13.86	12.00	17.80
Technician I	50	12.44	10.00	14.00
Word Processor	55	18.28	12.38	19.09
St. Word Processor	55A	20.44	20.44	20.44
Administrative	60	20.60	7.50	35.10
IT Professional	601	30.82	24.16	36.30

Corresponding DRIC Project Classification
Project Director
Project Manager
Task Manager (Price & Alberts)
Task Manager (Kosnak)
Project Engineer
Not used
Not used
Not used
CADD
Technician III
Not used
Not used
Not used
Not used
Not used
Clerical
Not used
Not used

ST. PAUL
MERCURY INS CO

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ISSANTID

INSURER: ST. PAUL MERCURY INS CO
385 WASHINGTON ST.
ST. PAUL MN 55102

REPORT OF AUDIT

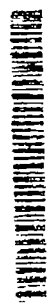
FINAL AUDIT

POLICY NUMBER	From POLICY PERIOD to	PREV. COVERAGE	AGENCY
CK02102985	12/31/04 12/31/05	CK02102985	2109494
NAMED INSURED AND ADDRESS		AGENT	
MEYER, TISEQ, HINDO, LTD.; DBA NTH CONSULTANTS, LTD. 38955 HILLS TECH DR; ATTN: A/P CODE: SV907 FARMINGTON HILL MI 48333-9173		PROFESSIONAL CONCEPTS SUITE 402 2950 S STATE STREET ANN ARBOR MI 48104	

* O L 5 CK02102985 060012 *

CLASS ST CODE	CLASS CODE DESCRIPTION	ACTUAL EXPOSURE	RATE	PREMIUM
	PREMISES			
MI 91135-001	ANALYTICAL CHEMISTS EXPOSURE BASIS: PAYROLL	512,912	3.377	1,732.00
MI 91135-001	ANALYTICAL CHEMISTS EXPOSURE BASIS: PAYROLL	512,912	.023	12.00
PA 91135-002	ANALYTICAL CHEMISTS EXPOSURE BASIS: PAYROLL	56,795	4.566	259.00
PA 91135-002	ANALYTICAL CHEMISTS EXPOSURE BASIS: PAYROLL	56,795	.031	2.00
MI 91581-001	CONTRACTORS-SUBCONTRACTED- CONSTRUCTION, RECONSTRUCTION, RE PAIR NOT BUILDINGS EXPOSURE BASIS: COST OF WORK	1,118,200	1.403	1,569.00
MI 91581-001	CONTRACTORS-SUBCONTRACTED- CONSTRUCTION, RECONSTRUCTION, RE PAIR NOT BUILDINGS EXPOSURE BASIS: COST OF WORK	1,118,200	.010	11.00
PA 91581-002	CONTRACTORS-SUBCONTRACTED- CONSTRUCTION, RECONSTRUCTION, RE PAIR NOT BUILDINGS EXPOSURE BASIS: COST OF WORK	!	1.271	0.00
PA 91581-002	CONTRACTORS-SUBCONTRACTED- CONSTRUCTION, RECONSTRUCTION, RE PAIR NOT BUILDINGS EXPOSURE BASIS: COST OF WORK	!	.009	0.00

ISSUE DATE 03/17/06



ST PAUL
TRAVELERS

INSURER'S COPY

ISANTU

INSURER: ST. PAUL MERCURY INS CO
385 WASHINGTON ST.
ST. PAUL MN 55102

REPORT OF AUDIT

FINAL AUDIT

POLICY NUMBER	from POLICY PERIOD to	PREV. COVERAGE	AGENCY
CK02102985	12/31/04 - 12/31/05	CK02102985	2103494
NAMED INSURED AND ADDRESS		AGENT	
MEYER, TISED, HINDO, LTD.: 09A NTH CONSULTANTS, LTD. 38955 HILLS TECH DR: ATTN: A/P CODE: SV907 FARMINGTON HILL MI 48333-9173		PROFESSIONAL CONCEPTS SUITE 402 2950 S STATE STREET ANN ARBOR MI 48104	

0 1 5 CK02102985 000014

ST. PAUL MERCURY INSURANCE COMPANY

					PAGE 4
CLASS ST CODE	CLASS CODE DESCRIPTION	ACTUAL EXPOSURE	RATE	PREMIUM	
PA 92663-002	ENGINEERS OR ARCHITECTS- CONSULTING-NOT ENGAGED IN ACTUAL CONSTRUCTION EXPOSURE BASIS: PAYROLL	634,235	.053	34.00	
OH 92663-003	ENGINEERS OR ARCHITECTS- CONSULTING-NOT ENGAGED IN ACTUAL CONSTRUCTION EXPOSURE BASIS: PAYROLL	132,746	4.149	551.00	
OH 92663-003	ENGINEERS OR ARCHITECTS- CONSULTING-NOT ENGAGED IN ACTUAL CONSTRUCTION EXPOSURE BASIS: PAYROLL	132,746	.028	4.00	
PRODUCTS					
MI 91135-001	ANALYTICAL CHEMISTS EXPOSURE BASIS: PAYROLL	512,912	2.073	1,063.00	
MI 91135-001	ANALYTICAL CHEMISTS EXPOSURE BASIS: PAYROLL	512,912	.014	7.00	
PA 91135-002	ANALYTICAL CHEMISTS EXPOSURE BASIS: PAYROLL	56,795	1.823	104.00	
PA 91135-002	ANALYTICAL CHEMISTS EXPOSURE BASIS: PAYROLL	56,795	.013	1.00	
MI 91581-001	CONTRACTORS-SUBCONTRACTED- CONSTRUCTION, RECONSTRUCTION, RE- PAIR NOT BUILDINGS EXPOSURE BASIS: COST OF WORK	1,118,200	.968	1,082.00	
					ISSUE DATE 03-17-06

INSURER: ST. PAUL MERCURY INS CO
 385 WASHINGTON ST.
 ST. PAUL MN 55102

REPORT OF AUDIT

FINAL AUDIT

POLICY NUMBER	From POLICY PERIOD to	PREV COVERAGE	AGENCY
CK02102985	12/31/04 12/31/05	CK02102985	2129494
NAMED INSURED AND ADDRESS		AGENT	
NEYER, TISEO, HINDO, LTD.: DBA HTH CONSULTANTS, LTD. 38955 HILLS TECH DR: ATTN: A/P CODE: SV907 FARMINGTON HILL MI 48333-9173		PROFESSIONAL CONCEPTS SUITE 402 2950 S STATE STREET ANN ARBOR MI 48104	

PAGE 5

CLASS ST CODE	CLASS CODE DESCRIPTION	ACTUAL EXPOSURE	RATE	PREMIUM
MI 91581-001	CONTRACTORS-SUBCONTRACTED- CONSTRUCTION, RECONSTRUCTION, RE PAIR NOT BUILDINGS EXPOSURE BASIS: COST OF WORK	1,118,200	.013	14.00
PA 91581-002	CONTRACTORS-SUBCONTRACTED- CONSTRUCTION, RECONSTRUCTION, RE PAIR NOT BUILDINGS EXPOSURE BASIS: COST OF WORK	1	.968	0.00
PA 91581-002	CONTRACTORS-SUBCONTRACTED- CONSTRUCTION, RECONSTRUCTION, RE PAIR NOT BUILDINGS EXPOSURE BASIS: COST OF WORK	1	.013	0.00

ISSUE DATE 03/27/05

* C. L. S. CK02102985 0500015 *




DATE: MARCH 1, 2006
 INSURED: Neyer, Tiseo & Hinds, Ltd.
 38955 Hills Tech Drive
 Farmington Hills, MI 48331
 ATTENTION: Kevin Hoppe/Jackie Roche
 POLICY NUMBER: 206075

QUARTERLY PREMIUM REMITTANCE WORKSHEET
FOR THE TERM COMMENCING APRIL 1, 2006 - PREMIUM DUE APRIL 1

Gross Billings, including Environmental:
 [your fiscal quarter closing on or before
 12/31/05, which ends * _____] *\$ 8,600,000.

Gross Environmental Billings
 (for same quarter reported above) *\$ 3,100,000

Quarterly Primary Premium: 288840 \$57,553.00

Quarterly Excess (\$1m x \$1m) Premium: TV011 \$11,470.75
0000 - 1500

Total Due and Enclosed: [Signature] \$69,023.75

*To be completed by Insured

Please make check payable to: **TERRA INSURANCE COMPANY**
 (A Risk Retention Group)

Envelope enclosed addressed as shown: Terra Insurance Company
 Premium Lock Box Account
 P. O. Box 473
 Brattleboro, VT 05301-0473

Please note that this P. O. Box should be used for premium remittances only.

To avoid cancellation proceedings, premium must be received by APRIL 1, 2006. Please remit your check with the original copy of this form in the enclosed self-addressed envelope.

Please contact us if you have any questions: Terra Insurance Company
 (800) 872-0077 or (415) 927-2901

Quarterly premium = 69,023.75 x 4 = 276,095
 Gross Premium for 2006 Excess = 213,350
 2006 Gross Premium = 276,095 + 213,350 = 489,445



DATE: DECEMBER 19, 2005
 INSURED: Neveer, Tracy & Hinds, LTD
 38935 Little Tech Drive
 Farmington Hills, MI 48334
 ATTENTION: Kevin Hoppe/Jackie Reed
 POLICY NUMBER: 206075

ANNUAL 2ND EXCESS (\$3M PER CLAIM/\$6M AGG. XS \$2M PER CLAIM/\$2M AGG.)

PREMIUM INVOICE

FOR THE PERIOD 01/01/2006 TO 12/31/2006 - PREMIUM DUE JANUARY 20

Total Premium Due and Enclosed *025333* 213,356

000015010 *je* *Pay 01/13/06*

Please make check payable to: **TERRA INSURANCE COMPANY**
 (A Risk Retention Group)
 Envelope enclosed addressed as shown: **Terra Insurance Company**
 Premium Lock Box Account
 P. O. Box 473
 Brattleboro, VT 05301-0473

Please note that this P. O. Box should be used for premium remittances only.

To avoid cancellation proceedings, premium must be received by January 20, 2006. Please remit your check with the original copy of this form in the enclosed self-addressed envelope.

Please contact us if you have any questions. Terra Insurance Company
 (800) 872-0077 or (415) 927-2901

* *To Determine Additional Costs for an
 Daily Pass through*

1569 + 11 - 1182 - 14
387 *0.24%*



NTH Consultants, Ltd.

Infrastructure Engineering
and Environmental Services

Project No. _____ Sheet No. _____
 By _____ Date _____
 Checked By _____ Date _____

EST - EAT 900 (1999 Rates)

1999 Blue Rock Daily Rate \$ 315/Day
 2000-03 Cost 10.95/Hr @ (2390) 2520/Day
 2000-03 30.35/Hr 3.5(30.35) 427.68

730.50 (1999)

- 2% inflation @ 4% = 1,227.62 (2006)

EST - 200

2000-03 Blue Rock 20 1500/Day
 2000-03 Cost 35.10/Hr 3076.80/Day
 2000-03 30.35/Hr 427.68/Day

\$ 1305.28 /Day (1999)

- 2% inflation @ 4% = 1717.65 (2006)

EST - 2000-03 Cost - 1000-03

2000-03 10.95/Hr 152000 Cost 1380
 2000-03 30.35/Hr 152000 Cost 3820

TRACTORS & EARTHMOVING

4-WD ARTICULATED WHEEL LOADERS (cont.)

(Includes General Purpose bucket and ROPS, unless otherwise noted.)

Model (Year)	Bucket Capacity	HP	Monthly \$	Weekly \$	Daily \$	Hourly \$	Estimated Operating Cost \$/hr.
DIESEL POWERED (CONT.)							
CASE (cont.) (Refer to DAVIS for other models.)							
W18B (1984)	1.75 CY	110.0	2,050.00	575.00	145.00	22.00	9.60
W18B (1984)	1.75 CY	110.0	2,105.00	590.00	150.00	23.00	9.75
W20 (1981)	2.00 CY	103.0	1,870.00	525.00	130.00	20.00	8.15
W20 (1981)	2.00 CY	103.0	1,920.00	540.00	135.00	20.00	9.25
▲(with EROPS)							
W20B (1983)	2.00 CY	103.0	1,955.00	545.00	135.00	20.00	9.15
W20B (1983)	2.00 CY	103.0	2,010.00	565.00	140.00	21.00	9.25
▲(with EROPS)							
▲(with EROPS)							
W24C (1984)	2.50 CY	132.0	2,525.00	705.00	175.00	26.00	11.50
W24C (1984)	2.50 CY	132.0	2,585.00	725.00	180.00	27.00	11.65
▲(with EROPS)							
CATERPILLAR							
IT18 (1987)	1.50 CY	85.0	2,145.00	600.00	150.00	23.00	8.80
▲(with EROPS)							
IT18 (1987)	1.50 CY	85.0	2,095.00	585.00	145.00	22.00	8.70
IT28 (1987)	2.00 CY	105.0	2,265.00	635.00	160.00	24.00	9.50
▲(with EROPS)							
IT28 (1987)	2.00 CY	105.0	2,220.00	620.00	155.00	23.00	9.40
920 (1985)	1.75 CY	80.0	2,025.00	565.00	140.00	21.00	8.45
▲(with EROPS)							
920 (1985)	1.75 CY	80.0	1,980.00	555.00	140.00	21.00	8.35
926 (1987)	2.00 CY	105.0	2,230.00	625.00	155.00	23.00	9.45
▲(with EROPS)							
926 (1987)	2.00 CY	105.0	2,180.00	610.00	155.00	23.00	9.35
930 (1985)	2.00 CY	100.0	2,140.00	600.00	150.00	23.00	9.20
▲(with EROPS)							
930 (1985)	2.00 CY	100.0	2,100.00	590.00	150.00	23.00	9.10
936 (1987)	2.50 CY	125.0	2,730.00	765.00	190.00	29.00	11.25
▲(with EROPS)							
936 (1987)	2.50 CY	125.0	2,680.00	750.00	190.00	29.00	11.15
950 (1981)	3.00 CY	130.0	2,565.00	725.00	180.00	27.00	11.70
▲(with EROPS)							
950 (1981)	3.00 CY	130.0	2,530.00	710.00	180.00	27.00	11.55
950B (1987)	3.00 CY	155.0	3,380.00	945.00	235.00	35.00	13.70
▲(with EROPS)							
950B (1987)	3.00 CY	155.0	3,270.00	915.00	230.00	35.00	13.45
985D (1987)	4.00 CY	200.0	4,470.00	1,250.00	315.00	47.00	18.95
▲(with EROPS)							
988D (1987)	4.00 CY	200.0	4,380.00	1,220.00	305.00	46.00	18.65
CDS, INC.							
640 (1986)	.75 CY	57.0	1,150.00	320.00	80.00	12.00	5.75
640 (1986)	.75 CY	57.0	1,200.00	335.00	84.00	13.00	5.85
▲(with EROPS)							
840D (1987)	1.70 CY	83.0	1,710.00	480.00	120.00	18.00	8.05
840D (1987)	1.70 CY	83.0	1,765.00	495.00	125.00	19.00	8.15
▲(with EROPS)							
724 (1987)	1.70 CY	100.0	1,820.00	455.00	115.00	17.00	8.25
CLARK (Refer to VOLVO/MICHIGAN for other models.)							
35C (1986)	1.50 CY	85.0	1,780.00	500.00	125.00	19.00	9.20
▲(with EROPS)							
45C (1986)	2.00 CY	99.0	2,040.00	570.00	145.00	22.00	9.35
▲(with EROPS)							
55B (1980)	2.50 CY	114.0	1,705.00	475.00	120.00	18.00	9.45

1989 Machinery Information: Division of PRIMEDIA Information Inc.
1989 Rental Rate Blue Book, Volume 1, 2nd Edition

\$3.2*

TRACTORS & EARTHMOVING

4-WD ARTICULATED WHEEL LOADERS (cont.)

(Includes General Purpose bucket and ROPS, unless otherwise noted.)

Model (Yr./Disc.)	Bucket Capacity	HP	Monthly \$	Weekly \$	Daily \$	Hourly \$	Estimated Operating Cost \$/hr
DIESEL POWERED (CONT.)							
CLARK (cont.) (Refer to VOLVO/MICHIGAN for other models.)							
55C (1986)	2.50 CY	121.0	2,140.00	500.00	150.00	23.00	10.10
▲(with EROPS)							
75B (1980)	3.00 CY	154.0	2,315.00	650.00	165.00	25.00	12.60
75B (1980)	3.00 CY	154.0	2,460.00	670.00	170.00	26.00	12.85
▲(with EROPS)							
76C (1986)	3.00 CY	154.0	2,880.00	805.00	200.00	30.00	13.00
▲(with EROPS)							
125B (1980)	4.00 CY	210.0	2,960.00	830.00	210.00	32.00	17.65
125B (1980)	4.00 CY	210.0	3,046.00	855.00	215.00	32.00	17.95
▲(with EROPS)							
125C (1986)	4.00 CY	203.0	3,780.00	1,050.00	265.00	40.00	18.25
▲(with EROPS)							
175B (1980)	5.00 CY	273.0	3,895.00	1,090.00	275.00	41.00	24.50
175B (1980)	5.00 CY	273.0	3,970.00	1,110.00	280.00	42.00	24.75
▲(with EROPS)							
175C (1986)	5.00 CY	279.0	5,020.00	1,405.00	350.00	53.00	26.10
▲(with EROPS)							
275B (1980)	7.00 CY	380.0	5,105.00	1,430.00	360.00	54.00	33.70
275C (1986)	7.00 CY	380.0	6,935.00	1,940.00	485.00	73.00	36.70
▲(with EROPS)							
475B (1980)	12.00 CY	612.0	9,450.00	2,645.00	660.00	99.00	64.90
▲(with EROPS)							
475C (1986)	12.00 CY	612.0	12,820.00	3,535.00	885.00	135.00	69.90
▲(with EROPS)							
475C TURBO (1986)	12.00 CY	616.0	13,665.00	3,825.00	955.00	145.00	73.80
▲(with EROPS)							
DAVIS (Refer to CASE for other models.)							
W4 (1979)	.50 CY	32.0	720.00	200.00	50.00	8.00	3.30
DEERE							
444 (1981)	1.50 CY	85.0	1,610.00	450.00	115.00	17.00	8.05
444 (1981)	1.50 CY	85.0	1,670.00	470.00	120.00	18.00	8.15
▲(with EROPS)							
444C (1986)	1.50 CY	85.0	1,870.00	525.00	130.00	20.00	8.30
444C (1986)	1.50 CY	85.0	1,990.00	550.00	140.00	21.00	8.50
▲(with EROPS)							
444D (1988)	1.50 CY	90.0	1,800.00	505.00	125.00	19.00	8.30
444D (1988)	1.50 CY	90.0	1,930.00	540.00	135.00	20.00	8.40
▲(with EROPS)							
544B (1981)	2.00 CY	105.0	1,810.00	505.00	125.00	19.00	9.00
▲(with EROPS)							
544B (1981)	2.00 CY	105.0	1,780.00	495.00	125.00	19.00	8.90
544C (1986)	2.00 CY	105.0	2,015.00	566.00	140.00	21.00	9.10
544C (1986)	2.00 CY	105.0	2,090.00	585.00	146.00	22.00	9.30
▲(with EROPS)							
544D (1988)	2.00 CY	105.0	1,950.00	545.00	135.00	20.00	8.75
544D (1988)	2.00 CY	105.0	2,000.00	560.00	140.00	21.00	8.85
▲(with EROPS)							
644B (1981)	3.00 CY	145.0	2,345.00	655.00	165.00	25.00	11.85
▲(with EROPS)							
644B (1981)	3.00 CY	145.0	2,295.00	645.00	160.00	24.00	11.70
644C (1985)	3.00 CY	145.0	2,700.00	756.00	190.00	29.00	12.30
644C (1985)	3.00 CY	145.0	2,780.00	780.00	195.00	29.00	12.50
▲(with EROPS)							
644D (1988)	3.00 CY	156.0	2,525.00	705.00	175.00	26.00	11.95
644D (1988)	3.00 CY	155.0	2,575.00	720.00	180.00	27.00	12.05
▲(with EROPS)							

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1999 Reprint, Rate Blue Book, Volume 1, 2nd Edition

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TRACTORS & EARTHMOVING

STANDARD CRAWLER DOZERS (cont.)

(Includes dozer blade and operator protection as listed.)

Model (Yr. Disc.)	Dozer	Operator Protection	HP	Monthly \$	Weekly \$	Daily \$	Hourly \$	Estimated Operating Cost 20%
DIESEL POWERED (CONT.)								
CATERPILLAR (cont.)								
D8K (1984)	Angle	ROPS	300.0	8,245.00	2,310.00	580.00	87.00	30.80
D8K (1984)	Bulldozer	EROPS	300.0	8,600.00	2,410.00	605.00	91.00	31.45
D8K (1984)	Bulldozer	ROPS	300.0	8,200.00	2,295.00	575.00	86.00	30.70
D8K (1984)	Straight	EROPS	300.0	8,515.00	2,385.00	595.00	89.00	31.20
D8K (1984)	Straight	ROPS	300.0	8,115.00	2,270.00	570.00	86.00	30.55
D9H (1980)	Angle	EROPS	410.0	10,840.00	3,035.00	760.00	115.00	44.20
D9H (1980)	Angle	ROPS	410.0	10,470.00	2,930.00	735.00	110.00	43.35
D9H (1980)	Cushion	EROPS	410.0	10,790.00	3,020.00	755.00	115.00	44.06
D9H (1980)	Cushion	ROPS	410.0	10,415.00	2,915.00	730.00	110.00	43.20
D9H (1980)	Full-U	EROPS	410.0	10,925.00	3,080.00	765.00	115.00	44.40
D9H (1980)	Full-U	ROPS	410.0	10,550.00	2,965.00	740.00	110.00	43.55
D9H (1980)	Straight	EROPS	410.0	10,700.00	2,985.00	750.00	115.00	43.85
D9H (1980)	Straight	ROPS	410.0	10,325.00	2,890.00	725.00	110.00	43.00
D9L (1987)	Cushion	EROPS	460.0	13,575.00	3,800.00	950.00	145.00	49.65
D9L (1987)	Cushion	ROPS	460.0	13,295.00	3,725.00	930.00	140.00	49.05
D9L (1987)	Straight	EROPS	460.0	13,765.00	3,855.00	965.00	145.00	50.06
D9L (1987)	Straight	ROPS	460.0	13,480.00	3,775.00	945.00	140.00	49.45
D9L (1987)	U Blade	EROPS	460.0	13,800.00	3,865.00	965.00	145.00	50.15
D9L (1987)	U Blade	ROPS	460.0	13,515.00	3,785.00	945.00	140.00	49.56
D10 (1988)	Straight	EROPS	700.0	20,270.00	5,675.00	1,420.00	215.00	73.70
DEERE								
350C (1988)	Power Angle Tilt	EROPS	42.0	1,945.00	545.00	135.00	20.00	7.00
350C (1988)	Power Angle Tilt	ROPS	42.0	1,860.00	520.00	130.00	20.00	6.90
350D (1988)	Power Angle Tilt	EROPS	48.0	1,850.00	545.00	135.00	20.00	7.25
350D (1988)	Power Angle Tilt	ROPS	48.0	1,870.00	525.00	130.00	20.00	7.10
450C (1985)	Power Angle Tilt	EROPS	65.0	2,415.00	675.00	170.00	26.00	8.45
450C (1985)	Power Angle Tilt	ROPS	65.0	2,325.00	650.00	165.00	25.00	8.70
450D (1985)	Power Angle Tilt	EROPS	67.0	2,580.00	720.00	180.00	27.00	9.20
450D (1985)	Power Angle Tilt	ROPS	67.0	2,415.00	675.00	170.00	26.00	8.95
460E (1987)	Power Angle Tilt	ROPS	70.0	2,285.00	640.00	160.00	24.00	8.90
560 (1984)	8406 Inside Hyd	EROPS	72.0	2,725.00	765.00	190.00	29.00	9.70
560 (1984)	8406 Inside Hyd	ROPS	72.0	2,635.00	740.00	185.00	28.00	9.56
560 (1984)	8410 Outside Hyd	EROPS	72.0	2,665.00	745.00	185.00	28.00	9.60
560 (1984)	8410 Outside Hyd	ROPS	72.0	2,575.00	720.00	180.00	27.00	9.45
550 (1984)	Power Angle Tilt	EROPS	72.0	2,705.00	755.00	190.00	29.00	9.85
560 (1984)	Power Angle Tilt	ROPS	72.0	2,615.00	730.00	185.00	28.00	9.50
550A (1985)	Power Angle Tilt	EROPS	78.0	2,935.00	820.00	205.00	31.00	10.30
550A (1985)	Power Angle Tilt	ROPS	78.0	2,770.00	775.00	195.00	29.00	10.05
660B (1987)	Power Angle Tilt	EROPS	78.0	2,700.00	755.00	190.00	28.00	9.85
660E (1987)	Power Angle Tilt	ROPS	78.0	2,545.00	715.00	180.00	27.00	9.60
750 (1985)	Semi-U	EROPS	110.0	4,010.00	1,125.00	280.00	42.00	13.55
750 (1985)	Semi-U	ROPS	110.0	3,585.00	1,005.00	250.00	38.00	13.20
850 (1987)	Angle	EROPS	145.0	4,820.00	1,295.00	325.00	48.00	16.30
850 (1987)	Angle	ROPS	145.0	4,380.00	1,225.00	305.00	46.00	15.85
DRESSER								
(Refer to INTERNATIONAL for other models.)								
TD7E (1987)	Angle	ROPS	85.0	2,480.00	695.00	175.00	26.00	8.90
TD7E (1987)	Hydraulic Angle	ROPS	85.0	2,445.00	685.00	170.00	26.00	8.85
TD7E (1987)	Hydraulic Tilt Angle	ROPS	85.0	2,460.00	690.00	175.00	26.00	8.90
TD8E (1987)	Hyd Angle Man Tilt	ROPS	78.0	2,870.00	805.00	200.00	30.00	10.15
TD8E (1987)	Hydraulic Tilt Angle	ROPS	78.0	2,900.00	810.00	205.00	31.00	10.20
TD20E (1988)	Hyd Semi-U w/Tilt	EROPS	210.0	6,755.00	1,890.00	475.00	71.00	22.75
TD20E (1988)	Hyd Semi-U w/Tilt	ROPS	210.0	6,485.00	1,815.00	455.00	68.00	22.25
TD20E (1988)	Hydraulic Angle	EROPS	210.0	6,700.00	1,875.00	470.00	71.00	22.85
TD20E (1988)	Hydraulic Angle	ROPS	210.0	6,430.00	1,800.00	450.00	68.00	22.20
TD25F (1985)	Angle	EROPS	310.0	8,485.00	2,370.00	595.00	89.00	32.00

TRACTORS & EARTHMOVING

STANDARD CRAWLER DOZERS (cont.)

(Includes dozer blade and operator protection as listed.)

Model (Yr./Disc.)	Dozer	Operator Protection	HP	Monthly \$	Weekly \$	Daily \$	Hourly \$	Estimated Operating Cost \$/hr.
DIESEL POWERED (CONT.)								
DRESSER (cont.) (Refer to INTERNATIONAL for other models.)								
TD25E (1985)	Angle	ROPS	310.0	8,175.00	2,290.00	575.00	86.00	31.45
TD25E (1985)	Hyd Semi-U w/Tilt	EROPS	310.0	8,525.00	2,385.00	595.00	89.00	32.10
TD25E (1985)	Hyd Semi-U w/Tilt	ROPS	310.0	8,230.00	2,305.00	575.00	86.00	31.55
FIATALLIS								
88 (1985)	Hyd Angle w/Tilt	EROPS	88.0	3,020.00	845.00	210.00	32.00	11.00
88 (1985)	Hyd Angle w/Tilt	ROPS	88.0	2,840.00	795.00	200.00	30.00	10.70
88 (1985)	Hyd Semi-U w/Tilt	EROPS	88.0	2,975.00	835.00	210.00	32.00	10.95
88 (1985)	Hyd Semi-U w/Tilt	ROPS	88.0	2,795.00	785.00	195.00	29.00	10.65
88 (1985)	Hydraulic Angle	EROPS	88.0	2,995.00	840.00	210.00	32.00	10.95
88 (1985)	Hydraulic Angle	ROPS	88.0	2,815.00	790.00	200.00	30.00	10.70
88 (1985)	Straight w/Hyd Tilt	EROPS	88.0	2,980.00	835.00	210.00	32.00	10.95
88 (1985)	Straight w/Hyd Tilt	ROPS	88.0	2,800.00	785.00	195.00	29.00	10.65
108 (1979)	Hyd Semi-U w/Tilt	ROPS	110.0	2,925.00	820.00	205.00	31.00	12.36
108 (1981)	Hydraulic Angle	ROPS	195.0	4,795.00	1,345.00	335.00	50.00	19.25
108 (1981)	Straight	ROPS	195.0	4,780.00	1,335.00	335.00	50.00	19.20
21C (1981)	Angle	EROPS	273.0	7,325.00	2,060.00	515.00	77.00	28.75
21C (1981)	Angle	ROPS	273.0	6,890.00	1,955.00	490.00	74.00	28.10
21C (1981)	Hydraulic Angle	EROPS	273.0	7,370.00	2,065.00	515.00	77.00	28.80
21C (1981)	Hydraulic Angle	ROPS	273.0	7,035.00	1,970.00	495.00	74.00	28.15
21C (1981)	Hydraulic Semi-U	EROPS	273.0	7,365.00	2,060.00	515.00	77.00	28.80
21C (1981)	Hydraulic Semi-U	ROPS	273.0	7,030.00	1,970.00	495.00	74.00	28.15
21C (1981)	Hydraulic U	EROPS	273.0	7,345.00	2,055.00	515.00	77.00	28.75
21C (1981)	Hydraulic U	ROPS	273.0	7,010.00	1,965.00	490.00	74.00	28.10
21C (1981)	Semi-U	EROPS	273.0	7,285.00	2,040.00	510.00	77.00	28.65
21C (1981)	Semi-U	ROPS	273.0	6,950.00	1,945.00	485.00	73.00	28.00
31 (1982)	Cushion	EROPS	425.0	11,590.00	3,240.00	810.00	120.00	45.75
31 (1982)	Cushion	ROPS	425.0	11,260.00	3,155.00	790.00	120.00	45.05
31 (1982)	Hydraulic U	EROPS	425.0	11,405.00	3,195.00	800.00	120.00	45.35
31 (1982)	Hydraulic U	ROPS	425.0	11,085.00	3,105.00	775.00	115.00	44.65
31 (1982)	Semi-U	EROPS	425.0	11,320.00	3,170.00	795.00	120.00	45.15
31 (1982)	Semi-U	ROPS	425.0	11,000.00	3,090.00	770.00	115.00	44.45
FD40 (1988)	Cushion	ROPS	455.0	14,470.00	4,050.00	1,015.00	150.00	52.16
FD40 (1988)	Semi-U	ROPS	455.0	13,840.00	3,875.00	970.00	145.00	50.80
FD40 (1988)	U Blade	ROPS	455.0	13,940.00	3,905.00	975.00	145.00	51.00
41B (1982)	Cushion	EROPS	524.0	16,050.00	4,495.00	1,125.00	170.00	59.50
41B (1982)	Cushion	ROPS	524.0	15,770.00	4,415.00	1,105.00	165.00	58.90
41B (1982)	Hydraulic Semi-U	EROPS	524.0	15,775.00	4,415.00	1,105.00	165.00	58.90
41B (1982)	Hydraulic Semi-U	ROPS	524.0	15,495.00	4,340.00	1,085.00	165.00	58.30
41B (1982)	Hydraulic U	EROPS	524.0	16,095.00	4,505.00	1,125.00	170.00	59.80
41B (1982)	Hydraulic U	ROPS	524.0	15,815.00	4,430.00	1,110.00	165.00	59.00
INTERNATIONAL (Refer to DRESSER for other models.)								
TD7E (1985)	Hydraulic Angle	ROPS	65.0	2,345.00	655.00	165.00	25.00	8.75
TD7E (1985)	Hydraulic Tilt Angle	ROPS	65.0	2,375.00	665.00	165.00	25.00	8.80
TD8E (1985)	Hydraulic Angle	ROPS	78.0	2,785.00	775.00	195.00	29.00	10.05
TD8E (1985)	Hydraulic Tilt Angle	ROPS	78.0	2,800.00	785.00	195.00	29.00	10.15
TD12 (1985)	Angle w/Tilt	EROPS	110.0	4,075.00	1,140.00	285.00	43.00	13.80
TD12 (1985)	Angle w/Tilt	ROPS	110.0	3,845.00	1,075.00	270.00	41.00	13.40
TD12 (1985)	Straight w/Tilt	EROPS	110.0	3,960.00	1,110.00	280.00	42.00	13.60
TD12 (1985)	Straight w/Tilt	ROPS	110.0	3,730.00	1,045.00	260.00	39.00	13.20
TD15C (1985)	Angle	ROPS	140.0	4,410.00	1,235.00	310.00	47.00	15.95
TD15C (1985)	Hydraulic Semi-U	ROPS	140.0	4,385.00	1,220.00	305.00	46.00	15.65
TD20E (1985)	Hyd Semi-U w/Tilt	EROPS	210.0	6,895.00	1,875.00	470.00	71.00	22.90
TD20E (1985)	Hyd Semi-U w/Tilt	ROPS	210.0	6,420.00	1,800.00	450.00	68.00	22.45
TD20E (1985)	Hydraulic Angle	EROPS	210.0	6,750.00	1,890.00	475.00	71.00	23.00

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1999 Rental Rate Blue Book, Volume 3, 2nd Edition

58-55

SCHEDULE OF EQUIPMENT USAGE RATES

NTH Consultants Ltd. will provide the following equipment for use on projects for which we are performing consulting services. The equipment will be charged to the project for the duration of its use on the project. In addition to personnel charges, the following rates will apply:

<u>Usage Code</u>			
Geotechnical Equipment			
	GT 105	Frequency Analyzer/DAT Recorder/Low Frequency Accelerometer	\$ 4,000 /Project
→	GT 110	Blast Monitoring Seismograph	\$ 80 /Day Plus paper
	GT 162	Digitil Inclinometer	\$ 50 /Day
	GT 143	Power Auger Equipment	\$ 50 /Day
Groundwater Monitoring and Sampling Equipment			
→	GW 586	Water Level Chart Recording Equipment	\$ 25 /Day
→	GW 196	Electric Data Logger with Transducer	\$ 125 /Day
→	GW 163	Portable Computer	\$ 30 /Day
	GW 134	Pneumatic Piezometer Readout Control	\$ 30 /Day
	GW 149	Inertial Lift Pump	\$ 12 /Day Plus Tubing
	GW 183	Submersible Sampling Pump	\$ 90 /Day
	GW 181	Grundfos Pump	\$ 175 /Day
	GW 106	Interface Probe	\$ 40 /Day
	GW 131	Water Level Recording Device	\$ 25 /Day
	GW 226	Peristaltic Pump	\$ 35 /Day
	GW 109	Sediment Sampler	\$ 15 /Day
Geophysical Equipment			
	GP 311	Ground Penetrating Radar (250 MHz)	\$ 250 /Day
	GP 128	Resistivity Meter	\$ 40 /Day
	GP 127	Magnetometer	\$ 180 /Day
	GP 129	Electromagnetic Utility Line Locator	\$ 50 /Day
Environmental Monitoring Equipment			
	EM 120	Photoionization (HNU) Meter	\$ 100 /Day - \$400 /Week
	EM 159	Flame Ionization Detector (FID)	\$ 150 /Day - \$500 /Week
→	EM 122	Tri/Quad-Gas Meter	\$ 42 /Day
	EM 883	Portable Air Sampling Pump	\$ 60 /Day
→	EM 135	pH Meter	\$ 42 /Day
	EM 135	Specific Conductivity Meter	\$ 42 /Day
	EM 135	Dissolved Oxygen Probe	\$ 42 /Day
	EM 856	X-Ray Florescence Detector	\$ 100 /Day Plus \$10 / Sample
	EM 817	Small Bore Soil Sampling Probe	\$ 75 /Day

Equipment rented by NTH Consultants, Ltd. for use on any specific project will be charged at cost plus 15%.

SCHEDULE OF EQUIPMENT USAGE RATES

NTH Consultants, Ltd. will provide the following equipment for use on projects for which we are performing consulting services. The equipment will be charged to the project for the duration of its use on the project. In addition to personnel charges, the following rates will apply:

Usage Codes

Environmental Health Personal Safety Protection Equipment		
→ EH	117	Level D \$ 35 / Person / Day
FH	116	Level C \$ 80 / Person / Day
EH	115	Level B \$ 170 / Person / Day
Concrete / Asphalt Equipment		
CA	730	Floor Profiling Device \$ 60 / Day
CA	147	Windsor Probe Equipment \$ 30 / Day and \$12 / Probe
CA	150	Pacohmeter (R-Meter) \$ 25 / Day
CA	194	Concrete Coring Equipment \$ 75 / Day
→ CA	223	Generator \$ 75 / Day
CA	180	Rotary Hammer Drill \$ 25 / Day
CA	135	Cut-off Saw (Plus Blades) \$ 40 / Day Plus Blades
CA	190	Asphalt Field Marshall Test Equipment \$ 50 / Day
CA	645	DR-Meter \$ 25 / Day
CA	193	Borescope \$ 50 / Day
CA	681	Light Meter \$ 15 / Day
CA	683	Spotting Scope \$ 15 / Day
CA	684	Swiss Hammer \$ 10 / Day
CA	685	Tie Locator \$ 20 / Day
CA	816	Moisture Emission Test Kit \$ 25 / Each
CA	753	Ferrosca - Steel Reinforcement Detection System \$ 75 / Day
CA	752	Impact Echo Equipment (Thickness) \$ 50 / Day
CA	647	Coating Thickness Gauge \$ 25 / Day
CA	749	Thermocouples \$ 25 / Each
Steel Equipment		
SE	114	Ultrasonic Equipment \$ 60 / Day
SE	221	Torque Wrench Calibration Apparatus (Skidmore) \$ 40 / Day
SE	643	Paint Thickness Gauge \$ 25 / Day
SE	720	Dye Penetrant Test Material \$ 20 / Each
SE	721	Hardness Tester \$ 40 / Day
SE	723	Magnetic Particle Equipment - Prods \$ 50 / Day
SE	722	Magnetic Particle Equipment - Yoke \$ 25 / Day
SE	724	Torque Multiplier \$ 12 / Day

Equipment rented by NTH Consultants, Ltd. for use on any specific project will be charged at cost plus 15%.

SCHEDULE OF EQUIPMENT USAGE RATES

NTH Consultants Ltd. will provide the following equipment for use on projects for which we are performing consulting services. The equipment will be charged to the project for the duration of its use on the project. In addition to personnel charges, the following rates will apply:

<u>Usage Code</u>	<u>Roofing Equipment</u>		
RE 207	Infrared Moisture Detection Equipment		
	Mobilization	\$ 200	/ Project
	Project Usage	\$ 250	/ Day
RE 215	Electrical Capacitance Moisture Detection Equipment	\$ 50	/ Day
RE 220	Troxler Nuclear Roof Moisture Gauge	\$ 50	/ Day
RF 118	Photographic Equipment	\$ 10	/ Day + Film + Development
RE 168	Video Recorder	\$ 50	/ Day
RF 217	Roof Wind Uplift Equipment	\$ 50	/ Day
	Various Test and Field Equipment		
VE 100	Troxler Nuclear Moisture Density Gauge	\$ 50	/ Day
VE 267	Housel Penetrometer	\$ 20	/ Day
VE 258	Vacuum Box for Field Testing of Geosynthetics	\$ 30	/ Day
VE 690	Field Proctor Set	\$ 40	/ Day
VE 139	Four-Wheel Drive Vehicle Excluding Mileage	\$ 60	/ Day
VE 195	Field Office Trailer	\$ 240	/ Month
	Field Laboratory		
VE 201	Soils Only	\$ 325	/ Month
VE 202	Soils and Concrete	\$ 500	/ Month
VE 204	Asphalt	\$ 50	/ Day or \$ 325 / Month
→ VE 848	Cellular Phone (Field Projects)	\$ 12	/ Day
VE 727	Metal Detector	\$ 12	/ Day
VE 728	Air Compressor	\$ 30	/ Day
→ VE 156	Survey Equipment	\$ 20	/ Day
	Tunnel Inspection Equipment		
	Tunnel Safety Equipment including Lights, Breathing Apparatus, Gas Meters, Fall Control Device, Rope Ladder		
TI 208	Walking Sticks, Boots, and Protective Equipment	\$ 500	/ Day
TI 209	10 Minute ELSEA Escape Pack	\$ 25	/ Day
TI 210	5 Minute ELSEA Escape Pack	\$ 15	/ Day
→ TI 200	30 Minute SCBA	\$ 50	/ Day
TI 211	Cascade Respirator System (8 Person Maximum)	\$ 200	/ Day
TI 212	55 Foot Fall Control Device	\$ 100	/ Day
TI 213	40 Foot Rope Ladder	\$ 25	/ Day
TI 215	Tunnel Ventilator	\$ 75	/ Day

Equipment rented by NTH Consultants Ltd. for use on any specific project will be charged at cost plus 15%.



Somat Engineering,
INCORPORATED

May 17, 2006

Mr. Ted Stone, Vice President
The Corradino Group
200 S. Fifth Street, Suite 300N
Louisville, KY 40202

Dear Mr. Stone:

Herein are statements in regards to the following:

1. Commitment to the Project

SOMAT Engineering, Inc. is pleased to be a part of the consultant team working on the Detroit River International Crossing Project and is committed to working on the project.

2. Conflict of Interest

Neither SOMAT Engineering, Inc. personnel nor SOMAT Engineering, Inc. as a firm has a conflict of interest or a potential conflict of interest as defined in the Letter of Interest request issued by the Michigan Department of Transportation for the Detroit River International Crossing Project. The consultant warrants that it does not have any special knowledge of or exceptional access to confidential information concerning:

- The Ontario-Michigan Border Transportation Partnership,
- The Work/Services to be performed under future contractual agreement;
- Pricing of the Work/Services to be performed, or
- The Letter of Interest evaluation process and/or Request for Proposal evaluation process, where such special knowledge of or exceptional access to confidential information may prejudice the Michigan Department of Transportation or constitute an unfair advantage to the consultant.

3. Basis of Payment

SOMAT Engineering, Inc. understands it will be compensated on a cost-plus-fixed fee basis.

Sincerely,
SOMAT Engineering, Inc.

G. Ramanujam, P.E. (Ram)
President



044

Ted Stone
Vice President
The Corradino Group
200 S. Fifth Street, Suite 300N
Louisville, KY 40202

1. Commitment to the Project

Oil Ex, Inc. is pleased to be a part of the consultant team working on the Detroit River International Crossing Project and is committed to working on the project.

2. Conflict of Interest

Neither Oil Ex, Inc. personnel or Oil Ex, Inc. as a firm has a conflict of interest or a potential conflict of interest as defined in the Letter of Interest request issued by the Michigan Department of Transportation for the Detroit River International Crossing Project. The consultant warrants that it does not have any special knowledge of or exceptional access to confidential information concerning:

- The Ontario-Michigan Border Transportation Partnership,
- The Work/Services to be performed under future contractual agreement;
- Pricing of the Work/Services to be performed; or
- The Letter of Interest evaluation process and/or Request for Proposal evaluation process, where such special knowledge of or exceptional access to confidential information may prejudice the Michigan Department of Transportation or constitute an unfair advantage to the consultant.

3. Basis of Payment

Oil Ex, Inc. understands it will be compensated on a time and materials basis.

A handwritten signature in cursive script that reads "J.E. Haines".



Z-Seis Corporation
6209 Windfern
Houston, Texas 77040
Tel: 832-236-4517
Fax 713-690-5970

Bruce P. Marion
President
bmarion@z-seis.com

May 17, 2006

Mr. Ted Stone
Vice President
The Corradino Group
200 S. Fifth Street, Suite 300N
Louisville, KY 40202

Dear Mr. Stone:

Z-Seis Corporation is pleased to be a part of the consultant team working on the Detroit River International Crossing Project and is committed to working on the project.

Neither Z-Seis personnel nor Z-Seis Corporation as a firm has a conflict of interest or a potential conflict of interest as defined in the Letter of Interest request issued by the Michigan Department of Transportation for the Detroit River International Crossing Project. The consultant warrants that it does not have any special knowledge of or exceptional access to confidential information concerning:

- The Ontario-Michigan Border Transportation Partnership,
- The Work/Services to be performed under future contractual agreement;
- Pricing of the Work/Services to be performed; or
- The Letter of Interest evaluation process and/or Request for Proposal evaluation process, where such special knowledge of or exceptional access to confidential information may prejudice the Michigan Department of Transportation or constitute an unfair advantage to the consultant.

Z-Seis Corporation understands it will be compensated on a time and materials basis.

Very truly yours,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Bruce P. Marion". The signature is written in a cursive style with a long horizontal stroke extending to the right.

Bruce P. Marion
President



SOCON Sonar Well Services, Inc.

May 18, 2006

Ted Stone
Vice President
The Corradino Group
200 S. Fifth Street, Suite 300N
Louisville, KY 40202
Cell: 502.396.2131
Phone: 502.587.7221

1. Commitment to the Project

SOCON Sonar Well Services, Inc. is pleased to be a part of the consultant team working on the Detroit River International Crossing Project and is committed to working on the project.

2. Conflict of Interest

Neither SOCON Sonar Well Services, Inc. personnel or SOCON Sonar Well Services, Inc. as a firm has a conflict of interest or a potential conflict of interest as defined in the Letter of Interest request issued by the Michigan Department of Transportation for the Detroit River International Crossing Project. The consultant warrants that it does not have any special knowledge of or exceptional access to confidential information concerning:

- The Ontario-Michigan Border Transportation Partnership,
- The Work/Services to be performed under future contractual agreement;
- Pricing of the Work/Services to be performed; or
- The Letter of Interest evaluation process and/or Request for Proposal evaluation process, where such special knowledge of or exceptional access to confidential information may prejudice the Michigan Department of Transportation or constitute an unfair advantage to the consultant.

3. Basis of Payment

SOCON Sonar Well Services, Inc. understands it will be compensated on a time and materials basis.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Jason McCartney", written over a horizontal line.

Jason McCartney
Vice President



AMERICAN DRILLING & TESTING CO., INC.

4041 Martel ♦ P.O. Box 3059 ♦ Melvindale, Michigan 48122 ♦ (313) 389-5300
Fax (313) 389-5346 ♦ E-mail americandrill@aol.com ♦ Web americandrilling.org

October 31, 2006

Ted Stone
Vice President
The Corradino Group
200 S. Fifth Street, Suite 300N
Louisville, KY 40202

RE: American Drilling and Testing Soil Boring Services

Dear Mr. Stone,

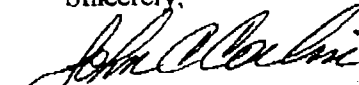
American Drilling and Testing is pleased to be on the consulting team working on the Detroit River International Crossing Project.

American Drilling and its employees do not have a conflict of interest or potential conflict of interest as defined in the Letter of Interest request issued by the Michigan Department of Transportation for the Detroit River International Crossing Project. American Drilling warrants that it does not have any special knowledge of or access to confidential information concerning:

- The Ontario-Michigan Border Transportation Partnership
- The Work/Service to be performed under future contractual agreement
- Pricing of the Work Service to be performed; or
- The letter of Interest evaluation process, where such special knowledge of or exceptional access to confidential information may prejudice the Michigan Department of Transportation or constitute an unfair advantage to American Drilling.

American Drilling and Testing understands it will be compensated on a time and materials basis.

Sincerely,


John C. Corbin
Vice President/Secretary



Michigan Technological University

Research & Sponsored Programs

308 Administration Building
1400 Townsend Drive
Houghton, Michigan 49931-1295
906-487-2225 • Fax 906-487-2245

October 25, 2006

Ted Stone
Vice President
The Corradino Group
200 S. Fifth Street, Suite 300N
Louisville, KY 40202

RE: MTU Proposal #061081, "DRIC Gravity Measurement Interpretation"
PI: Jimmy Diehl

Dear Mr. Stone,

Michigan Technological University (MTU) is pleased to be part of the consultant team working on the Detroit River International Crossing Project and is committed to working on the project.

Neither MTU personnel nor MTU as a firm has a conflict of interest or potential conflict of interest as defined in the Letter of Interest request issued by the Michigan Department of Transportation for the Detroit River International Crossing Project. The consultant warrants that it does not have any special knowledge of or exceptional access to confidential information concerning:

- The Ontario-Michigan Border Transportation Partnership
- The Work/Service to be performed under future contractual agreement
- Pricing of the Work Service to be performed; or
- The Letter of Interest evaluation process, where such special knowledge of or exceptional access to confidential information may prejudice the Michigan Department of Transportation or constitute an unfair advantage to the consultant.

Michigan Technological University understands it will be compensated on a time and materials basis, reimbursement for actual expenditures including their federally approved indirect cost rate.

Sincerely,

Anita Quinn
Director, Research & Sponsored Programs

ALQ/klb

www.mtu.edu

Michigan Technological University is an equal opportunity educational institution/equal opportunity employer.



Baker Atlas

October 31, 2006

Ted Stone
Vice President
The Corradino Group
200 S. Fifth Street, Suite 300N
Louisville, KY 40202

Baker Atlas
2222 Enterprise Dr.
Mt. Pleasant, Mi. 48858
Tel (989) 773-7992
Fax (989) 772-5083
E-mail:
Ken.moss@bakeratlas.com

Ken Moss
Account Manager

Dear Mr. Stone,

Baker Atlas, a division of Baker Hughes Oilfield Operations, Inc. ("Baker Atlas") is pleased to be a part of the consultant team working on the Detroit River International Crossing Project and is committed to working on the project.

Neither Baker Atlas personnel nor Baker Atlas as a firm has a conflict of interest or a potential conflict of interest as defined in the Letter of Interest request issued by the Michigan Department of Transportation for the Detroit River International Crossing Project. The consultant warrants that it does not have any special knowledge of or exceptional access to confidential information concerning:

- The Ontario-Michigan Border Transportation Partnership,
- The Work/Services to be performed under future contractual agreement;
- Pricing of the Work/Services to be performed; or
- The Letter of Interest evaluation process and/or Request for Proposal evaluation process, where such special knowledge of or exceptional access to confidential information may prejudice the Michigan Department of Transportation or constitute an unfair advantage to the consultant.

Baker Atlas understands it will be compensated on a time and materials basis.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in cursive script that reads "Ken Moss".

Ken Moss
Account Manager
Mt. Pleasant, Michigan

Edward J. Cording Geotechnical Consultant
P. O. Box 125 4 College Park Court Savoy, IL 61874
Phone 217 351 8709 Fax 217 351 8700

May 19, 2006

Ted Stone
Vice President
The Corradino Group
200 S. Fifth Street, Suite 300N
Louisville, KY 40202
Cell: 502.396.2131
Phone: 502.587.7221

Dear Mr. Stone:

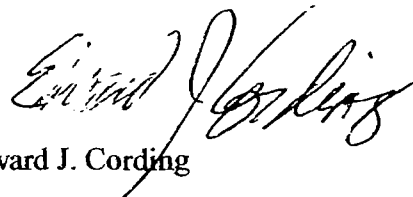
Edward J. Cording is pleased to be part of the consultant team working on the Detroit River International Crossing Project and is committed to working on the project.

Neither Edward J. Cording, as an individual, nor Edward J. Cording (sole proprietor) as a firm, has a conflict of interest or a potential conflict of interest as defined in the Letter of Interest request issued by the Michigan Department of Transportation for the Detroit River International Crossing Project. The consultant warrants that it does not have any special knowledge of or exceptional access to confidential information concerning:

- The Ontario-Michigan Border Transportation Partnership,
- The Work/Services to be performed under future contractual agreement;
- Pricing of the Work/Services to be performed; or
- The Letter of Interest evaluation process and/or Request for Proposal evaluation process, where such special knowledge of or exceptional access to confidential information may prejudice the Michigan Department of Transportation or constitute an unfair advantage to the consultant.

Edward J. Cording understands he will be compensated on a unit cost plus directs basis.

Sincerely yours,



Edward J. Cording



Michigan Technological University

Research and Sponsored Programs

308 Administration Building
1400 Townsend Drive
Houghton, Michigan 49931-1295
906-487-2225 • Fax 906-487-2245

June 6, 2006

Ted Stone
Vice President
The Corradino Group
200 S. Fifth Street, Suite 300N
Louisville, KY 40202

Dear Mr. Stone:

Michigan Technological University is pleased to be a part of the consultant team working on the Detroit River International Crossing Project and is committed to working on the project.

Neither Michigan Technological University personnel or Michigan Technological University as a firm has a conflict of interest or a potential conflict of interest as defined in the Letter of Interest request issued by the Michigan Department of Transportation for the Detroit River International Crossing Project. The consultant warrants that it does not have any special knowledge of or exceptional access to confidential information concerning:

- * The Ontario-Michigan Border Transportation Partnership,
- * The Work/Services to be performed under future contractual agreement;
- * Pricing of the Work Services to be performed; or
- * The Letter of Interest evaluation process and/or Request for Proposal evaluation process, where such special knowledge of or exceptional access to confidential information may prejudice the Michigan Department of Transportation or constitute an unfair advantage to the consultant.

Michigan Technological University understands it will be compensated on a time and materials basis, reimbursed for actual expenditures including their federally approved indirect cost rate.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in cursive script that reads "Anita Quinn".

Anita Quinn
Director



Date: 23 October 2006

To: Ted Stone
Vice President
The Corradino Group
200 S. Fifth Street, Suite 300N
Louisville, KY 40202
Cell: 502.396.2131
Phone: 502.587.7221

1. Commitment to the Project

Micro-g LaCoste, Inc. is pleased to be a part of the consultant team working on the Detroit River International Crossing Project and is committed to working on the project.

2. Conflict of Interest

Neither Micro-g LaCoste, Inc. personnel or Micro-g LaCoste, Inc. as a firm has a conflict of interest or a potential conflict of interest as defined in the Letter of Interest request issued by the Michigan Department of Transportation for the Detroit River International Crossing Project. The consultant warrants that it does not have any special knowledge of or exceptional access to confidential information concerning:

- The Ontario-Michigan Border Transportation Partnership,
- The Work/Services to be performed under future contractual agreement;
- Pricing of the Work/Services to be performed; or
- The Letter of Interest evaluation process and/or Request for Proposal evaluation process, where such special knowledge of or exceptional access to confidential information may prejudice the Michigan Department of Transportation or constitute an unfair advantage to the consultant.

3. Basis of Payment

Micro-g LaCoste, Inc. understands it will be compensated on a time and materials basis.

Best regards,

Timothy M. Niebauer
President, Micro-g LaCoste Inc.

Attachment B

**NTH Draft Technical Report on
“Comparison of Pseudo 3-D Surface Seismic, Vertical
Seismic Profiling (VSP/RVSP) and Crosswell
Reflection Tomography Geophysical Methods”**

DRAFT:

**Technical Report on Comparison of Pseudo 3-D Surface Seismic, Vertical Seismic Profiling
(VSP/RVSP) and Crosswell Reflection Tomography Geophysical Methods**

Proposed Detroit River International Crossing

Prepared by:

NTH Consultants, Ltd.

**In cooperation with Mr. Bruce Marion of Z-Seis Reservoir Seismic and Dr. Roger
Turpening of Michigan Technological University**

Prepared for:

**The Corradino Group
In Partnership with
Parsons Transportation Group**

Project No. 15-050014-01

March 21, 2006

Mr. Joseph Corradino, P.E.
The Corradino Group
First Trust Center, Suite 300 North
Louisville, KY 40202

March 21, 2006
Project No. 15-050014-01

Re: DRAFT Technical Report on Comparison of Pseudo 3-D Surface Seismic, Vertical Seismic Profiling (VSP/RVSP) and Crosswell Reflection Tomography Geophysical Methods
Proposed Detroit River International Crossing
Detroit, Michigan

Dear Mr. Corradino:

In accordance with your request, we are pleased to submit the attached technical report in comparison of Pseudo 3-D surface seismic, vertical seismic profiling (VSP/RVSP), and crosswell reflection tomography geophysical methods. The purpose of this report is to provide a technical overview of the advantages and disadvantages of the methods as it relates to the proposed Brine Well Cavity Investigation for the Detroit River International Crossing. This report technically explains and confirms our intended investigation methods, as illustrated in our October 14, 2005 Revised Proposal for Geotechnical Services, Brine Well Investigation; as well as subsequent communications.

We look forward to our continuing involvement with this project. If you have any questions regarding this report, please call.

Sincerely,

NTH Consultants, Ltd.

Craig R. Johnson
Assistant Project Engineer

Joseph B. Alberts, P.E.
Principal Engineer

Fritz J. Klingler, P.E.
Vice President, Project Manager

CRJ/JBA/FJK/
Attachments
cc: Ms. Regine Beauboeuf, P.E. – Parsons Transportation

1.0 INTRODUCTION

The Michigan Department of Transportation (MDOT) has identified the need for a new crossing of the Detroit River between Southeast, Michigan and Southwest, Ontario. At this time, the project team is in the process of defining Practical Alternatives. As part of earlier work, a number of alternatives were considered, with corridors designated as X-10 and X-11 currently under selection. Both of these corridors are contained within the areas north of Zug Island and the existing Ambassador Bridge in southeast Detroit. A bridge has been identified as the practical crossing structure type within these corridors.

The general area that contains the two corridors has been known to contain or be near to suspected solution-mining areas. Therefore, work was approved to further investigate the historical solution mining activities for one of the corridors in the area, and to assess the competence and suitability of bedrock formations in these areas to support bridge foundations. Known areas of solution mining, preliminarily identified and discussed in NTH's Geotechnical Evaluation report dated December 28, 2005, are located on Zug Island and to the southern end of the project study area. The solution mining areas are further identified and discussed in NTH's Draft Preliminary Report on Historical Solution Mining Activities, dated January 23, 2006.

1.1 Summary of Overburden Information

The bedrock along the project corridor is overlain by approximately 100 feet of glacially deposited soils (drift), which have been deposited either directly by glacial ice (till), by glacial meltwater streams (glaciofluvial), or by glacial lakes (lacustrine deposits). The upper soil formations along the alignment generally consist of a relatively thick mantle of Wisconsin aged lacustrine clays (10,000 to 50,000 years ago) that, with the exception of the near-surface deposits, are typically medium to stiff in consistency. The lacustrine soils were deposited as sediments from a series of glacial lakes impounded between the ice front and the Inner Defiance Moraine located near the northwest corner of Wayne County. The upper 10 to 20 feet of these deposits have been desiccated during historical low water periods, resulting in soils of very stiff to hard consistency near the surface. The clay soils frequently contain intermittent sand and gravel layers that were produced from glacial rivers carrying coarser sediments as lake levels fluctuated. Localized alluvial soils are also present in test borings performed adjacent to the existing Detroit River, but tend to pinch-out with distance from the river. In some locations, relatively thick layers of sand and gravel identify lake shorelines.

The lacustrine deposits are typically underlain by a thin layer of highly over-consolidated glacial till, generally consisting of sand, silt, and gravel within a matrix of clay. This formation is locally termed "hardpan" and usually overlies the bedrock formation. Depending on the amount of clay binder contained in the hardpan, the material may range in nature from cohesive to granular. The hardpan is generally believed to be from the Illinoian Ice age (200,000 years ago) and can also contain calcium carbonate, producing a cemented condition.

1.2 Summary of Bedrock Information

The proposed crossing corridor is located at the geologically termed southeast margin of the Michigan Basin and within the Erie-Huron lowland. The Michigan Basin is termed as such due to the structural basin shape of the bedrock, in which layers of sedimentary rock dip inwards to the center of the Southern Peninsula from each direction as a series of bowls. The youngest

layers of bedrock are located in the center of the state, with older rock layers progressing outwards to the outer margins. Lowland areas occur where the bedrock surface is relatively low compared to other areas of the basin.

The upper bedrock at approximately 5,200 meters (17,000 feet) in thickness in the crossing corridor area is sedimentary and primarily composed of materials deposited in salty seas during the Middle Epoch of the Devonian Period of the Paleozoic Era, or approximately 260 million years ago. As the bedrock was being formed during this time, each layer subsided towards the center of the state and new layers formed on top and within the depression. Due to the size of the seas and the distance to the shorelines from the Detroit area, soils were generally deposited on the seabeds resulting in fairly uniform bedrock layers. The seas regressed late in the Paleozoic era and are thought to have never returned.

Table No 1, as follows, defines the horizons at which each rock formation is anticipated at the proposed bridge crossing locations, along with it's corresponding expected seismic velocity. This information is based mostly on a large volume of test data from Michigan Technological University's Reservoir Delineation Test Site in Thompsonville Michigan. The expected formation seismic velocity contrast will be utilized in the imaging of brine well cavities, "bulked up" cavities, or collapsing and rubbleized zones. Seismic and reflection based geophysical methods rely on the signal attenuation and/or reflection at these boundaries for target detection.

Formation	Anticipated Depth to Formation Top (feet)	Expected Formation Seismic Velocity (fps)
Dundee Limestone	100	17,200
Detroit River Group	167	20,000
Sylvania Sandstone	462	18,000
Bois Blanc Formation	548	17,500
Bass Islands Group	592	20,500
Salina G-Unit	847	17,500
Salina F-Unit ("First Salt")	910	14,000
Salina E-Unit	1,152	13,000-17,000
Salina D-Unit	1,255	13,000-17,000
Salina C-Unit	1,295	13,000-17,000
Salina B-Unit ("B-Salt")	1,428	12,000
Saturated Brine	900 - 1,500	5,900

Table 1. Anticipated Depth to Formations Tops with Expected Formation Seismic Velocities.

1.3 Solution Mining History

The Michigan Basin is one of the largest areas of halite (salt-NaCl) deposition in the world. Halite has historically been mined either directly in solid form as rock salt or as natural or artificial brine pumped through solution mining wells. The area beneath Detroit and Windsor within the Michigan Basin is currently mined using only conventional room and pillar excavation methods. Historically, beginning in the late 1880s, solution mining was used to mine for salt. Generally, the solution wells are thought to extend to depths of 1,100 to 1,300 feet in the study area according to available historic information. Available historic information also suggests that the potential solution mining cavities created in the study areas were produced with uncontrolled methods. The tops of the cavities are assumed to be irregular, poor seismic reflectors, and approximately 50 to 200 feet in diameter. Solution mining in the Detroit area was discontinued in the late 1950s to early 1960s as a result of

increasing concerns of surface subsidence. Known areas of solution mining, preliminarily identified and discussed in NTH's Geotechnical Evaluation report dated December 28, 2005, are located on Zug Island and to the southern end of the project study area. However, the occurrence of other undocumented brine wells throughout the corridor was not precluded primarily because solution mining companies are known to have owned many parcels along the river in addition to those where brine wells are documented.

With continued production using this method, solution cavities often coalesce with adjacent cavities to form composite cavities called galleries. As production continues in the gallery, large spans of unsupported roofs are sometimes created, which in turn could cause sagging, downward flexure, and local separation of rock units resulting in local roof collapse and eventual surface subsidence in some instances. Uncontrolled solution mining near the top of a salt layer commonly left overlying weak or weakened rocks exposed at the top of the cavity, which increased potential for roof collapses.

Based on the literature, the subsidence and/or collapse typically progresses upwards in a "chimney effect" on an acute angle from vertical outside edges of the cavity. It is believed that in many cases, even where brine cavity roof collapses occur, "bulking" of the collapsed rock above the cavity prevents the collapsed zone from progressing to the surface. However, several large sinkholes are known to have occurred immediately over brine well mining areas, and are attributed to progression of brine cavities to the surface.

Several theories have been published on subsidence progression to the surface in the Detroit area, the more notable of which attributes surface daylighting to failure of the Sylvania Sandstone formation at a depth of approximately 400 feet. According to the theory, the sandstone disintegrates under the induced compression from rock mass sagging, and the fragments filter downwards as granular material into voids below. This results in a void at a depth at approximately 400 feet instead of at the original cavity depth. This mechanism would explain why theoretical "bulking" of broken rock pieces would not be sufficient to fill the cavities before daylighting occurs.

The solution mining areas may be of concern for the proposed crossing locations, as they present the potential for future ground collapse and related adverse effects on elements of the proposed crossing structure. As such, we understand that it will be important to identify and address these issues in the planning and design for the project. As part of the investigation, geophysical methods have been chosen to identify the existence of solution mining caverns within the study area. The methods have been further refined to essentially "clear" a zone free of solution mining cavities and rubbleized or collapsing rock zones in which to locate bridge foundations. For a complete explanation of the proposed geophysical investigation methods, refer to NTH's Revised Proposal for Geotechnical Services, dated October 14, 2005.

2.0 DISCUSSION OF PROPOSED GEOPHYSICAL METHODS

In selecting an appropriate geophysical exploration method for this project, the design team must consider many factors. In situations like those presented in this area, the need for increased resolution becomes the defining point of this type of investigation. As cavity tops are relatively small, irregular, and poor seismic reflectors compared with their depth below ground surface, high resolution becomes necessary to detect and define the limits of the cavities, rubbleized, or collapsing rock zones

under the potential bridge foundation locations. The proposed geophysical method must be capable of adapting the challenging conditions of the environment in which it is implemented. The chosen method must be capable of retaining detailed image resolution, while combating the effects of a noisy city environment, noisy river environment, relatively thick glacial till layers, and the potential for multiple shallow reflectors. The geophysical methods currently under discussion are pseudo 3-D surface seismic, vertical seismic profiling (VSP/RVSP) and crosswell seismic (tomography) with reflection imaging. The following is a discussion of the advantages and disadvantages of the proposed methods currently under discussion.

3.0 SURFACE SEISMIC METHODS

3.1 Advantages of Surface Seismic Methods

Surface seismic methods, including pseudo 3-D surface seismic, have become accepted methods for characterizing large-scale features in the subsurface over large areas. In oil and gas exploration, Pseudo 3-D surface seismic is a standard tool to define large structures that may hold hydrocarbons. Such a method, where surface access is readily available and surface noise levels are low, can be used to rapidly and cost-effectively achieve a gross view of a large area to define targets for more detailed analysis and drilling.

3.2 Disadvantages of Surface Seismic Methods

The disadvantages of surface methods can be summarized as follows: lack of resolution which may make definition of solution mining areas difficult and uncertain. The limited resolution is due to the distance from seismic sources and receivers to the target zone and is compounded by a number of unique aspects of the proposed DRIC crossing locations as identified as follows: urban high noise environment, inaccessibility of the surface for sources and receivers due to urbanization and local population, excessive near-surface attenuation due to the glacial till at the surface, scattering of energy near the surface due to the presence of fill and debris from former industrial operations including concrete chunks, seawalls, buried foundation elements including footings, slabs, basements, etc., and the irregular nature of the top of the solution mining voids. The sections below describe in detail the technical issues and difficulties in using surface seismic methods in the DRIC setting.

3.2.1 Resolution Limitations of Surface Seismic—The Disadvantage of Low Frequency Energy

One of the major disadvantages of surface seismic methods is the fact that only low frequency energy is present due to the long and attenuative travel paths. High frequency energy, even if it could be generated by surface sources, would be attenuated by the long propagation path and the fact that it must pass through the thick glacial till (100 ft. thick in the survey region) as well a potential weathered bedrock layer. Therefore surface methods, everywhere in the world, are relegated to the low frequency band from 10's of Hertz (Hz.) to 100 or 150Hz. with surveys in Michigan occupying the lower portion of that band due to a relatively thick layer of glacial till.

Three major disadvantages result from this low frequency band.

- Noise from vehicular traffic are in the same band
- Poor detection of targets (if data can be acquired at all)
- Poor resolution (if data can be acquired at all)

The first of these problems is documented here by reprinting verbatim a segment of a paper by Peter Kirk (1981). Below, in the course of discussing the properties of vibrator sweeps (which are also used in downhole sources, thus not solely an advantage for surface sources), Kirk states that noise from vehicular traffic is in the frequency range of 10 to 40 Hz., precisely in the surface seismic signal band, typical of surface surveys performed in Michigan. The section, printed below in its entirety, suggests a way of working around this traffic problem, however his idea is based on sporadic, light, infrequent traffic. Such efforts at working around traffic and other industrial noise common 24-hours per day in the target area, are likely unworkable in the area of Detroit under consideration.

2.3. The Effect of Sweep Length on Noise

The signal-to-noise ratio of Vibroseis records is further improved by the cross-correlation process, and the resultant improvement is dependent on the length of the input sweep. Landrum³ developed the following relationship for the improvement of signal-to-noise ratio when the noise is of a random nature:

$$S/N \text{ improvement} = 20 \log_{10}[T(f_{n_2} - f_{n_1})]^{1/2} \text{ dB}$$

$$\text{when } f_{n_1} < f_1 \quad \text{and} \quad f_{n_2} > f_2$$

where T = input sweep length in seconds, f_1, f_2 = start and end frequencies of sweep in Hz, and $f_{n_2} - f_{n_1}$ = bandwidth of the noise in Hz. For 'white' noise, f_{n_1} and f_{n_2} will be the lower and upper limits of the recording system: probably the low-cut and anti-alias filters.

All noise with frequencies outside the sweep bandwidth will not correlate at all with the sweep and so will be completely removed. If we ignore the signal-to-noise improvement obtained by removing frequencies outside the

sweep bandwidth (since we would not process such frequencies anyway), the previous equation becomes

$$S/N \text{ improvement} = 20[\log_{10}(T\Delta)^2] \text{ dB}$$

where $\Delta =$ input sweep bandwidth $= f_2 - f_1$.

Inserting some typical figures into the above equation, for a 10–60 Hz sweep the S/N improvement would be 24 dB for a 5 s sweep and 30 dB for a 20 s sweep. Such improvements would be sufficient to eliminate ambient random noise caused by wind, rain, animal movement and normal ground unrest, but not noise caused by heavy vehicles: hence the need for the methods of noise reduction mentioned earlier. It is also important to realise that such figures do not take into account the loss of signal due to earth filtering, especially at the high end of the spectrum. The sweep bandwidth could be doubled, but this would not improve the S/N ratio if little or no signal is recovered at the higher frequencies.

Frequency analyses of traffic noise show that it is not truly random but is very band-limited—almost monochromatic. However, it is not possible to predict the frequency a particular vehicle emits since this depends upon the type of vehicle and its engine speed. Unfortunately the noise frequencies generally lie between 10 and 40 Hz: right in the middle of the useful seismic frequency range. The length of time during which a vehicle affects a particular channel is also important and for traffic moving at normal speeds this tends to vary between 5 and 10 s. Given these facts, we can see that there is a probability of a vehicle passing a particular recording station whilst the vibrators are not vibrating at the noise frequencies which the vehicle is emitting, and furthermore that this probability is directly related to the sweep length. When this occurs the vehicle noise will not correlate with the recorded sweep and thus will not appear on the final record. In this respect, the cross-correlation process acts as a powerful time-variant filter. The process may be illustrated with a plot of time versus frequency (Fig. 4).

In Fig. 4 it can be seen that vehicle 1 passed the recording station whilst frequencies of around fn_1 were being vibrated and recorded. As a result, the output correlated trace will be contaminated with noise of frequency fn_1 . However, when vehicle 2 passed the recording station the frequencies being vibrated and recorded were much higher than frequency fn_2 . As a result, the noise from vehicle 2 arrived too late on the trace to correlate with the sweep and did not appear on the output correlated trace.

The sweep length which can actually be recorded is limited by two factors. The first is the number of data samples which can be handled by the computer which performs the cross-correlation process. This is likely to be



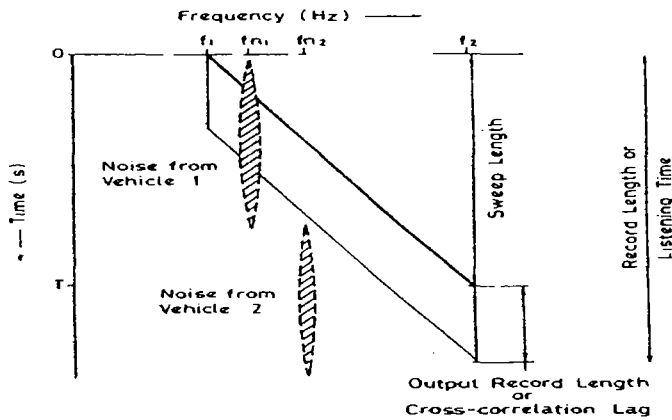


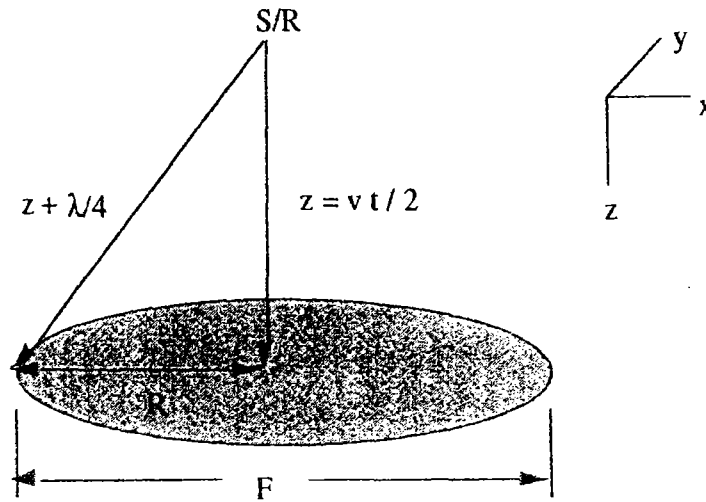
FIG. 4. Time v. frequency plot of a Vibroseis recorded trace.

about 16 000 samples (64 s at 4 ms sampling rate) for a computer based at a processing centre and much less, say 4000 samples, for a field-based correlator. The second factor is the required rate of production. For example, if we are allowed approximately two minutes per vibrator point we could vibrate four 30 s sweeps or eight 16 s sweeps. In other words, we must strike a compromise between sweep length and the number of sweeps per vibrator point. In order to optimise the signal-to-noise ratio, we should ensure that the number of sweeps is sufficient to allow the noise reduction process to work efficiently and to give us an efficient source array, and that the sweep length is longer than the time it takes a vehicle to pass a recording station.

Reprinting this section of Kirk's paper serves the dual purpose of highlighting the improvement in signal to noise ratio that will be achieved in cross well reflection imaging through the use of a swept frequency source. We will be using a wide, high frequency sweep of 100 Hz. to 3,000Hz, which has been proven over long distances (2,000 +ft.) at the joint Department of Energy / Michigan Technological University's Traverse City Test Site, and sweep lengths of 0.35 sec. Kirk's equation states that we will enjoy a 30db improvement in signal to noise ratio. This will be restated in the *Advantages of Cross Well Reflection Imaging*, below.

3.2.2 Poor Detection of Small Targets

Another disadvantage of the fact that surface seismic methods must occupy a low frequency band is the resultant large Fresnel zone.



$$F = [(2VZ)/f]^{1/2}$$

Where: F = diameter of the first Fresnel zone
 V = average velocity
 Z = depth of target
 f = predominate frequency of seismic signal

At the DRIC location, the parameters V , Z , and f yield a diameter of the first Fresnel zone (F) of approx. 650 ft. What does this mean?

The Fresnel zone is the area on a reflector illuminated by the seismic energy, i.e. the area that gives rise to the signal detected by the receivers on the surface. Two major consequences follow from this simple statement—a detection consequence and a resolution consequence.

First, if the target of interest is small compared to this diameter, the reflected signal will not “sense” its presence—essentially the reflected signal will be representative of “everything around the target” instead of the target. This is the detection issue, i.e. does the reflected signal convey or contain the information about the presence of a target?

Secondly, if one wishes to resolve or separate two targets from each other in the seismic image, the Fresnel zone is a measure of the quality of what the resolution will be. Now, subsequent processing, 2-D or 3-D migration can change that resolution, but it can never be better than one half of the predominate wavelength (λ). Again, for parameters at the DRIC crossing locations, the wavelengths are very large, approximately 200 ft. to 300 ft. Thus, resolution can never be better than 100 ft. to 150 ft. and for many reasons such as noise (again the major issue in Detroit), poor migration algorithms, poor velocity information, and spatial aliasing, the value of one half a wavelength is never achieved.

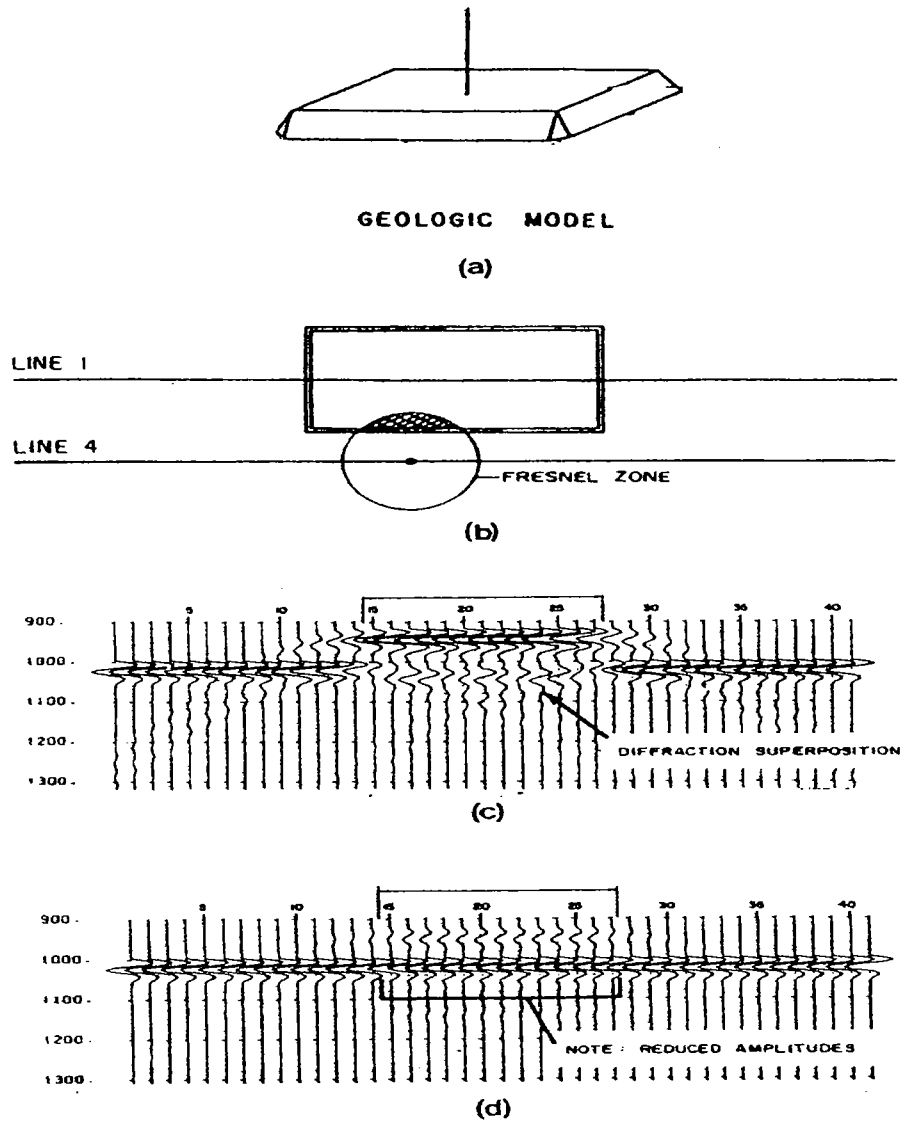


Figure 1
 Synthetic seismic traces from a physical model experiment showing the effect of a large Fresnel zone and a small target. Here the phenomena is represented by a Fresnel zone that overlies a small portion of the target. In line (d) one can see the weak event from the top of the box. Even a modest amount of noise would completely obscure this signal (after Neidell and Poggiagliolmi, 1977).

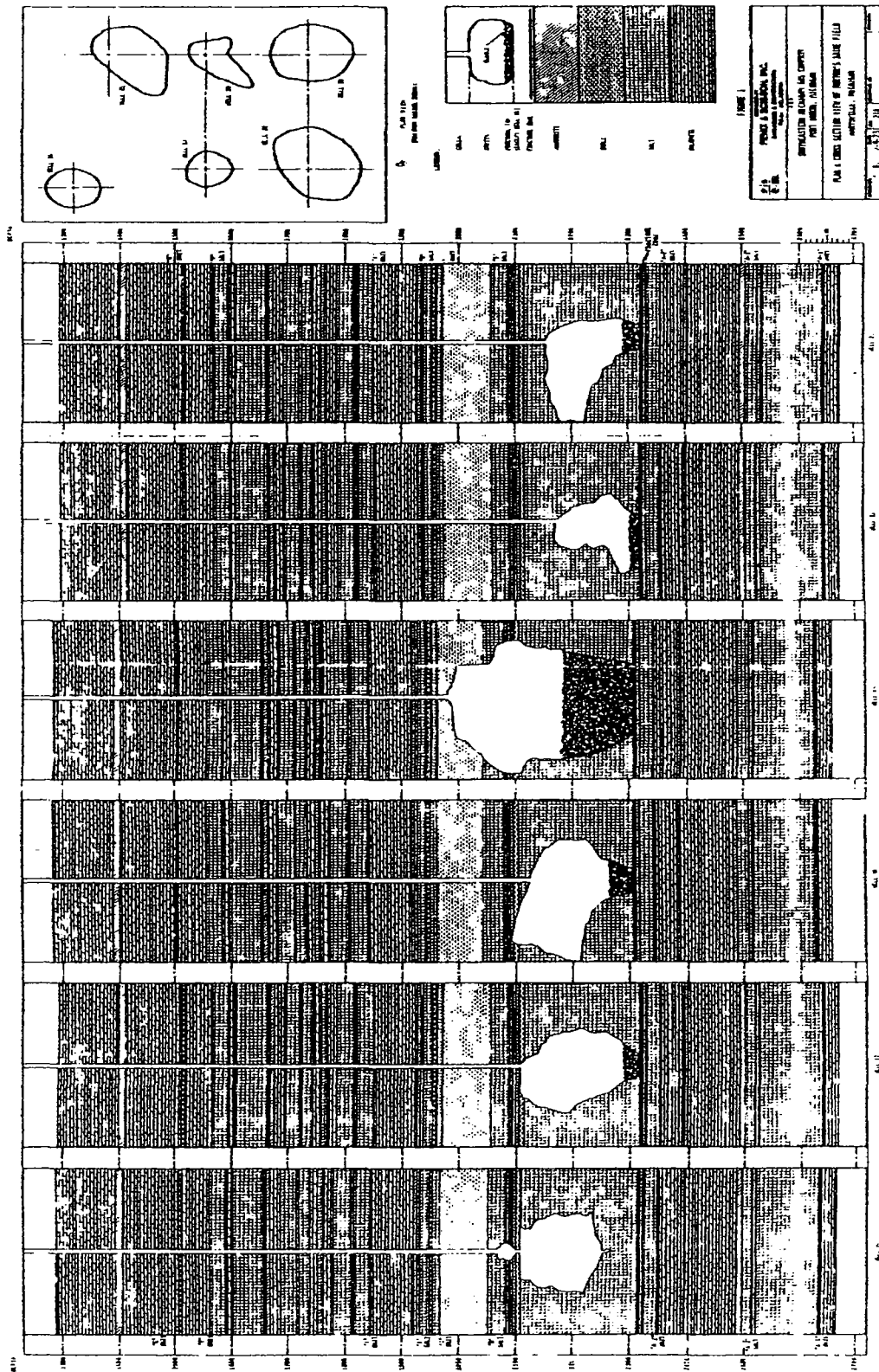


Figure 2 Cross section of solution mining cavities in the Marysville, Mich. area. Note that the tops of the cavities are irregular making them poor seismic reflectors. The figures in the upper left corner are maximum radii without regard to depth and are not "tops".

But, the more serious issue for salt cavity detection is the question of whether a cavity is even detected in the first place. Figure 1 shows the consequences of a large Fresnel zone and a small target. Here this is shown as the Fresnel zone missing most of the target. The seismic signal in (d) shows a weak indication of the presence of the box.

The tops of salt cavities full of brine (Figure 2) are obviously poor reflectors. Cavities “bulked up” (which by now, 50 to 100 years after solution mining took place, represents at least some and possibly all of the cavities we seek) would be even worse reflectors. Thus, they represent a small fraction of the area of a Fresnel zone, thereby producing little or no reflected signal.

The cavity tops seen in Figure 2. are depicted in two dimensions, presenting an optimistic reflector size. Even in this overly optimistic view, they are nevertheless small compared to Fresnel zone diameters computed from equation 1. Representing approximately 10% to 20% the size of a Fresnel zone. Returning to Figure 1., it is clear that the reflected signal would not be seen in the presence of noise.

In summary:

- Surface seismic reflection methods force data into a low frequency band, eliminating the high frequency energy and high-resolution capabilities
- High velocity carbonates occupy nearly the entire stratigraphic column beneath the glacial till and above the salt. High velocity carbonate layers create large wavelengths, again forcing the data to be low frequency energy.
- Cavities are found at depths of 1,100 to 1,200 feet.
- Tops of brine filled cavities are poor seismic reflectors due to small, irregular interface
- Most or all cavities in this survey are potentially even more difficult to detect. They are “bulked up” i.e. full of large blocks of roof creating a low reflection contrast with the surrounding formations

All contrive to make the detection of a cavity with surface seismic methods unlikely to impossible. This observation is supported by the experience of SEMCO, a gas company in southeastern Michigan, who has repeatedly attempted to define the upper limits of solution mining cavities for potential gas injection reservoirs. The attempts were made in near identical subsurface conditions as presented in the DRIC study areas using surface seismic reflection techniques and processed with advanced data processing equipment. The attempts were eventually stopped, as high frequency/high resolution data could not be achieved.

3.2.3 Ambient Noise and Array Theory

Seismic noise in a city is several orders of magnitude greater than that seen in the open country outside the city. Large trucks and other industrial noise that are common 24 hours per day in this area (Yellow Freight, US Steel, I-75 Expressway, etc.) create visible motion that is 10^4 to 10^5 times larger than the noise levels experienced in surface seismic work outside the city. In this area of Detroit, the situation is also worse because of the Detroit River and the large Great Lakes boats that may navigate the river; moreover the seismic surveys in question must be performed on the shore of that river.

Arrays of geophones are always used to reduce seismic noise, but the noise cannot be eliminated. When the noise level is very high, seismic array (or group) performance is insufficient by several orders of magnitude. Furthermore, using seismic arrays, or groups, greatly increases the number of geophones needed in any given survey.

Array Theory

Ambient seismic noise is predominately surface waves and arrays, or groups, function by summing the output of geophones that have been spaced at specific intervals on the earth. The intervals are chosen such that the surface waves are summed out of phase while

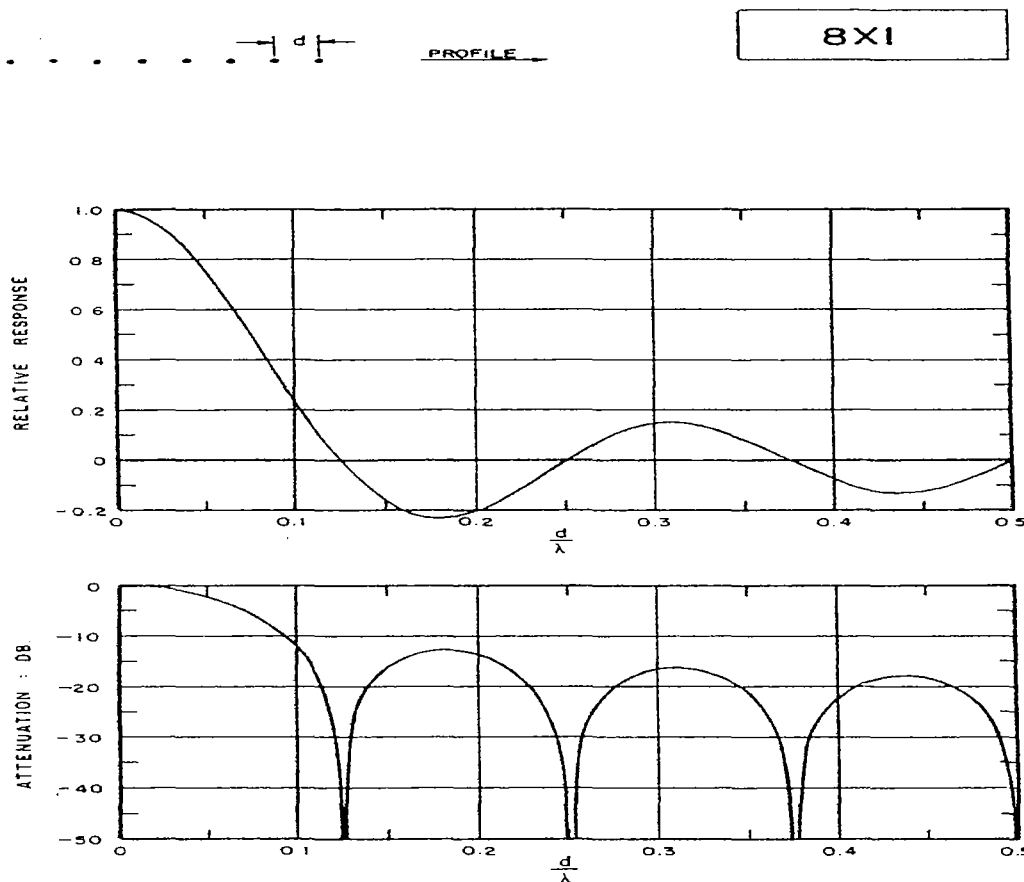


Figure 3 Array response for a group of eight geophones, with a spacing of d , in a straight line (top of the figure. The group is in line with the seismic profile. Here it is assumed that the seismic source for the profile is the source of noise (groundroll). Note that complete rejection of noise only occurs for four discrete wavelength values for a given value of d . Seismic noise is broadband.

simultaneously summing the desired signal in phase. This is possible because the signal is incident upon the array from below (perpendicular to the array) while seismic noise, as mentioned, propagates along the surface of the earth. However, much must be known or assumed about both the signal and the noise before the summation is even moderately effective—perfect cancellation of broadband noise does not occur.

It assumes that here is only one source of noise and its position is known, this only occurs when the seismic source is also the only noise source, then the array can be pointed at the noise source. This is indicated in all of the figures by the "profile" arrow. Figure 3 displays the response of an array of eight geophones. It is clear that over a broad range of noise wavelengths (λ) (directly related to frequency, given knowledge of velocity) the array reduces the noise merely by 20db to 25db (a factor of 10 to 18).

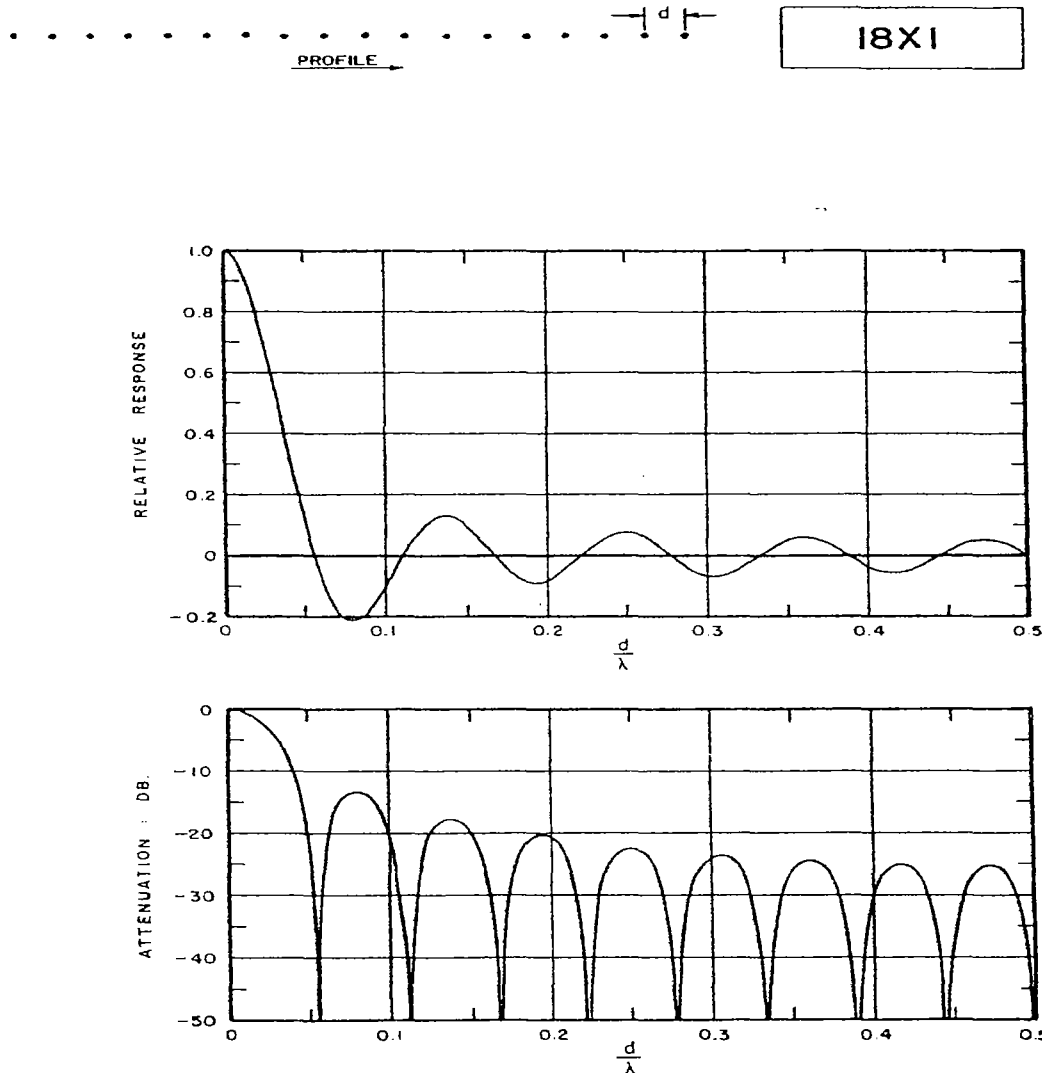


Figure 4 Array response for a group of eighteen geophones (top of the figure) with an element spacing of d . Over a broad range of wavelengths (λ) the array rejects noise by 25db to 30 db (a factor of 18 to 32)

If the array contains more elements (geophones) then the rejection improves (Figure 4) but this is only a minor improvement compared to the problem at hand. Moreover, it assumes that all of the noise is coming from one direction; clearly not true in a city.

Spatially distributed arrays of geophones can be deployed (Figure 5) to address the problem of noise propagating in many directions. Again, the number of geophones that must be handled goes up but the performance of the array is poor because the number of

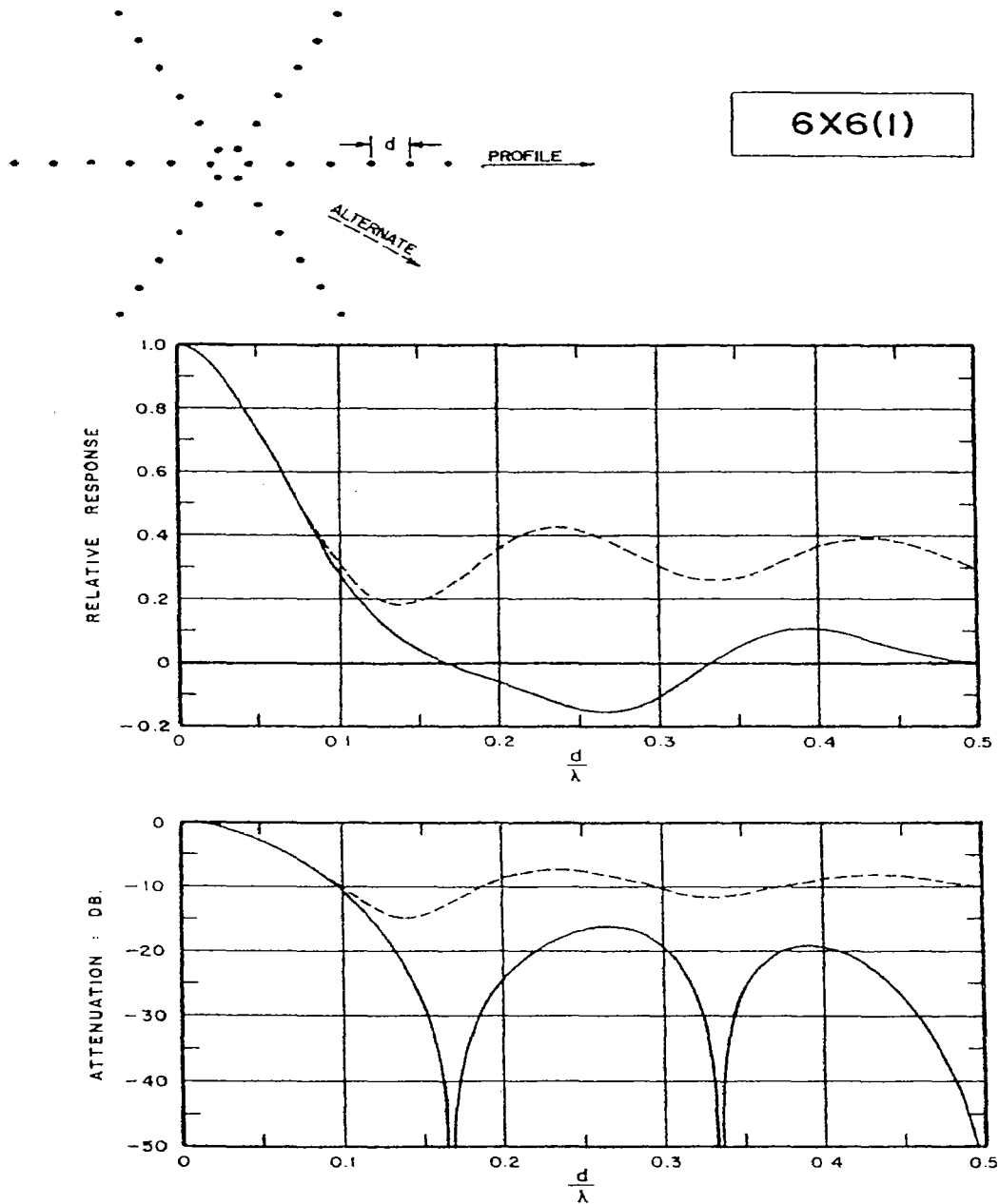


Figure 5 Array response for a group of 36 geophones arranged in a star pattern with an element spacing of d . The performance of the array varies dramatically as a function of direction with the noise being reduced by only a factor of 10db (factor of 3.2) in some directions (labeled "alternate" above).

geophones along any specific direction is small. In Figure 5, we see that the best performance is a rejection of approximately 20db to 25db (a factor of 10 to 18db), however, the performance is only 10db (a factor of 3.2) in many directions.

To achieve even the modest rejection of noise seen here, requires a large number of geophones. A small recording system deploying only 500 to 1,000 channels would require 18,000 to 36,000 geophones, which, in turn, requires several technicians to deploy and pickup the spread. This increases the cost and logistics of the survey, not to mention the need for vast amounts of unobstructed surface area.

Given that seismic noise levels in a city can be many orders of magnitude greater than that outside of town one can see that the performance of arrays, or groups of geophones (factors of 3 to 32) is of little use.

In summary, geophone arrays or groups are always used in surface seismic work, but their performance is poor compared to the seismic noise levels, especially omni directional noise levels that exist in a city, especially in a city on a major active river. It is also commonplace to acquire data at night, but again, along this area of the Detroit River, this practice is of little value. Lastly, the use of large arrays, especially spatial arrays greatly increases the number of geophones that must be deployed.

4.0 DOWNHOLE GEOPHYSICAL METHODS

4.1 Vertical Seismic Profiling and Reverse Vertical Seismic Profiling

Vertical Seismic Profiling (VSP) is essentially the application of surface seismic techniques applied in a drilled borehole situation. Seismic receivers are placed at known levels throughout the borehole in combination with seismic sources placed at specific intervals on the surface. In "Reverse" Vertical Seismic Profiling (RVSP), sources are placed at known intervals with the borehole, in combination with arrays of seismic receivers placed on the surface. As the theory behind both VSP and RVSP are identical, both methods will be referenced under VSP for convenience in the remainder of this paper.

VSP has become an accepted technique for characterizing large-scale features in the subsurface at depth and for characterizing small targets in the very near surface environment. In oil and gas exploration, VSP is a standard tool to define large structures within existing well fields where drilled wells are already available. Such a method, where existing wells are readily available and surface noise levels are low, can be used to achieve a gross view of a large area to define targets for more detailed analysis and drilling. VSP is a specialty seismic service used in the oilfield to provide a better tie of the surface seismic data to well control. The conventional VSP provides a 1-D seismic bandwidth velocity survey (checkshot) to provide time-to-depth conversion for surface seismic data, and also provides a reflection trace at the well to assist in tying surface seismic data to the well.

4.1.1 Disadvantages of VSP and RVSP Methods

The disadvantages of VSP and RVSP are essentially the same as surface seismic methods and can be summarized as follows: lack of resolution, which will make definition of solution mining areas difficult and uncertain. The limited resolution is due to the distance from seismic sources and receivers to the target zone and is compounded by a number of unique aspects of the proposed DRIC crossing locations as identified as follows: urban high noise environment, inaccessibility of the surface for sources and receivers due to urbanization and local population, excessive near-surface attenuation due to the glacial till at the surface, scattering of energy near the surface due to the presence of fill and debris from former industrial operations including

concrete chunks, seawalls, buried foundation elements including footings, slabs, basements, etc., and the irregular nature of the top of the solution mining voids. The section below describes in detail the technical issues and difficulties in using VSP methods in the DRIC setting

4.1.2 Resolution Limitations of VSP—The Disadvantage of Low Frequency Energy

The major disadvantages of VSP is the fact that only low frequency energy is present due to the long and attenuative travelpaths, however, there is only a one-way path through the attenuative near-surface layers as opposed to a two-way path for conventional surface seismic methods. The elimination of one path through the near-surface can result in up to 50% more bandwidth and enhancement in resolution relative to surface seismic data. However, high frequency energy, even if it could be generated by surface or downhole airgun sources, would be attenuated by the long propagation path and the fact that it must pass through the thick glacial till (100 ft. thick in the survey region) as well a potential weathered bedrock layer. Therefore VSP, everywhere in the world, are relegated to the low frequency band from 10's of Hertz (Hz.) up to a maximum of 200 Hz., with surveys in Michigan occupying the lower portion of that band due to a relatively thick layer of glacial till.

Three major disadvantages result from this low frequency band.

- Noise from vehicular traffic and other industrial noise in same band is not completely eliminated.
- Poor detection of small irregular targets, if data can be acquired
- Poor resolution, as high frequency is till attenuated, if data can be acquired

4.1.3 Survey Area -The Disadvantage of Urban Environments

In conventional VSP, a surface source is required with attendant surface access issues. The result, using a single surface source position offset from the surface location of the borehole, is an Offset VSP, or 2-D line extending up to about 70% of the target depth from the wellbore, which may be difficult to obtain in urban settings.

A recent experimental approach is 3-D VSP, in which many receivers are placed in the well and surface sources are fired in a grid on the surface all around the well. The result is a pseudo 3-D image. In the DRIC crossing application, the image will be in a radius of less than 1,000 feet around the receiver borehole. The image will have the same low-frequency characteristic as VSP and there will be significant impact of a full surface grid of source points covering about 4,000,000 square feet of the surface. In an urban location, 3-D VSP data acquisition is next to impossible, due to the large volume of geophones and the inherent difficulty of urban surface features such as roads, streets houses, power lines, active industry, shallow reflectors, etc. High frequency content, similar to surface methods, is drastically lowered as the potential reflector is moved away from the borehole position. The result is low resolution away from the borehole due to signal attenuation within the glacial till layers. This principle essentially lowers the affective diameter of the survey, thus creating the chance for voids to be missed as you move further away from the source location.

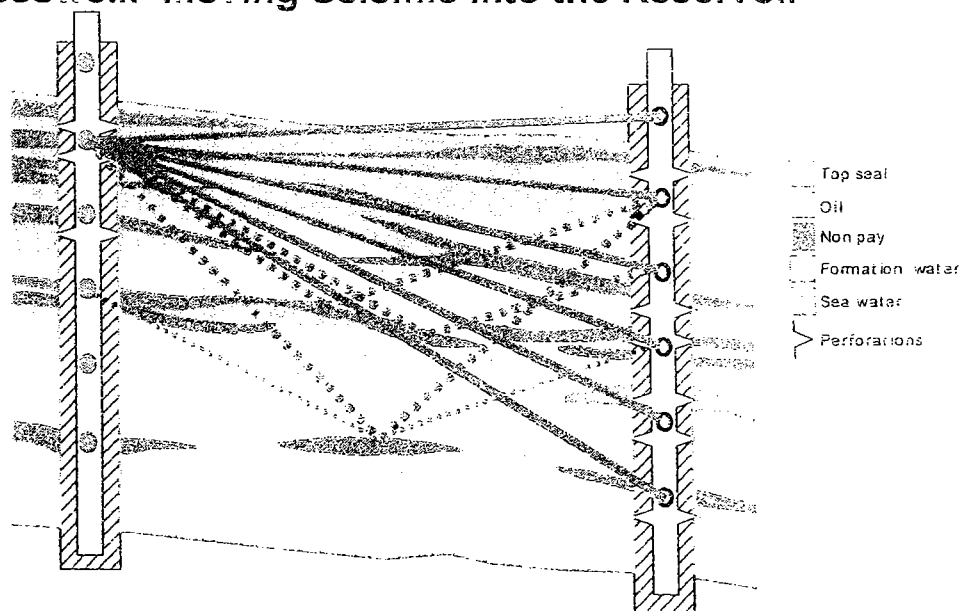
4.0 PRINCIPLES AND ADVANTAGES OF CROSS WELL SEISMIC METHODS

In crosswell seismic, seismic sources and receivers are placed in boreholes near to the target interval as shown in Figure 6. The downhole placement of sources and receivers has several advantages:

1. The seismic signals do not propagate through the attenuative weathered near-surface layer, in this case the seismically notorious Michigan till.
2. Travelpaths are minimized with sources and receivers close to the target.
3. Travelpaths are through deeper, more-competent formations. In this case the travelpaths will be through low-attenuation Michigan carbonate formations.

Two types of information are present: in addition to seismic reflectivity data from the dotted paths in Figure X1, crosswell also provides the direct travelpaths from source to receiver. With the measured traveltimes along these paths, irregularly shaped velocity perturbations within the earth can be imaged using tomographic inversion algorithms. Both "bulked up" cavities and uncollapsed brine-filled cavities can be imaged using the direct travelpaths from crosswell imaging.

Crosswell: Moving Seismic Into the Reservoir



After Ed Stoessel / BP

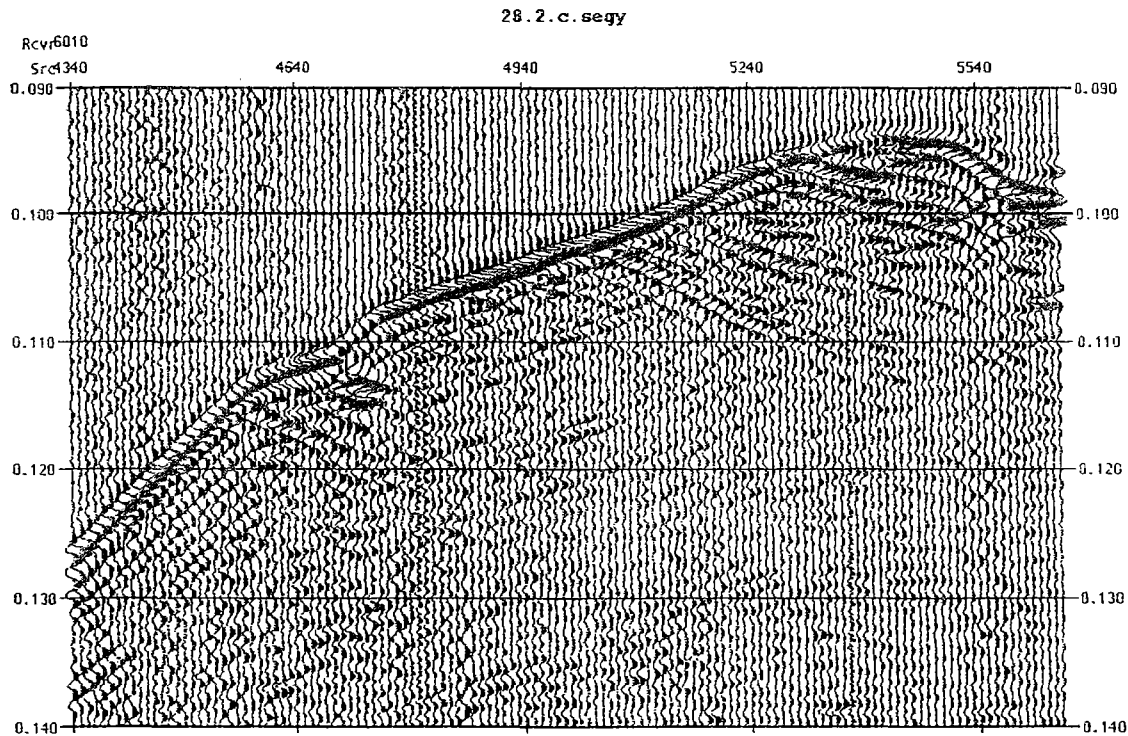
Figure 6

4.1 Crosswell Enhances Resolution

Crosswell is applied in applications where high resolution is required, for imaging detailed reservoir architecture in oil and gas applications, and for pinpointing deeply buried features in engineering and mining applications. Enhanced resolution, typically 10 to 100 times the

resolution of surface seismic methods, is routinely obtained due to the factors identified as follows: shorter travelpaths, the lack of travelpaths through high attenuation layers (till), and the inherent characteristics of the crosswell geometry. This enhanced resolution is directly the result of higher frequencies present in the crosswell data.

The objective is to produce at least 2 kHz energy in the DRIC imaging application. The proposed source is a high-power piezoelectric source developed for oilfield applications in strategic alliance with Shell Oil. The source has been used in perhaps ten times as many oilfield applications as other sources such as airguns, sparker, or etrema. In direct comparative proprietary tests, the piezoelectric source has been seen to be several times stronger than a sparker or etrema source. The source is routinely used in oilfield applications at well spacings of up to 3,000 ft (approximately 1 km). We have demonstrated up to 3 kHz frequency content at a well spacing of 2,000 feet in the same stratigraphic section expected in the Detroit River crossing at Michigan Tech's test wells in northern Michigan. A typical common receiver gather showing the data quality is shown in Figure 7 together with a typical spectrum showing frequency content to 3 kHz.



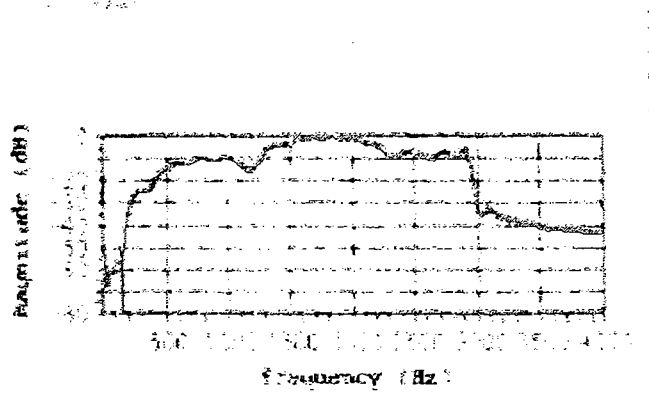


Figure 7 Seismic data and spectrum from Michigan Tech test site in similar sediments to the Detroit River Crossing area, demonstrating 3 kHz upper frequency at 2000 feet between wells.

The Fresnel zone considerations described above also show that the Fresnel zone is linearly decreased in size with increased frequency. Therefore, the 30:1 to 50:1 frequency advantage of crosswell over surface seismic in the DRIC application reduces the Fresnel zone by a factor of 30 to 50 and increases the resolution proportionately. In addition, the crosswell piezoelectric source is a vibratory correlative source, in which we expect a 30dB improvement in signal to noise ratio based on Kirk's equation as described above.

4.2 Reduced Noise Susceptibility

Another advantage of the crosswell geometry with receivers placed deep in the earth is that surface-generated noise such as the urban and cultural noise including traffic and shipping at the proposed crossing sites is 1000 feet away from the receivers. Any such surface-generated noise in addition to being inherently low frequency as described above is further reduced in high-frequency content by propagating through the 100 feet of glacial till at the surface. Therefore, the near-surface attenuation, which is a strong disadvantage for surface seismic methods, is a strong advantage for the crosswell method since it further reduces high-frequency noise. The expected upper frequency of surface noise as measure downhole is less than 100 Hz. The piezoelectric source sweep will be 100 Hz to at least 2 kHz. Therefore, the crosswell signal band and the surface noise band do not overlap.

4.3 Surface Access Limitations

Crosswell operations do not require surface access. Portable wireline winches and recording cabins are placed in direct proximity to the borehole wellheads. Inter-unit communication between the source and receiver equipment is achieved either with a single fiber optic surface cable, or where necessary, using a line-of-sight infrared link, which does not requires access to the ground between the source and receiver wells.

4.4 Improved Integration

Crosswell seismic is conducted between two boreholes, therefore the seismic velocity and reflectivity images can be ground-truthed to core measurements and/or logs at each of the two wells. In this application, lithology and formation seismic velocity information will already be compiled before the crosswell techniques are implemented, further refining the ability of the method to produce the desired affects.

4.5 Disadvantages of Cross Well Seismic Methods

Crosswell seismic imaging between two vertical boreholes produces a 2-D image of seismic velocity (a tomogram) as well as a 2-D reflectivity section between the two boreholes. To produce a 3-D image and interpretation, crosswell profiles are conducted between several pairs of boreholes along several azimuths. Two or more profiles can be acquired at one time by using one source and receivers in two or more adjacent boreholes. Additional boreholes outside the original investigation area would need to be performed prior to additional crosswell imaging if features outside the original scope are to be imaged.

5.0 CONCLUSIONS

Crosswell vs. 3-D Surface Seismic / VSP		
	Crosswell	3-D Seismic / VSP-RVSP
Upper Freq.	2000 Hz	50-70 Hz / 100-120 Hz (attenuation due to fill)
Resolution	2-5 feet	75-200 feet / 50-120 feet
Operation	No surface access Well access	Surface access / Surface access VSP also requires well access
Coverage	Grid of 2-D Images	3-D Volume / 2-D or 3-D
Noise	Receivers downhole low noise	Susceptible to surface noise VSP uses downhole receiver

Figure 8 Summary Comparison of Crosswell Reflection Tomography, Surface Seismic, and VSP Geophysical Methods

The main factors that affect the intended geophysical methods are: the need for high-resolution data, urban high noise environment, inaccessibility of the surface for sources and receivers due to urbanization and local population, excessive near-surface attenuation due to the glacial till at the

surface, scattering of energy near the surface due to the presence of fill and debris from former industrial operations including concrete chunks, seawalls, buried foundation elements including footings, slabs, basements, etc., and the irregular nature of the top of the solution mining voids. Refer to figure No 8, as follows, for an estimate of the data quality that can be expected based on the factors previously mentioned in this paper.

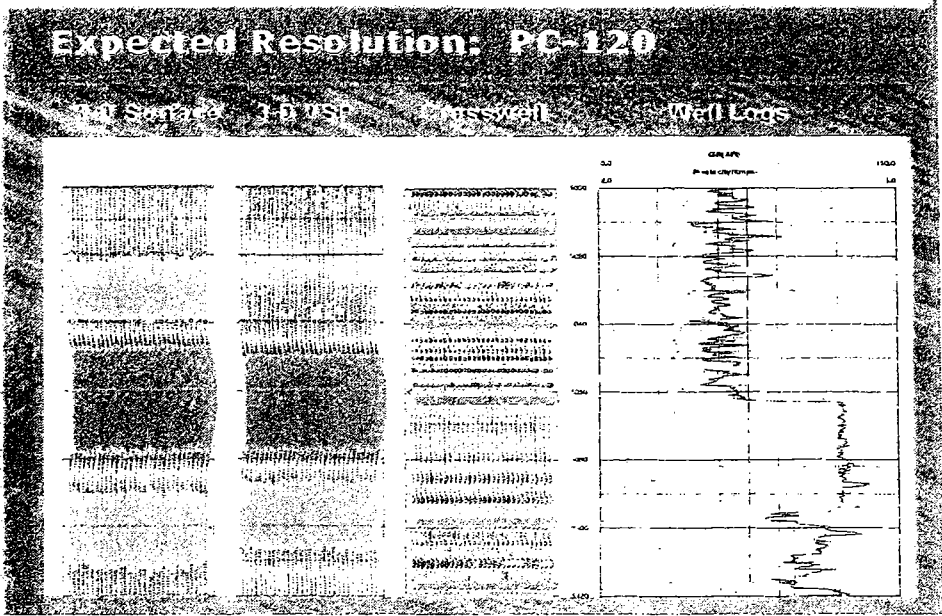


Figure 9 Expected resolution of various geophysical detection methods for the DRIC project area.

Based on the above discussion and the defining factors of the proposed investigation, it is clear that surface seismic techniques and/or VSP will likely not be able to detect old solution mining cavities, especially, "bulked up" cavities. Therefore, crosswell seismic techniques should be utilized for the detection of voids in the proposed DRIC crossing locations.

Attachment C

**Proposal for Crosswell Seismic Services
Z SEIS**



NTH CONSULTANTS IMAGING SOLUTION MINING ZONES

PROPOSAL FOR CROSSWELL SEISMIC SERVICES

6709 Glen Burn
Irrigon, TX 77049
Tel: (713) 690 5751
Fax: (713) 690 5771
www.z-seis.com

JULY 12, 2005

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PROJECT OBJECTIVE

This proposal provides specific pricing and information regarding the project approach developed during a meeting between NTH, Layne Christensen and Z-Seis on 12 July 2005. The approach is to drill 2 boreholes and conduct a single crosswell profile between the boreholes in each of 3 areas. The boreholes will be 1000 feet apart and about 1500 feet in depth. The target zone of interest is from about 400 feet (an upper potential collapse zone) to about 1200 feet including the potential cavities/galleries in the salt formation.

As to the maximum distance between boreholes, three factors were considered: imaging coverage, resolution and signal-to-noise ratio. Based on geology information and logs received from NTH and Dr. Roger Turpening, we expect high frequency data to be generated to distances well in excess of 1,000 feet between wells. Therefore, we expect high vertical resolution for well spacings to 1,500 or even 2,000 feet. Signal-to-noise ratio may, however, be a limiting factor, due to the shallowness of the wells and the proximity to cultural noise in the river environment. Horizontal resolution also decreases as a function of distance. As long as the cavities have significant lateral extent, any reduction in horizontal resolution may not be a significant concern.

Imaging coverage appears to be the primary driver in determining the maximum well separation. We have run preliminary survey plans for 1500-foot deep wells, with a zone of interest from 400 to 1200 feet. We would like to achieve reasonably uniform coverage for imaging angles from 50 to 80 degrees from the vertical. To maximize the well separation we consider using both upgoing and downgoing reflection imaging coverage. Upgoing coverage uses source and receiver positions above the imaged zone and downgoing coverage uses source and receiver positions below the imaged zone. Therefore, we would image the salt cavity zone using upgoing reflection data and downgoing reflection data to image the upper collapse zone at about 400 feet.

In the survey plan section below we have considered two well separations: 1,000 feet and 1,500 feet. At 1,000 feet separation, we see uniform coverage from 400 to 1200 feet with the crossover point between downgoing and upgoing coverage at about 800 feet. At 1,500 feet separation, we have a gap in uniform coverage from about 500 to 1100 feet. We believe that 1,000 foot separation should provide good resolution, likely adequate SNR and gives full coverage of the interval from 400 to 1200 feet in depth.

These survey plans also give a conservative estimate of survey duration. We have provided a project price estimate in the Pricing section below.

PRICING AND ESTIMATE

The following special pricing is provided to NTH based on the current scope of work. If gyroscopic deviation surveys are purchased from a 3rd party, Z-Seis can operate the gyro survey tools on its wireline at the acquisition daily rate. Typically, 2 boreholes can be logged for gyro surveys in 0.5 acquisition days or charges of \$4,000 / gyro survey for Z-Seis services in addition to the charges of the gyro survey contractor.

Pricing

Planning and Project Setup, Mobilization & Demobilization each cew/equipment mobilization ¹	\$ 30,000.00 U.S.
Lump sum pricing per profile for wells spaced 1,000 feet apart as in the survey plan given below, including up to 2.5 days of acquisition and/or standby days and data processing including tomography and reflection imaging (upgoing and downgoing) but not including mobilization and demob ^{1,5}	\$ 50,000.00 U.S.
Tool insurance per profile (pair of wells) ^{1,6}	\$ 25,000.00 U.S.
Additional Acquisition Operating Day ^{1,2}	\$ 16,000.00 U.S.
Additional Stand-By Day ^{1,3}	\$ 10,000.00 U.S.
Third Party Services ^{1,4}	at cost + 15%

Notes:

1. All prices are:
 - In U.S. dollars (\$) based on the proposed scope of work;
 - Exclusive of all and any taxes and duties, including but not limited to, sales tax. In the event that such taxes, duties or fees apply, these shall be borne by client;
 - Subject to standard terms and conditions attached;
 - Subject to the pricing inclusions and exclusions below;
 - Payment terms: Project Set-Up and Mobilization/Demobilization upon mobilization of equipment, Acquisition upon completion of data acquisition, Processing upon completion of processing. In the event of extended data acquisition or processing, charges will be invoiced on a monthly and pro-rata basis.
 - This quotation is valid for 90 days and is based on information available.
2. Acquisition Days are calculated as the number of 24-hour operating days from and including the day the equipment arrives at the well site to and including the day of all equipment is rigged down from all wells. Excluded from this calculation are the number of hours of down time directly attributable to Z-Z-Seis. Acquisition Days are rounded up to the nearest half day. Within each Acquisition Day, 3 hours are reserved for routine maintenance and equipment servicing.

3. Stand-By Days are calculated as the number of days Z-Seis crew and equipment are required by to remain without operating. Stand-by Days are rounded up to the nearest half day.
4. Other third party services required for performance of the services are not included in the price (see pricing inclusions and exclusions below). Should Z-Seis be required to organize and provide these services then the surcharge listed will apply.
5. Lump sum pricing is for a typical set of logging conditions for the conditions as described to Z-Seis. If additional acquisition time is required to enhance SNR due to unexpected attenuation or high noise, additional operating day charges will apply.
6. Tool insurance is for the repair/replacement of tools lost in the well. Unless tool insurance is elected in writing at the start of the project, equipment liabilities shall be the Clients as stated in the standard terms and conditions. When tool insurance is elected, Z-Seis has the right to suspend operation in any situation in which Z-Seis personnel judge there to be a risk of tool loss. If the Client elects to proceed when so warned of a potential risk of tool loss, the equipment liability shall revert to Client as in the standard terms and conditions.

Pricing Inclusions & Exclusions

Included in the prices (i.e. to be provided by Z-Seis) are:

Downhole seismic equipment

- Crosswell seismic source
- TARS receiver system

Personnel

- Field crew

Crosswell seismic recording system

- Inter-unit communications & remote triggering system
- Source power amplifier
- Wellsite QC workstation

Auxiliary acquisition hardware

- Correlation logging system
- Source wireline hoist w/cable
- Receiver wireline hoist or hoists w/ cable

Services provided by Z-Seis

- Equipment Preparation, Staging, Mobilization and Demobilization
- Crosswell data recording
- Field QC of data
- Tomographic Processing of the data
- Generation of final reports

Excluded from pricing (to be provided by Client or arranged as third party services by Z-Seis).

- Preparation of wells
- Equipment for moving equipment to and from and on location
- Pressure control equipment and wellhead flanges if required
- Safety information
- Information for survey planning, including: Well logs, reservoir data, wellhead connections, pressure control requirements, fluid levels.
- Cranes for well access
- Gyroscopic deviation surveys
- Light plants or equivalent for night operations
- Special deployment and operating equipment needed for operation where wellheads are located in water, including but not limited to barge(s).

Pricing Estimate

The following pricing estimate is based on the preliminary survey plans given below and current project information. The example is for 1 profile in each of 3 areas with boreholes 1000 feet apart and 1500 feet deep. The zone of interest is from 400 to 1200 feet. No tool insurance is shown for downhole tools in this example.

No other third party charges are shown in the estimate.

	Vertical Well Crosswell Operations
Project Set-up / Mob / Demob	\$ 30,000.00
Project Scope (profiles)	3 1,000 foot well distance Profiles
Lump sum acquisition and processing of 3 profiles.	\$ 150,000.00
Total (\$ U.S.)	\$ 180,000.00

SURVEY PLANS

Survey plans describe in concise form different parameters of a crosswell profile. Outputs such as the estimated seismic coverage and time frame of each profile are used to plan the survey more effectively. Note that survey plans are often updated in the field, as new acquisition information becomes available. All coverage charts are computed assuming straight ray paths.

In this section, we provide preliminary survey plans for two 1500 foot boreholes, separated by either 1,000 or 1,500 feet. The level spacing is set to a conservative 5 feet and plans were run using a 20-level receiver system. To familiarize the reader with the form and content of the survey plan, below is a description of some of the pertinent plots.

Acquisition parameters/statistics

The planned acquisition parameters are noted in the upper left of the chart. Details such as interval of interest, source shooting parameters, well spacing and other parameters that affect the speed of acquisition are listed.

Shooting Chart

The shooting chart is a graphical representation of the source/receiver positions that are to be occupied during the survey. The horizontal axis is receiver depth and vertical axis is source depth. A tabular form is also created with depth intervals for source and receiver clearly detailed.

Direct Fold

This chart shows the number of rays crossing each bin (see Fold Cell size) assuming straight raypaths. This shows the approximate coverage that will be possible for this profile using the direct ray incidence angles noted. The horizontal axis extends from receiver well to source well. The vertical axis is depth relative to datum elevation.

Upgoing Reflection Minimum Angle

This chart shows the smallest incidence angle illuminating each bin in the inter-well region. Horizontal axis is offset from the receiver well in the direction of the source well. Negative offset numbers are measure from the receiver well in the direction away from the source well. The vertical axis is depth below datum elevation.

Upgoing (Downgoing) Reflection Fold

This chart shows the number of rays intersecting a bin for the range of incidence angles noted. The horizontal and vertical axes are as noted in "Upgoing Reflection Minimum Angle". Upgoing coverage is for source and receiver positions above the zone of interest and downgoing coverage is for source and receiver positions below the zone of interest.

Detroit Crosswell Preliminary

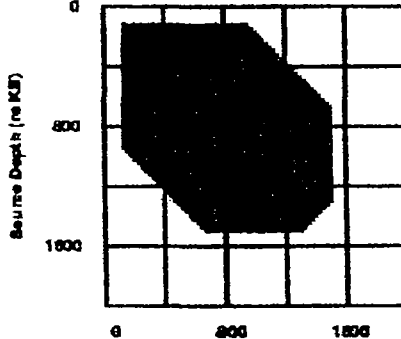
- 1 -

Jul 8 2005 10:28:04

**Receiver Well – Receiver Well
Source Well – Source Well**

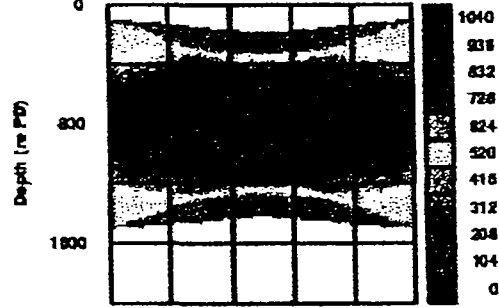
Receiver Level: 5 Rate(feet/m): 12.0
 Source Level: 5 Turns(tra): 2.7
 Well Spacing: 1000 Shooting(hz): 24.4
 Survey Type: 1 Survey(days): 1.8
 Minimum Angle: 50 Traces: 84811
 Maximum Angle: 80 Src Depth re KB: 0
 Dip: 0 Row Ref Elev: 0
 Top Zone(re PD): 400 Src Depth re KB: 0
 End Zone(re PD): 1200 Src Ref Elev: 0
 Number Receivers: 20 Datum Elev(PD): 0
 Number Sweeps: 8
 Sweep Length(s): 1.2
 Listen Time(s): 0.4
 Trace Delay(ms): 0
 Sweep Lower (Hz): 100
 Sweep Upper (Hz): 2000
 Dead Time(s): 1.8
 Cycle Time(s): 0
 Turns Floor(min): 5
 Turns Var(min/s): 0.005
 smear: 4.9
 Sample Period(us): 125
 Telem Rate(bps): analog
 Winch Factor(%): 90
 Working Hours/Day: 21
 Setup Time(h:m): 5
 Depth us/c: feet
 Fold Cell Size(xz): 25:25
 Survey Type: 1
 1-angle v/rtl
 2-angle r/l
 3-rect

Sheeting Chart

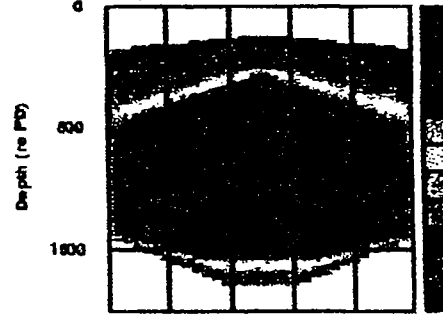


Receiver Depth (re KB)

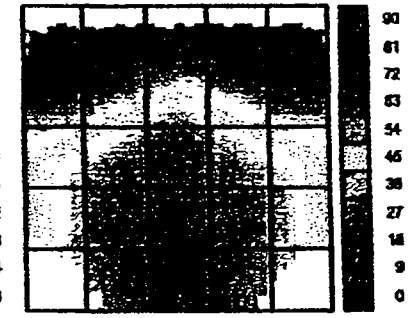
Direct Field 90 to 80



Upgoing Reflection Field 90 to 80

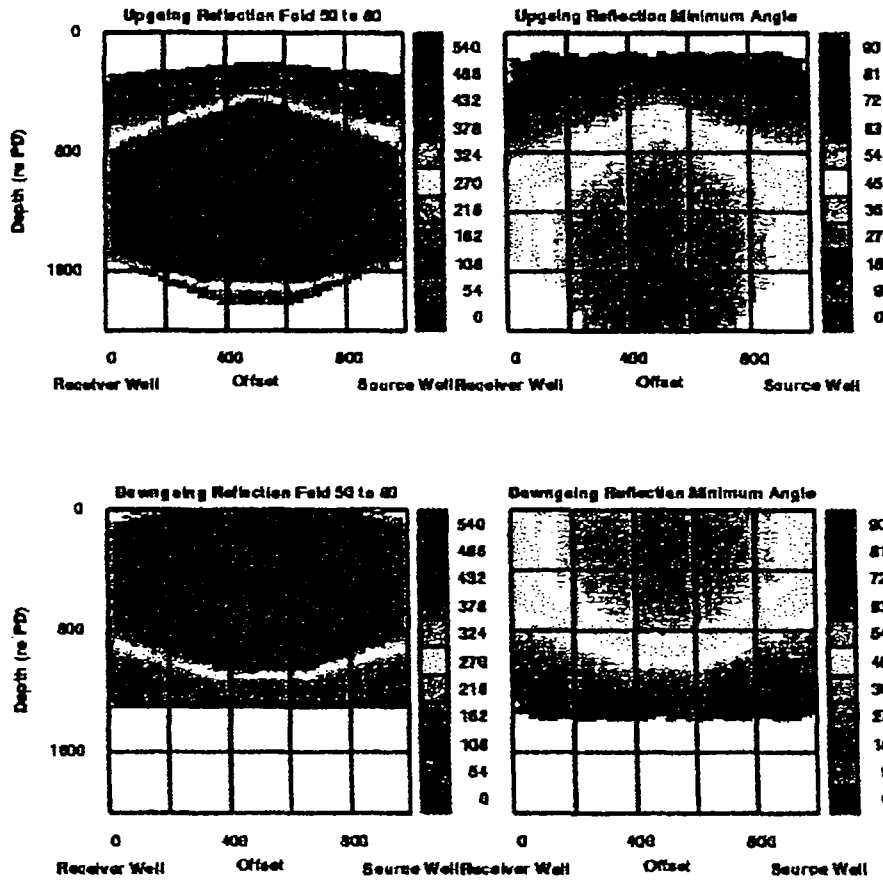


Upgoing Reflection Minimum Angle



Receiver Well Offset Source Well Receiver Well Offset Source Well





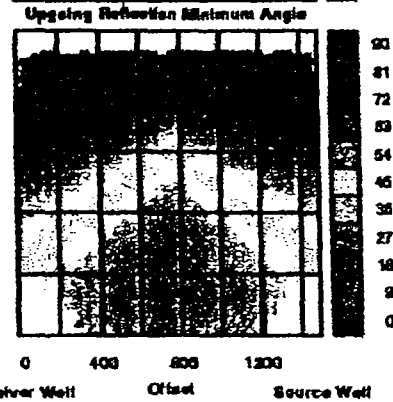
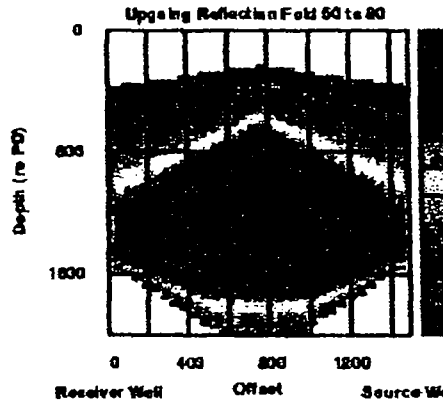
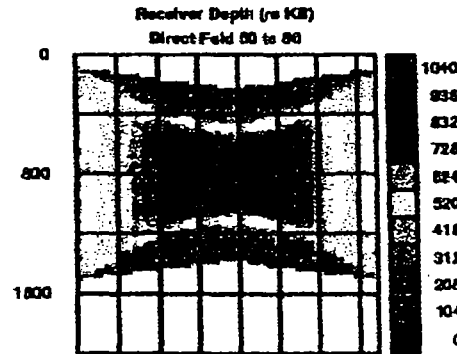
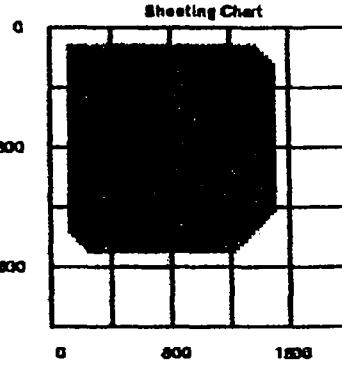
Detroit Crosswell Preliminary

- 1 -

Jul 12 2005 10:32:21

**Receiver Well – Receiver Well
Source Well – Source Well**

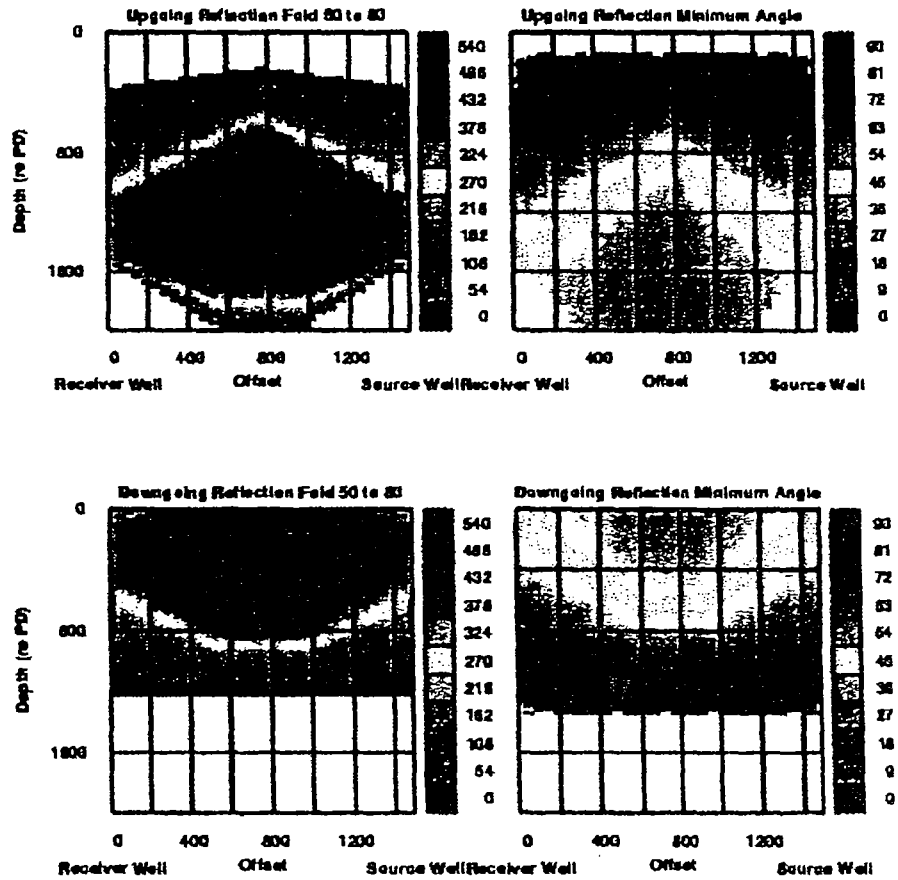
Receiver Level: 5 Rate(feet/hr): 8.0
 Source Level: 5 Turns(hrs): 2.0
 Well Spacing: 1000 Sheeting(hrs): 42.8
 Survey Type: 1 Survey(days): 2.5
 Minimum Angle: 50 Traces: 75000
 Minimum Angle: 80 Srcr Depth re KB: 0
 Dip: 0 Srcr Ref Elev re KB: 0
 Top Zone(re PD): 400 Srcr Depth re KB: 0
 End Zone(re PD): 1800 Srcr Ref Elev re KB: 0
 Number Receivers: 20 Datum Elev(PD): 0
 Number Sweeps: 12
 Sweep Length(s): 1.2
 Listen Time(s): 0.4
 Trace Delay(ms): 0
 Sweep Laser (ft): 100
 Sweep Upper (ft): 2000
 Dead Time(s): 1.8
 Cycle Time(s): 0
 Turns Fixed(min.): 5
 Turns Var(min/s): 0.035
 Smeat: 4.8
 Sample Period(us): 125
 Toler. Rate(ft/s): analog
 Winch Factor(ft): 90
 Working Hours/Day: 21
 Setup Time(hrs): 8
 Depth unit: feet
 Fold Cell Size(xz): 25:25
 Survey Type: 1
 1-angle w/rt
 2-angle rd
 3-rect



Survey Plan

- 3 -

8 Jul 2005



Resumes of Key Personnel

Bruce P. Marion, President Z-Seis Corporation, received B.S. and M.S. degrees in electrical engineering from Texas A&M University in 1973 and the Engineers Degree in electrical engineering from Stanford University in 1976. He founded Tomex Corporation in 1984 with Professor Bernard Widrow and developed the Tomex seismic-while-drilling ("SWD") technology. He developed the key signal processing algorithms for SWD and invented the continuous seismic velocity log for SWD. In 1992 he and Professor Jerry Harris of Stanford University founded TomoSeis, a pioneer company in the development of commercial, low-cost crosswell technology. He developed many of the crosswell processing algorithms and was co-inventor of a unique borehole source. In 2000 he sold TomoSeis to Core Labs and was President of the TomoSeis Division of Core Labs, for 3 years. In 2003 he founded Z-Seis Corporation as a successor to TomoSeis, purchasing the crosswell assets of Core Labs, to take crosswell technology to the next level.

Professional Publications

- Rector, J. W. and Marion, B. P., 1989, Real-time VSP and checkshot surveys using the drill bit as a downhole seismic source, *Oil and Gas Journal*, 66-72, February 12.
- Rector, J. W. and Marion, B. P., 1989, MWD VSP and checkshot surveys using the drill bit as a downhole energy source, presented at the 21st Annual OTC Conference, Houston.
- Society of Exploration Geophysicists, 1989, Best OTC Geophysical Paper Award
- Rector, J. W., and Marion, B. P., 1991, The use of drill-bit energy as a downhole seismic source, *Geophysics* 56, 628-634.
- Lazaratos, S. K., Langan, R., Harris, J. M., and Marion, B. P., 1994, Shear-wave crosswell reflection imaging in West Texas, in *Expanded Abstracts of the 64th Annual International SEG Meeting*, Los Angeles.
- Lazaratos, S. K., and Marion, B. P., 1996, Log-scale seismic for reservoir characterization, in *Expanded Abstracts of the 66th Annual International SEG Meeting*, Denver.
- Lazaratos, S. K., and Marion, B. P., 1996 Crosswell seismic imaging of reservoir changes caused by CO₂ injection, in *Expanded Abstracts of the 66th Annual International SEG Meeting*, Denver.

Patents

- Rector, J.W., Marion, B.P., Widrow, B., Salehi, I., 1991, "Signal processing to enable utilization of a rig reference sensor with a drill bit seismic source", U.S. No. 5,050,130.
- Rector, J.W., Marion, B.P., Widrow, B., Salehi, I., 1992, "Signal processing to enable utilization of a rig reference sensor with a drill bit seismic source", U.S.No. 4,926,391.
- Rector, J.W., Marion, B.P., Widrow, B., Salehi, I., 1993, "Signal processing to enable utilization of a rig reference sensor with a drill bit seismic source", U.S. No. 5,191,557.
- Harris, J.M., Marion, B.P., Canny, D., 1998, "Dual well multiple-element resonant cavity piezoceramic borehole energy source", U.S. No. 6,135,234.

GENERAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS (ZS0503)

Z-Seis Corporation (Z-Seis) offers services and equipment under the following General Terms and Conditions.

1. **Independent Contractor.** Z-Seis acts solely as an independent contractor in performing services or furnishing equipment.
2. **Customer Responsibility.** Customer shall at all times be responsible for the complete care, custody and control of the well and direction of services to be performed. Customer is responsible for safety and conditions in and about the well and for advising Z-Seis of the same. Customer has superior knowledge of the hazards and dangers existing in and about the well which could cause damage to property or personal injury or death as a result of services performed hereunder by Z-Seis. Customer shall provide Z-Seis with all information required to enable Z-Seis to perform its services safely and efficiently. Customer shall provide adequate safety apparatus and written safety instructions, as per applicable laws and regulations, and will be responsible for ensuring that adequate means for emergency evacuation are in place. A representative of the Customer must be present to furnish instructions, and to specify depths and methods to be employed for any service which is to be performed hereunder.
3. **Interpretation.** In making interpretations, Z-Seis' employees will give Customer the benefit of their best judgement, but since all interpretations are opinions based on inferences from electrical or other measurements, Z-Seis cannot, and does not, guarantee the accuracy or the correctness of any interpretation, nor the availability of any specific geophysical data from any subsurface formation. In no event should the Customer base a decision concerning drilling, completion, treatment or production of a well or a decision concerning any procedure involving the safety of any persons or equipment solely on such an interpretation by Z-Seis' employees.
4. **Data Transmission and Storage.** Z-Seis does not warrant the accuracy of logging data transmitted by electronic processes, and will not be responsible for accidental or intentional interception of such data by others. Without prejudice to paragraph 11 hereof, Z-Seis does not guarantee the safe storage or the length of time of storage of any digital tapes, optical prints or transparencies, or other similar products or materials.
5. **No Warranties.** Z-Seis cannot guarantee any results from the performance of services, nor the availability of any specific geophysical data from any subsurface formation. Z-Seis shall not be liable for loss or damage arising from the performance of services and makes no warranties, express or implied regarding Z-Seis' performance of services.
6. **Limitation of Liability.** Z-Seis shall not be liable for any incidental, special, consequential or exemplary damages, including without limitation, loss of anticipated profits or benefits. In no event shall Z-Seis' liability to customer resulting from Z-Seis' performance of the services exceed the total price paid by customer to Z-Seis for the performance of services.
7. **Joint Ownership.** If Customer is not the sole owner of the mineral interests, the well or the field, Customer's request for services shall constitute Customer's warranty that Customer is the duly constituted agent of each and every owner and has full authority to represent the interests of the same with respect to all decisions taken throughout the performance of any services performed hereunder. Customer shall indemnify and hold Z-Seis, its employees, officers, directors and shareholders harmless from and against any and all liabilities, losses or damages, claims, demands, causes of action, suits and associated expenses (including reasonable attorney's fees) and awards resulting from the allegation by any person that Customer has misrepresented or lacked sufficient authority to represent such person as warranted by Customer in this paragraph.
8. **Indemnification.**
 - a) Z-Seis agrees to defend, indemnify, and hold harmless Customer against any claims brought against Customer by Z-Seis' officers, employees, agents, subcontractors, business invitees, and guests, including but not limited to claims on account of personal injury, death or property damage resulting from operations conducted pursuant to this Agreement, except those which are caused, in whole or in part, by the gross negligence or intentional misconduct of Customer, its officers, employees, agents, business invitees, or guests.
 - b) Customer agrees to defend, indemnify, and hold harmless Z-Seis against any claims brought against Z-Seis by Customer's officers, employees, agents, subcontractors, business invitees, and guests, including but not limited to claims on account of personal injury, death or property damage resulting from operations conducted pursuant to this Agreement, except those which are caused, in whole or in part, by the gross negligence or intentional misconduct of Z-Seis, its officers, employees, agents, business invitees, or guests.
 - c) Notwithstanding subparagraph (a) above, if any Z-Seis equipment is lost, destroyed or damaged while at the well site, in the well or outside the well or while being transported by or on behalf of Customer or by conveyance arranged by Customer, or while in Customer's custody, or if any Z-Seis equipment is expropriated, nationalized or otherwise lost due to force majeure; then (i) Customer shall attempt to recover such equipment for Z-Seis at Customer's sole risk and expense; (ii) Customer shall reimburse Z-Seis for the cost of replacement or repair of such equipment, if repairable, even if such loss, destruction or damage is due in whole or part to the sole, concurrent, active or passive negligence of Z-Seis or its officers, directors, or employees, or to force majeure. Customer shall promptly return to Z-Seis damaged equipment, or lost equipment subsequently recovered without inspecting or opening such equipment.
 - d) Customer agrees to protect, defend, indemnify and hold Z-Seis and its officers, directors and employees harmless from and against all loss, liability claims, demand and causes of action (including all costs and

expenses thereof and attorney's fees) of every kind and character, without limit and without regard to the cause or causes thereof or the negligence of any party, including but not limited to the sole concurrent, active or passive negligence of Z-Seis or its officers, directors or employees, arising in connection herewith in favor of Customer or any third party on account of pollution, contamination or radiation damage, subsurface loss or damage, or damage or personal injury or death arising on the surface as a result of subsurface loss or damage, including without limitation loss or damage to the well or reservoir.

9. **Equipment**
 - a) **Notification of Hazardous Conditions.** Z-Seis' downhole equipment is designed to operate under conditions normally encountered in the wellbore. The equipment may be seriously damaged by excessive well temperature and pressure, gas-cut drilling mud, deviated borehole, obstacles in the borehole, corrosive gas or chemicals, and other hazardous conditions existing in the borehole. Customer shall notify Z-Seis in advance and make special arrangements for servicing wells in which hazardous or unusual conditions exist.
 - b) **Fishing.** In case it is necessary for Customer to fish for any Z-Seis equipment, Customer shall assume the entire responsibility for such operations, but Z-Seis will, if so desired by Customer, render assistance in advisory capacity for the recovery of such equipment. Z-Seis' employees have no special expertise in fishing operations, nor are they authorized to do anything other than advise and consult with Customer in connection with any such fishing operations. Any fishing tools furnished by Z-Seis are furnished solely as an accommodation.
10. **Manufacturers and Suppliers.** All of these General Terms and Conditions shall also apply in favor of (a) any supplier which designs, manufactures and/or supplies any equipment or services Z-Seis may use in connection with the performance of work or services for Customer and (b) the contractors and subcontractors of such suppliers.
11. **Access to Well.** With respect to onshore and offshore operations, Customer shall provide, at its expense, adequate means of transportation required for Z-Seis' equipment and personnel to gain access to or return from a well site, and shall obtain at Customer's sole cost and expense all permits, licenses or other authorization required for Z-Seis to enter upon work area for the purposes contemplated. When necessary to repair roads or bridges, or to provide transportation to move Z-Seis' equipment or personnel, such shall be arranged and paid for by the Customer.
12. **Confidentiality.** Results obtained by Z-Seis are held in strict confidence and will not be disclosed by Z-Seis to any third party without authorization from Customer as long as such results are not in the public domain, except as required by law or legal process.
13. **Intellectual Property Rights.** Intellectual rights of inventions, patents and results arising out of this agreement shall be the property of Z-Seis.
14. **Payment.** Customer shall pay Z-Seis in accordance with the applicable quotation. Terms for payment of charges not otherwise modified in the quotation are NET CASH within thirty (30) days from the date services are rendered. Any amount unpaid at the end of said thirty (30) days is subject to interest at the maximum rate permitted by law. If unpaid amounts are collected through legal proceedings or by a collection agent, Customer shall pay reasonable costs and attorney's fees.
15. **Taxes.** Customer shall pay Z-Seis in accordance with the terms of Paragraph 12 and shall pay any and all taxes or other levies imposed or imposed by any government or authority with respect to the charges made or payments received in connection with Z-Seis' products or services.
16. **Force Majeure.** Z-Seis shall not be responsible for delay or its failure to perform this Agreement due to causes beyond its control which are not the result of its fault or negligence.
17. **Entire Agreement; Changes.** This Agreement represents the entire agreement and understanding between the parties with respect to its subject matters and supersedes any prior and/or contemporaneous discussions, representations, or agreements, whether written or oral, of the parties regarding this subject matter. Purported amendments or changes shall be of no force or effect unless they are in writing and signed by duly authorized representatives of the parties.

Attachment D

Drilling Cost Proposals

- **OIL Ex, Inc.**
- **LAYNE CHRISTENSEN COMPANY**
- **Boart Longyear Company**

OIL-EX, INC.
415 S. UNION STREET
TRAVERSE CITY, MI 49684

DATE: March 6, 2006
REVISED APRIL 7, 2006

Craig Johnson Re: DRIC
NTH Consultants, Ltd.
Detroit, MI

RIG MOBILIZATION/DEMOB.	17,000.00
MUD/CHEMICALS	2,000.00
DOZER/LOADER STANDBY RATE \$400.00 PER DAY	2,400.00
DAYWORK DRILLING/CREWS/FUEL 5 DAYS @ \$9500	47,500.00
DRILL BITS PER WELL	7,500.00
TRUCKING/HAULING	6,000.00
BOP RENTAL/TESTING	2,000.00
CASING TONGS/TOOLS TO RUN 9 5/8" & 5 1/2"	2,500.00
CEMENTING 9 5/8" CASING	8,500.00
CEMENTING 5 1/2" CASING	10,000.00
RENTAL TANKS/TRUCKING/CLEANOUT	10,000.00
CUTTINGS SOLIDIFICATION AND DISPOSAL	12,500.00
ENVIRONMENTAL LINERS UNDER EQUIPMENT	3,000.00
DRILLING SUPERVISION \$1000.00/DAY	6,000.00
EQUIPMENT RENTALS	5,000.00
WELLHEAD ASSEMBLY	2,000.00
FRESH & BRINE WATER	5,000.00
PURCHASE 9 5/8" CASING \$28.50/FT.	5,700.00
PURCHASE 5 1/2" CASING \$8.00/FT.	12,000.00
PLUG AND ABANDON WITH CEMENT TO SURFACE \$8.00/FT.	12,000.00
DRIVE ADDTNL CASING TO MEET ENVRNTL CONDITONS	6,500.00
30 TO 120-DAY PAYMENT TERMS (1.5% per 30 days after 30 days)	

TOTAL ESTIMATED COST: \$185,100.00

- NOTE: STANDBY RATE PER 24 HRS. WITH RIG WATCH/SECURITY \$5200.00/DAY
- ADDITIONAL (HOSPITAL MUFFLERS) TO QUIET RIG AND EQUIPMENT:
- RENTAL ITEM AT \$250.00/DAY
- CORING CHARGES AS FOLLOWS: 1-7 7/8" X 4" CORE HEAD (PURCHASE) \$16,625.00
- 2 MAN TEAM AS CORING SUPERVISORS AND ALL NECESSARY TOOLS AND EQUIPMENT. ie: CORE BARRELS, X-OVERS AND CONNECTIONS. 4" CORE WOULD BE RECOVERED. PER DAY CHARGE \$2500.00
- ADD AN ESTIMATED \$15,000 / ROTARY HOLE TO EXTEND FROM 1, 500 TO 1,750 FEET (PER EH, 4/7/2006)
- ADD AN ESTIMATED \$25,000 / CORED HOLE TO EXTEND FROM 1,500 TO 1,750 FEET (PER EH, 4/7/2006)

OIL-EX, INC.
415 S. UNION STREET
TRAVERSE CITY, MI 49684

DATE: March 6, 2006
REVISED APRIL 7, 2006

Craig Johnson
NTH Consultants, Ltd.
Detroit, MI

Re: DRIC

ROTARY BORINGS:

\$185,100 base
\$ 250 day/muffler @10 days

\$187, 600
\$ 5,628 30 to 90 day payment terms

\$193,228 boring

CORE BORINGS:

\$185,100 base
\$ (6,500) credit for environmental casing
\$ 25,000 coring services
\$ 16,625 core head per boring
\$ 250 day/muffler @8 days

\$ 228,725
\$ 6,870 30 to 90 day payment terms

\$235,587 boring

Date: February 9, 2006
 Prepared For: Craig Johnson
 Affiliation: NTH Consultants
 Project Location: Detroit Michigan
 Scope: Rotary Drilling on Land (CORE)
 Phone: 313-237-3917
 Fax:
 Email: crjohnson@nthonconsultants.com

	UNITS	UNIT COST	ESTIMATED QUANTITY	ESTIMATED EXTENSION
Mobilization & Demobilization				
D 40 K Rotary Drill / Core Drill	Per Rig	\$40,000.00	1	\$40,000.00
Halliburton Grouting Equipment	Per Hole	\$25,000.00	1	\$25,000.00
Frac Tank	Each	\$3,000.00	0	\$0.00
Vertical Hole Drilling Overburden				
18" Overburden Drilling 0 to 100'	Per Foot	\$105.00	100	\$10,500.00
Set 13 3/4" Casing	Per Hour	\$400.00	4	\$1,600.00
13 3/4" Surface Casing	Per Foot	\$62.00	100	\$6,200.00
Setup Of Layne Grouting Equipment	Per Hole	\$1,500.00	1	\$1,500.00
Grout 13 3/4" Casing (by Layne)	Per Bag	\$32.00	45	\$2,720.00
12 1/4" Rock Drilling 100' to 200'	Per Foot	\$85.00	100	\$8,500.00
Set 9 5/8" Casing	Per Hour	\$400.00	6	\$2,400.00
9 5/8" Casing	Per Foot	\$45.00	200	\$9,000.00
Grout 9 5/8" Casing (by Layne)	Per Bag	\$32.00	70	\$2,240.00
B O P Installation and Test	Each	\$4,000.00	1	\$4,000.00
Drill 1.75" Hole 200' to 1300'	Per Foot	\$73.00	1100	\$77,100.00
Set 5.5" Casing	Per Hour	\$400.00	15	\$6,000.00
Grout 5.5" casing (by Halliburton)	Per Bag	\$46.00	154	\$25,576.00
Float Shoe 5.5" Casing	Each	\$750.00	1	\$750.00
5.5" Casing Hanger	Each	\$225.00	1	\$225.00
NQ Core Drilling				
NW Casing	Per Foot	\$31.00	200	\$6,200.00
Drilling Per Foot 0-500 ft.	Per Foot	\$38.00	500	\$19,000.00
Drilling Per Foot 501-1000 ft.	Per Foot	\$41.00	500	\$20,500.00
Drilling Per Foot 1001-1500 ft.	Per Foot	\$48.00	500	\$24,000.00
Signal Shot Surveys	Per Hour	\$250.00	0	\$0.00
Mud Engineer	Per Shift	\$1,500.00	30	\$45,000.00
Drill Additives and Loss Circulation Material (estimated)	Cost Plus 15%	\$6,000.00	1	\$6,000.00
Health & Safety Officer To Monitor H2S and Discharge	Per Shift	\$1,200.00	30	\$36,000.00
Per Diem Two Man Crew	Per Man Day	\$95.00	120	\$11,400.00
Hourly Rig and Crew Charges				
Hole Stabilizing Per Hour or Abandonment	Per Hour	\$400.00	0	\$0.00
BOP, Accumulator, Gas Buster, Flush Suppressor	Per Day	\$1,550.00	45	\$69,750.00
Tango 350 Mud Mixing and Cleaning Equipment 300 GPM	Per Day	\$350.00	45	\$15,750.00
Hole Abandonment Materials Cement Grout	Per Bag	\$32.00	150	\$4,800.00
Drill Additives and Loss Circulation Material (estimated)	Cost Plus 15%	\$15,000.00	1	\$15,000.00
Mud Engineer	Per Shift	\$1,500.00	30	\$45,000.00
Health & Safety Officer To Monitor H2S and Discharge	Per Shift	\$1,200.00	30	\$36,000.00
Frac Tank 500 BBL Storage Tank Water	Per Day	\$125.00	0	\$0.00
Frac Tank 500 BBL Storage Tank Drill Fluid Discharge	Per Day	\$125.00	0	\$0.00
Scrubby With 2 Man Crew	Per Hour	\$380.00	0	\$0.00
Signal Shot Survey Camera	Per Month	\$3,000.00	0	\$0.00
Rig Operating With 2 Man Crew	Per Hour	\$400.00	0	\$0.00
Water Truck Rental	Per Day	\$150.00	0	\$0.00
Hauling Water With Water Truck	Per Hour	\$95.00	0	\$0.00
Core Boxes	Each	\$3.75	0	\$0.00
Drilling Fluid & Cuttings Disposal by Others	By Others	0	0	\$0.00
Moving Between Holes	Per Man Hour	\$92.00	100	\$9,200.00
Per Diem Three Man Crew	Per Man Day	\$95.00	180	\$17,100.00
Approximate Estimate				\$605,011.00

Health and Safety officer will be on site every day on the first hole then only when needed do to site condition

Mud Engineer will be on site for first hole or less needed do to hole condition

This quotation is subject to change after 30 days from original proposal date as cited above.

This quotation is subject to the attachment entitled "QUALIFICATIONS AND ASSUMPTIONS."

Prepared By: Keith Meyers - Operation Manager

LAYNE CHRISTENSEN COMPANY
 Specialized Drilling Division - Milwaukee
 W129 N5005 DuPlainville Road
 Pewaukee, WI 53072
 Phone: (262) 246-4646

Date: February 9, 2006
 Prepared For: Craig Johnson
 Affiliation: NTH Consultants
 Project Location: Detroit Michigan
 Scope: Rotary Drilling on Land (NO CORE)
 Phone: 313-237-3917
 Fax:
 Email: crjohnson@nthconsultants.com

	UNITS	UNIT COST	ESTIMATED QUANTITY	ESTIMATED EXTENSION
Mobilization & Demobilization				
D 40 K Rotary Drill / Core Drill	Per Rig	\$40,000.00	1	\$40,000.00
Halfburton Casing Equipment	Per Hole	\$25,000.00	1	\$25,000.00
Frac Tank	Each	\$3,000.00	0	\$0.00
Vertical Hole Drilling Overburden				
18" Overburden Drilling 0 to 100'	Per Foot	\$105.00	100	\$10,500.00
Set 13 3/8 Casing	Per Hour	\$400.00	4	\$1,600.00
13 3/8" Surface Casing	Per Foot	\$62.00	100	\$6,200.00
Setup Of Layne Grouting Equipment	Per Hole	\$1,500.00	1	\$1,500.00
Grout 13 3/8 Casing (by Layne)	Per Bag	\$32.00	45	\$1,728.00
12 1/4" Rock Drilling 100' to 200'	Per Foot	\$85.00	100	\$8,500.00
Set 9 5/8" Casing	Per Hour	\$400.00	6	\$2,400.00
9 5/8" Casing	Per Foot	\$45.00	200	\$9,000.00
Grout 9 5/8 Casing (by Layne)	Per Bag	\$32.00	70	\$2,240.00
B O P Installation and Test	Each	\$4,000.00	1	\$4,000.00
Drill 4.75" Hole 200' to 1500'	Per Foot	\$71.00	1300	\$92,300.00
Set 5.5" Casing	Per Hour	\$400.00	15	\$6,000.00
Grout 5.5" casing (by Halfburton)	Per Bag	\$46.00	556	\$25,576.00
Floor Shoe 5.5" Casing	Each	\$750.00	1	\$750.00
5.5" Casing Hanger	Each	\$225.00	1	\$225.00
NQ Core Drilling				
NW Casing	Per Foot	\$31.00	200	\$6,200.00
Drilling Per Foot 0-500 ft.	Per Foot	\$38.00	500	\$19,000.00
Drilling Per Foot 501-1000 ft.	Per Foot	\$41.00	500	\$20,500.00
Drilling Per Foot 1001-1500 ft.	Per Foot	\$48.00	500	\$24,000.00
Signal Shot Surveys	Per Hour	\$250.00	0	\$0.00
Mud Engineer	Per Shift	\$1,500.00	30	\$45,000.00
Drill Additives and Loss Circulation Material (estimated)	Cost Plus 15%	\$6,000.00	1	\$6,900.00
Health & Safety Officer To Monitor H2S and Discharge	Per Shift	\$1,200.00	30	\$36,000.00
Per Diem Two Man Crew	Per Man Day	\$95.00	120	\$11,400.00
Hourly Rig and Crew Charges				
Hole Stabilizing Per Hour or Abandonment	Per Hour	\$400.00	0	\$0.00
BOP, Accumulator, Gas Buster, Flash Suppressor	Per Day	\$1,550.00	45	\$69,750.00
Tango 350 Mud Mixing and Circulating Equipment 300 GPM	Per Day	\$350.00	45	\$15,750.00
Hole Abandonment Materials Cement Grout	Per Bag	\$32.00	150	\$4,800.00
Drill Additives and Loss Circulation Material (estimated)	Cost Plus 15%	\$15,000.00	1	\$17,250.00
Mud Engineer	Per Shift	\$1,500.00	30	\$45,000.00
Health & Safety Officer To Monitor H2S and Discharge	Per Shift	\$1,200.00	30	\$36,000.00
Frac Tank: 500 BBL Storage Tank Water	Per Day	\$125.00	0	\$0.00
Frac Tank: 500 BBL Storage Tank Drill Fluid Discharge	Per Day	\$125.00	0	\$0.00
Standby With 2 Man Crew	Per Hour	\$300.00	0	\$0.00
Signal Shot Survey Cannon	Per Month	\$3,000.00	0	\$0.00
Rig Operating With 2 Man Crew	Per Hour	\$400.00	0	\$0.00
Water Truck Rental	Per Day	\$150.00	0	\$0.00
Hauling Water With Water Truck	Per Hour	\$95.00	0	\$0.00
Core Boxes	Each	\$4.75	0	\$0.00
Drilling Fluid & Cuttings Disposal by Others	By Others	0	0	\$0.00
Moving Between Holes	Per Man Hour	\$92.00	100	\$9,200.00
Per Diem Three Man Crew	Per Man Day	\$95.00	180	\$17,100.00
Approximate Estimate				\$451,111.00

Health and Safety officer will be on site every day on the first hole then only when needed due to site condition
 Mud Engineer will be on site for first hole or has needed due to hole condition
 This quotation is subject to change after 30 days from original proposal date as cited above.
 This quotation is subject to the attachment entitled "QUALIFICATIONS AND ASSUMPTIONS."

Prepared By: Keith Meyers - Operation Manager

LATNE CHRISTENSEN COMPANY
 Specialized Drilling Division - Milwaukee
 W229 N5005 DuPlainville Road
 Pewaukee, WI 53072
 Phone: (262) 246-4646

Boart Longyear Co

Received: 2/ 7/ 06 10:15AM;

FEB 07 '06 11:11AM LONGYEAR - WYTHEVILLE

P.2



BOART LONGYEAR
CORPORATION
A DIVISION OF BOART GROUP

P.O. Box 919
Wytheville, VA. 24382
Phone 276-228-7811

NTH Consultants
480 Ford Field
2000 Brush Street
Detroit, MI 48226

Date: 2-6-06
Proposal:
Job Name: Detroit 1-06
Location: Detroit Michigan

Attention: Mr. Craig Johnson

RE: Diamond drilling at your site in Detroit

Dear Sir:

In response to your inquiry concerning core drilling at your site, we are pleased to submit our rates for your consideration.

We understand the following information to be pertinent to the project.

1. You plan to drill four or five PQ/HQ/NQ sized holes approximately 1,500 feet deep.
2. The holes are to be started vertically.
3. The holes are truck mount accessible.
4. Two of the holes will need to finish PQ size.
5. Brine will need to be used in the salt formation, approximately from 1,200 to 1,500 ft.
6. Mud tanks or dug pits will be provided by others.
7. Disposal of drill fluids and cuttings will be provided by others.
8. You will build and maintain roads and drill sites and furnish a dozer with operator to assist in moving the drill and equipment if necessary, at no cost to Boart Longyear Co.
9. Water can be pumped if a source is found within 2,500 feet, or a water truck will be utilized with a driver.
10. The holes will be abandoned with neat cement grout.
11. Our prices are based on working our own people and paying our normal pay rates.
12. Your planned starting date is late March 2006, subject to rig and crew availability at time of contract signing.

We appreciate the opportunity to submit this proposal; should you have any question regarding it, feel free to contact me at your convenience.

Yours Truly,

Boart Longyear

Mike Neal
Business Development Mgr.
Core Drilling Division

FEB 07 '06 11:11AM LONGYEAR - WYTHEVILLE

P.3

Boart Longyear Company Core Drilling Division

Proposal



PO BOX 919
WYTHEVILLE, VA 24382
(276) 228-7811

To: NTH Consultants
480 Ford Field
2000 Brush Street
Detroit, MI 48226

Date: 02/06/06
Proposal# 2185
Job Name: Detroit 1-06
Location: Detroit, MI

Attention: Mr. Craig Johnson

Client Job #

***** ANTICIPATED REQUIREMENTS AND CONDITIONS *****

Estimated Starting Date: 03/30/06	Estimated Completion Date: 05/30/06
Number of Drills:	1
Drill Type:	44 Truck Mounted Vertical
Number of Shifts:	1
Number in Crew:	2
Hours per Shift:	12.00
Non-Drilling Supervisor:	No
Days per Week:	7
Days on the Job:	15
Days off the Job:	6
Minimum Footage:	6,000
Estimated # of Holes:	1
Maximum Depth of Hole:	1,500
Angle Degrees from Horizontal:	
Average Angle Depth:	0
Average Vertical Depth:	1,500
Average Depth Overburden:	100
Required Hole Size:	PQ, HQ or NQ
Required Core Size:	3-11/32, 2-1/2" or 1-
Rock Type to Drill:	Sandstone, Limestone, shale and salt
Roads & Drill Sites Maintained by:	Client at \$0.00 per Hour

***** CONTRACT CHARGES *****

Mobilization:	\$4,500.00
Demobilization:	\$4,500.00
Per Diem Charges per Person:	\$75.00

Diamond Bits and Shell are Billable According to Stated Terms
Diamond Bits and Shell Terms: NA

Down Hole Tools Charge for Lost through Drilling Operations:	85% of BLY List
Casing & Casing Shoe Charge for Left in Hole at Clients Request:	100% of BLY List
Casing & Casing Shoe Charge for Lost through Drilling Operations:	85% of BLY List

FEB 07 '06 11:12AM LONGYEAR - WYTHEVILLE

P.4

Boart Longyear Company Core Drilling Division

Proposal



PO BOX 919
WYTHEVILLE, VA 24382
(276) 228-7811

To: NTH Consultants
480 Ford Field
2000 Brush Street
Detroit, MI 48226

Date: 02/06/06
Proposal# 2185
Job Name: Detroit 1-06
Location: Detroit, MI

Attention: Mr. Craig Johnson

Client Job #

***** FOOTAGE *****

All Footage Rates are per: Foot

Drill Type	From	To	Bit Type	Attitude	Rate \$
Overburden	0	100	7 7/8" Rock Bit	vertical	42.00
Diam. Core	0	500	HQ	vertical	34.50
Diam. Core	500	1,000	HQ	vertical	39.00
Diam. Core	1,000	1,500	HQ	vertical	46.00
Diam. Core	0	500	PQ	vertical	46.00
Diam. Core	500	1,000	PQ	vertical	53.00
Diam. Core	1,000	1,500	PQ	vertical	62.00
Diam. Core	0	500	NQ	vertical	32.00
Diam. Core	500	1,000	NQ	vertical	36.00
Diam. Core	1,000	1,500	NQ	vertical	44.00

FEB 07 '06 11:12AM LONGYEAR - WYTHEVILLE

P.5

**Boart Longyear Company
Core Drilling Division**

Proposal



PO BOX 919
WYTHEVILLE, VA 24382
(276) 228-7811

To: NTH Consultants
480 Ford Field
2000 Brush Street
Detroit, MI 48226

Date: 02/06/06
Proposal# 2185
Job Name: Detroit 1-06
Location: Detroit, MI

Attention: Mr. Craig Johnson

Client Job #

******* HOURLY CHARGES *******

Rate per Hour for a 2 Person Crew

Description	Rate \$
Casing Placing/Pulling	125.00
Cementing all phases including setting	125.00
Condition Hole	125.00
Hole Abandonment	125.00
Hole stabilizing or plugging	125.00
Mix Mud	125.00
Moving Between Holes	115.00
Reaming (plus Bits)	125.00
Reducing Hole	125.00
Rig up - Rig down	115.00
Standby Or Delays	115.00
Waterlines-Install/service/Dismantle	115.00
Hole surveying using your instrument	125.00
Mix Brine	125.00



FEB 07 '06 11:12AM LONGYEAR - WYTHEVILLE

P.6

**Boart Longyear Company
Core Drilling Division**

Proposal



PO BOX 919
WYTHEVILLE, VA 24382
(276) 228-7811

To: NTH Consultants
480 Ford Field
2000 Brush Street
Detroit, MI 48226

Date: 02/08/06
Proposal# 2185
Job Name: Detroit 1-06
Location: Detroit, MI

Attention: Mr. Craig Johnson

Client Job #

***** Supplies and Reimbursables *****

Description	Comments	UOM	Rate \$	Markup %
Cement		ea	List Plus	15.00
Drill Mud		ea	List Plus	15.00
Mud Additives		ea	List Plus	15.00
Oil Sorb		ea	List Plus	15.00
Plastic 40'x100' roll		ea	List Plus	15.00
Rod Lube		ea	List Plus	15.00
HQ Core Boxes (10' Waxed Cardboard)		ea	5.00	0.00
NQ Core Boxes (10' Waxed Cardboard)		ea	4.50	0.00
10' HQ Wood Core Boxes (hinged lid)		ea	List Plus	15.00
10' NQ Wood Core Boxes (hinged lid)		ea	List Plus	15.00
PQ Core Boxes (4' Waxed Cardboard)		ea	4.50	0.00
PQ Wood Core Boxes (hinged lid)		ea	List Plus	15.00
Salt		ea	List Plus	15.00
Third party services		ea	List Plus	15.00
Third party rentals		ea	List Plus	15.00

3-5K from mud for

***** WATER CHARGES *****

Water If Purchased, will be Invoiced at Boart Longyear's List Plus: 15 %

Water Truck Mileage Chargeable at: \$ 2.50 Per Mile
Water Truck Driver (if necessary) at: 35.00 Per Hour

Water Truck(s) may include the following:

Water Truck Type	Capacity	Rate \$	Per
2 WD	1,000	50.00	da

FEB 07 '06 11:12AM LONGYEAR - WYTHEVILLE

P.7

Boart Longyear Company Core Drilling Division

Proposal



PO BOX 919
WYTHEVILLE, VA 24382
(276) 228-7811

To: NTH Consultants
480 Ford Field
2000 Brush Street
Detroit, MI 48226

Date: 02/06/06
Proposal# 2186
Job Name: Detroit 1-06
Location: Detroit, MI

Attention: Mr. Craig Johnson

Client Job #

***** TERMS AND CONDITIONS *****

INSURANCE

Boart Longyear Company will carry Comprehensive General Liability and Automobile Insurance covering personal injury and property damage and also statutory Workmen's Compensation Insurance. Certificates showing these coverages will be furnished upon request.

LICENSING

Boart Longyear Company certifies that it is licensed to do business in the state of this site location. All other licenses, land and water use permits, environmental reports, state reports relating to hole plugging, etc, shall be the responsibility of Client. Boart Longyear shall cooperate with and give technical assistance for Client's compliance with these regulations.

INVOICES

Invoices covering the work performed will be prepared on a regular basis throughout the duration of the project. Payment Terms shall be Net Due Upon Receipt of Invoice. Amounts not paid within 45 days of Invoice Date will begin accruing interest at the rate of 1 1/2 percent per month. Remit payment to: Boart Longyear Company, c/o First Bank N. A., SDS 12-0734, P.O. Box 86, Minneapolis MN 55486-0734.

DAILY DRILL REPORTS

In order to facilitate prompt notification to the Client of drilling progress or problems, Boart Longyear Company agrees to provide our Daily Drill Reports to the Client based upon one or more of the following options:

- Presented daily to the Client's on-site representative for sign off.
- Faxed weekly to the Client's Fax No. _____
- Attached to the Invoices.

TAXES

Invoices arising from this project will be subject to all applicable Federal State and Local Taxes (Sales, Use, Gross Receipts, Privilege, etc.).

FORCE MAJEURE

Except for the duty of Client to make payments hereunder when due, neither party shall be liable for delays in performance or for damage occasioned by or caused by Force Majeure, which shall include, but not be limited to, acts of God, actions of the elements, war, strikes, or differences with workmen, acts of the public enemy, rules or regulations of any governmental authority having jurisdiction or control in the premises, compliance with which makes continuance of operations impossible or any other cause beyond the reasonable control of either party. Inability of either party to secure funds, arrange bank loans or other financing, or to obtain credit shall not be regarded as Force Majeure.

EXPIRATION

Prices quoted herein are firm only if this proposal is accepted on or before 02/28/2006 and if work is commenced within a reasonable period of time.

FEB 07 '06 11:12AM LONGYEAR - WYTHEVILLE

P.8

Boart Longyear Company Core Drilling Division

Proposal



PO BOX 919
WYTHEVILLE, VA 24382
(276) 228-7811

To: NTH Consultants
480 Ford Field
2000 Brush Street
Detroit, MI 48226

Date: 02/06/06
Proposal: 2185
Job Name: Detroit 1-06
Location: Detroit, MI

Attention: Mr. Craig Johnson

Client Job #

***** TERMS AND CONDITIONS ***** continued

CREDIT APPROVAL

This agreement is subject to continuing credit approval by Boart Longyear Company of Client's financial condition, or to other financial arrangements satisfactory to Boart Longyear Company. If at any time Boart Longyear Company, in its sole judgement, deems Client's financial condition unsatisfactory, notice shall be made to client, and if action is not taken satisfactory to Boart Longyear Company, then work under this agreement shall cease. Nothing contained herein shall excuse Client's obligation to pay for work already performed in its behalf pursuant to this agreement.

INDEMNIFICATION

Nothing herein shall be construed or deemed to create any relationship between Client and Boart Longyear Company other than Boart Longyear Company acting as either a Contractor or a Sub-Contractor to Client. Each party shall be solely responsible for the acts of its employees or agents, and each shall hold harmless and fully indemnify the other party, its officers, employees, agents, and affiliated companies from any liability for injury to or death of any person, or for damage to or destruction of any property, and from any claims, actions, proceedings and costs in connection therewith, including reasonable attorney fees, arising out of or resulting from the performance of the work hereunder.

ADDITIONAL SPECIFIC TERMS FOR THIS PROPOSAL

Core boxes, mud, mud additives, plastic, rod grease, and hole plugs will be invoiced in the quantities delivered to the job site. Any of these materials unused and returned in usable condition will be credited on your final invoice.

Overtime requested by client in excess of the stated schedule will be invoiced at \$28.00 per crew hr
Mobilization charges apply only to the end of county maintained roads, hourly rates apply from there.
Demobilization charges will start at the beginning of county maintained roads

ENTIRE AGREEMENT

Boart Longyear Company hereby incorporates the requirements of 41 CFR 60-1.4(a)(7)-250.4 and -741.4, if applicable. This proposal together with its covering letter and all attachments will constitute the terms and conditions of this working agreement. Your authorized signature in the space provided below will acknowledge your acceptance and will validate this agreement.

Boart Longyear Company

Client: NTH Consultants

Signed: Mike Neal

Signed: _____

Name: Mike Neal

Name: _____

Title: Contract Manager

Title: _____

Date: 2-7-06

Date: _____

Attachment E

Baker Atlas Cost Proposal



Baker Atlas

Feb 9, 2006

Mr. Craig Johnson
NTH Consultants, LTD

NTH Proposal

Ken Moss
Account Manager
2222 Enterprise Dr.
Mt. Pleasant, Michigan 48858
Tel (989) 773-7992

Baker Atlas Services appreciates the opportunity to offer the following first call service quotes

First trip to well for the Sonar Holst service:

Run 1	Depth:	2000	Top Log Interval:	0
Code	CASINO HOLE SERVICES		Qty	Disc. Price
SCOH	Land Service Charge		1	\$1,265.00
ENVCOM	Environmental Compliance		1	\$200.00
TC-E	Fuel Surcharge		1	\$100.00
DOT	DOT Certification	Vehicles	2	\$200.00
JCGR-A.100	Junk Catcher-Gauge Ring	Depth	2000	\$242.00
		Operation	1	\$187.55
CIS-A.150	Customer Instr Service	Depth	2000	\$748.00
		Operation	1	\$433.40
TC-W	Wireline Charge	Runs	1	\$15.00
MC	Mileage	Mileage	175	\$577.50
SERVICES TOTAL				\$3,908.45

Rev 2.0

Second trip to well for the Acoustic and Directional logging service:

Code	OPEN HOLE SERVICES		Qty	Disc. Price
SCOH	Land Service Charge		1	\$3,575.00
ENVCOM	Environmental Compliance		1	\$200.00
TC-E	Fuel Surcharge		1	\$100.00
DOT	DOT Certification	Vehicles	2	\$200.00
DAL-A.100	DAL (delta t)	Depth	2000	\$814.00
		Logging	2000	\$814.00
OGR-B.200	Digital GR (Primary Run)	Depth	2000	\$275.00
		Logging	2000	\$275.00
DIR-A.100	Directional Survey	Depth	2000	\$805.00
		Logging	2000	\$805.00
DSK.100	LAS Data	Processing	1	\$192.50
TC-W	Wireline Charge	Runs	1	\$50.00
MC	Mileage	Mileage	175	\$577.50
SERVICES TOTAL				\$9,283.00

Rev 2.0

Optional Service:

CRZA80	Crane Truck	Mobilization	1	\$1,650.00
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Operational Remarks:

- Conditions of this quote are good for 60 days from the above quote date.
- Discounts for routine services not specified in this proposal negotiated separately.
- All Rental items will be billed as per third party invoice with 20% markup.
- Up to 5 prints (b&w) of each log are inclusive. Additional prints are \$50.00 ea. (b&w)
- **SERVICE LOCATION: MT PLEASANT, MI PHONE: (989) 773-7992 MGR: Jason Warrens**

Services are subject to the "Worldwide Terms & Conditions" listed under the Terms & Conditions tab or an active Master Service Agreement. If you have additional questions, call me at Tel (989) 773-7992

THANK YOU for considering Baker Atlas for your wellsite services.

Ken Moss
Account Manager



Baker Atlas

Feb 7, 2006

Mr. Craig Johnson
NTH Consultants, LTD.

Detroit River Crossing

Ken Moss
Account Manager
2222 Enterprise Dr.
Mt. Pleasant, Michigan 48858
Tel (989) 773-7992

Baker Atlas Services appreciates the opportunity to offer the following first call service quotes

Run 1	Depth:	2000	Top Log Interval:	0
Code	OPEN HOLE SERVICES		Qty	Disc. Price
SCOH	Land Service Charge		1	\$3,575.00
ENVCOM	Environmental Compliance		1	\$200.00
TC-E	Fuel Surcharge		1	\$100.00
DOT	DOT Certification	Vehicles	2	\$200.00
DAL-A.100	DAL (delta t)	Depth	2000	\$814.00
		Logging	2000	\$814.00
DGR-B.200	Digital GR (Primary Run)	Depth	2000	\$275.00
		Logging	2000	\$275.00
DSK.100	LAS Data	Processing	1	\$192.50
TC-W	Wireline Charge	Runs	1	\$50.00
SERVICES TOTAL				\$6,495.50

Rev 2.0

Optional Service:

CRZA60	Crane Truck	Mobilization	1	\$1,650.00
--------	-------------	--------------	---	------------

Well Specifics:

Casing: 5.5" fiberglass, weight N/A

Operational Remarks:

- Conditions of this quote are good for 60 days from the above quote date.
- Discounts for routine services not specified in this proposal negotiated separately.
- All Rental items will be billed as per third party invoice with 20% markup.
- Up to 5 prints (b&w) of each log are inclusive. Additional prints are \$50.00 ea. (b&w)
- **SERVICE LOCATION: MT PLEASANT, MI PHONE: (989) 773-7992 MGR: Jason Warrens**

Services are subject to the "Worldwide Terms & Conditions" listed under the Terms & Conditions tab or an active Master Service Agreement. If you have additional questions, call me at Tel (989) 773-7992
THANK YOU for considering Baker Atlas for your wellsite services.

Ken Moss
Account Manager

Attachment F

Sonar Survey Proposal

SOCON



SOCON Sonar Well Services, Inc.

February 14, 2006

Mr. Craig Johnson
NTH Consultants

RE: Sonar survey proposal

Dear Mr. Johnson,

SOCON Sonar Well Services, Inc. will provide the equipment, materials and personnel to perform a sonar survey at Detroit, Michigan for the following cost:

- Sonar Survey (Open Hole) \$6,500.00 per well
- Wireline Hoisting (Sonar Tool) \$1,800.00 per run
- Mobilization (vehicle to and from site) \$2,500.00 per Campaign
- Service Fee \$750.00 per day
- Standby Time \$150.00 per hour
- Tool Insurance \$550.00 per well
- Sonar Reports (5 included with survey) \$25.00 each additional

SOCON Sonar Well Services, Inc. appreciates the opportunity to submit this quote for this project and any future projects you may have. If you have any questions or concerns please feel free to call me at (936) 441-5801.

Thank You,
SOCON Sonar Well Services, Inc.

Jason McCartney
Vice President

11133 I-45 South, Ste.E
Conroe, TX 77302

Office: (936) 441-5801
Fax: (936) 539-6847

Attachment G

Geotechnical Deep Boring Plan

Parsons

Technical Memo

Date: February 8, 2006

Re: Detroit River International Crossing
Geotechnical Deep Boring Plan

This Technical Memo presents a preliminary boring plan for brine well investigation at the X10 and X11 alignments. The deep boring layout is based on the following assumptions:

- 1,000 ft (300 m) optimal boring spacing
- 1,500 ft (460 m) maximum boring spacing for diagonals
- Preliminary bridge alignments develop to avoid known or suspected brine well locations to the extent practical
- MDOT policy regarding relation of brine well influence areas to "primary" and "secondary" substructure elements is implemented

From the preliminary geotechnical investigation the literature indicates probable rock void propagation angles from a maximum angle of 20 degrees to a minimum of 12 degrees. Based on these angles of influence the clear corridor is from 126 ft (40 m) to 490 ft (150 m) (calculations attached). Each preliminary boring plan figure presents a minimum and maximum clear zone represented by orange and yellow dashed lines respectively. The preliminary boring locations are presented by numbered blue dots.

Each of the attached plans presents the known or potential brine well locations from historic search of related records. Radii of 150 m (for known wells), 300 m, and 450 m representing proximity to the known or possible brine wells are shown on the preliminary boring plans in red, orange and yellow respectively. These zones are presented for illustration only to assist in laying out the bridge alignment as far away as practical from potential brine well voids at depth. It should be noted that these radii have been updated from the preliminary figures presented in the NTH report dated January 20, 2006.

Corridor X10

Attached are the X10A (Figure 1) and X10B (Figure 2) Preliminary Boring Plans. On each of these plans the preliminary bridge centerline is represented by a green line.

Alignment A

This preliminary bridge alignment would not reach grade until well into the widened plaza approach north of Jefferson, therefore, the preliminary bridge approach would likely end just north of Jefferson and the remaining portion would likely be placed on fill until grade is reached. Borings 7 and 8 are shown as open circles, which are meant to be "optional".

Borings 1 through 6 would provide 2-dimensional panels creating a clear zone up to a cross section between boring 5 and 6. Addition of boring 7 would increase



the clear zone to approximately the preliminary location of the bridge abutment. Addition of boring 8 would increase the clear zone into the fill section of the approach.

Alignment B

The attached X10B (Figure 2) plan shows the preliminary bridge alignment for a crossing extending at a high skew angle to a Brighton Beach landing on the Canadian side, while avoiding the Ontario Hydro plant. This alignment would require the addition of boring 9. The attached plan shows the clear zone provided if the brine well influence angle is 12 degrees.

The boring program would begin with borings 1 through 6, boring 9 would only be required if the Canadian boring program revealed that crossing alignment X10A could not be accommodated.

Corridor X11

One preliminary bridge alignment is proposed at the X11 crossing corridor (Figure 3). The main anchorage of a suspension bridge would be located just north of Jefferson and all bridge types would be at grade just past the panel between borings 14 and 16.

The X11 Preliminary Boring Plan is design to provide a clear zone for the primary and secondary foundation elements of the river crossing bridge. However, two of the potential brine well locations may influence ramp structures connecting to I-75 as well as the interstate itself. Livernois/Dragoon Preliminary "Optional" Boring Locations (Plan B) presents "optional" borings that would be required to provide a clear zone for these ramp structures in addition to the river crossing bridge (Figure 4).

These wells date from approximately 1895 to 1920. It should be noted that significant existing industrial and transportation facilities are within the proximity of and/or directly above potential brine well locations. The proposed inspection plaza, connecting roadways and structures are similar to other facilities in the area. These facilities include:

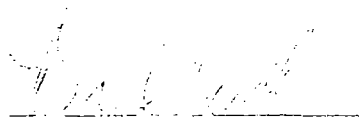
Industrial Facilities	Transportation Facilities
Fisher Body Assembly Plant	Livernois Grade Crossing
Arvin Meritor	Dragoon Grade Crossing
Mistersky Power Plant	I-75 Main Line
DWSD Wastewater Treatment Plant	Fort Street (M-85)
U.S. Steel Corp.	Port of Detroit
Lafarge Concrete Facility	
River Rouge CSO Pumping Station	

After having performed extensive research, we are not aware of any significant subsidence in the over 85 years in this area. Another consideration is that repair or

mitigation of geotechnical issues considered are practical for plaza, approach roadways and ramps. should problems become evident in the future.

The boring locations presented herein are based on available subsurface, historical, and bridge alignment information. Issues such as property entry, location of existing facilities, and utilities may require shifting of these locations. In addition the geotechnical and geophysical investigation results may require adjusting the location and number of borings as the process is under way. In light of these constraints, the following boring program is now recommended:

Location	Boring No's.	Reason
<i>Required Borings</i>		
Crossing X10A	1 – 6	Coverage for primary and secondary foundation elements.
Crossing X11	10-16	
<i>Optional Borings (To be undertaken if MDOT desires)</i>		
Crossing X10A	7 – 8	Coverage for final low level approach structures
Crossing X10B	9	Coverage for high skew bridge (to Brighton Beach)
Livernois/Draoon Interchange	17 – 28	Coverage for connecting roadways and ramp structures

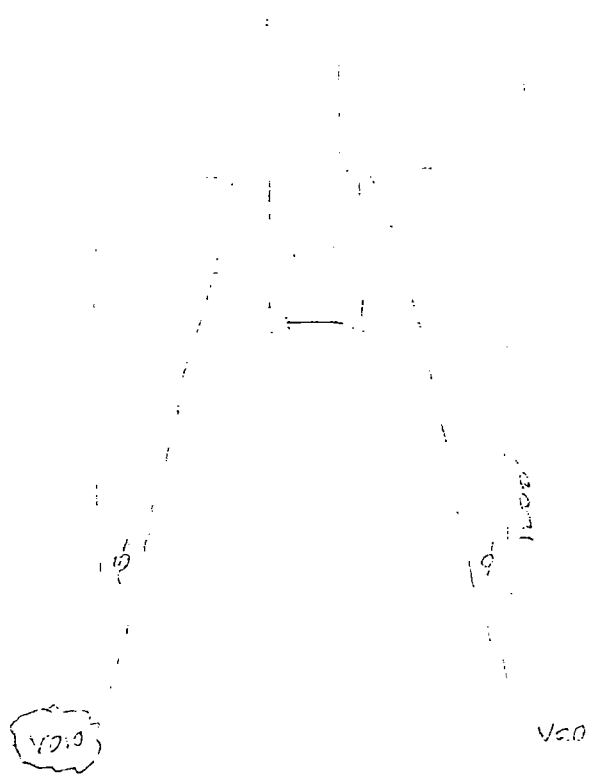


Bruce L. Campbell, PE
 Project Engineer

Attachments

- cc: File
 R. Beauboeuf – Parsons
 J. Corradino – Corradino
 F. Klingler – NTH

Problem: Determine the width of zone of influence of a 20' bore hole
1,000' FEET



IF $\phi = 20^\circ$

$$x = 1,200' \cdot \tan(20^\circ) = 437'$$

$$y = 2(437') + 20 = 974'$$

IF $\phi = 12^\circ$

$$x = 255'$$

$$y = 610'$$

IF OPTIMUM BORE HOLE DISTANCE IS 1,000'

20' ϕ GIVES US 126' CLEAR ZONE (10m)

12' ϕ GIVES US 490' WIDE CLEAR ZONE (150m)

11/15

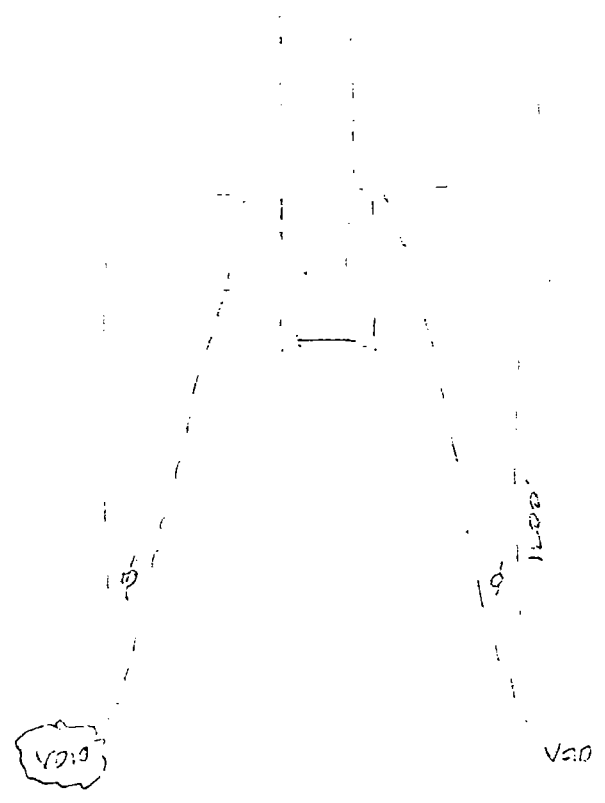
SUBJECT Drain

JOB NO. 115274

MADE BY _____ DATE _____

CHECKED BY _____ DATE _____

PROBLEM: DETERMINE CLEARANCE ZONE OF CHANNEL 20' WIDE 1,000' APART.



IF $\phi = 20^\circ$

$$x = 1,200' \cdot \tan(20^\circ) = 437'$$

$$y = 2(437') + 20 = 914'$$

IF $\phi = 12^\circ$

$$x = 255'$$

$$y = 610'$$

IF OPTIMUM BOLE HOLE DISTANCE IS 1,000'

20' ϕ GIVES US 126' CLEAR CORRIDOR (40m)

12' ϕ GIVES US 490' WIDE CLEAR CORRIDOR (150m)









Resumes

BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCH JIMMY F. DIEHL

PHONE: Office: (906) 487-2665; FAX: (906) 487-3371; Home: (906) 482-1654;
E-Mail: jdiehl@mtu.edu

BORN: July 8, 1946
DEGREES: B.A., M.S., Western Washington University; 1968, 1972
Ph.D., The University of Wyoming; 1977
SPECIALITY: Paleomagnetism and Potential Fields
MEMBER: AGU, GSA, SEG, NAGT

PROFESSIONAL EXPERIENCE

9/67-12/68 Teaching/Department Assistant, Western Washington University, Bellingham, WA.
1/71-6/72 Teaching Assistant, Western Washington University, Bellingham, WA.
8/72-5/73 Research Assistant, The University of Wyoming, Laramie, WY.
8/73-5/74 Teaching Assistant, The University of Wyoming, Laramie, WY.
8/74-5/76 Research Assistant (NSF support), The University of Wyoming, Laramie, WY.
9/76-8/79 Assistant Professor, University of Wisconsin-River Falls, River Falls, WI.
Research Associate (NSF support), Western Washington University,
Bellingham, WA. Summers only.
9/79-8/83 Assistant Professor of Geophysics; Michigan Technological University, Houghton, MI.
9/83-8/90 Associate Professor of Geophysics; Michigan Technological University, Houghton, MI.
9/88-6/89 Visiting Associate Professor; Western Washington University, Bellingham, WA.
9/90- Professor of Geophysics, Michigan Technological University, Houghton, MI.

TEACHING ASSIGNMENTS

Undergraduate: Fundamentals of Applied and Environmental Geophysics, Plate Tectonics and Global Geophysics, Gravity and Magnetic Interpretation Methods, Summer Field Geophysics.
Graduate: Paleomagnetism and Environmental Magnetism, Potential Theory in Gravity and Magnetic Applications, Global Geophysics and Geotectonics

HONORS/AWARDS/POSITIONS HELD

1995 Distinguished Teaching Award - Michigan Technological University
1994-1997 Associate Editor - Journal of Geophysical Research-Solid Earth
2003 Distinguished Alumni Award - Western Washington University

ACTIVE RESEARCH INTERESTS

Late Cretaceous/Tertiary apparent polar wander. Keweenawan paleomagnetism and tectonic implications. Secular variation of Plio-Pleistocene volcanic rocks from low and high latitudes. Magnetostratigraphy and caldera evolution. Environmental magnetism and climate records from cave sediments. Application of seismic refraction, resistivity, and gravity methods to ground water exploration and geological engineering problems.

FUNDED RESEARCH

National Science Foundation
10 grants totaling \$672,000
Miscellaneous
3 awards totaling \$33,000

Research Publications

- Kadlec, J., H. Hercman, V. Benes, P. Sroubek, **J. F. Diehl**, and D. Granger, Cenozoic history of the Moravian Karst (northern segment): Cave sediments and karst morphology, *Acta Mus. Moraviae Sci. geol.*, *LXXXVI*, 111-160, 2001.
- Sroubek, P., **J. F. Diehl**, J. Kadlec, and K. Valoch, A Late Pleistocene palaeoclimate record based on mineral magnetic properties of the entrance facies sediments of Kulna Cave, Czech Republic, *Geophys. J. Int.*, *147*, 247-262, 2001.
- Riley, C. M., **J. F. Diehl**, J. L. Kirschvink, R. L. Ripperdan, Paleomagnetic constraints on fault motion in the Hilina Fault System, south flank of Kilauea Volcano, Hawaii, *J. Volcanol. Geotherm. Res.*, *94*, 233-249, 1999.
- Sroubek, P., **J. F. Diehl**, J. Kadlec, and K. Valoch, Preliminary study on the mineral magnetic properties of sediments from Kulna Cave (Moravian Karst), Czech Republic, *Studia geophysica et geodetica*, *40*, 301-312, 1996.
- Diehl, J. F.** and T. D. Haig, A paleomagnetic study of the lava flows within the Copper Harbor Conglomerate, Michigan: New results and implications, *Can. J. Earth Sci.*, *31*, 369-380, 1994.
- Conway, F. M., **J. F. Diehl**, W. I. Rose, and O. Matias, Age and magma flux of Santa Maria Volcano, Guatemala: Correlation of paleomagnetic waveforms with the 28,000 to 25,000 yr BP Mono Lake excursion, *J. Geol.*, *102*, 11-24, 1994.
- Conway, F. M., **J. F. Diehl**, and O. Matias, Paleomagnetic constraints on eruption patterns at Pacaya composite volcano, Guatemala, *Bull. Volcanol.*, *55*, 25-32, 1992.
- Diehl, J. F.**, The Elkhorn Mountains Revisited: New Data for the Late Cretaceous Paleomagnetic Field of North America, *J. Geophys. Res.*, *96*, 9887-9894, 1991.
- Mitchell, R. J., D. J. Jaeger, **J. F. Diehl**, and P. E. Hammond, Paleomagnetic results from the Indian Heaven volcanic field, south-central Washington, *Geophys. J.*, *97*, 381-390, 1989.
- Diehl, J. F.**, K. M. McClannahan, and T. J. Bornhorst, Paleomagnetic results from the Mogollon-Datil volcanic field, southwestern New Mexico and a refined Mid-Tertiary reference pole for North America, *J. Geophys. Res.*, *93*, 4869-4879, 1988.
- Diehl, J. F.**, T. C. Onstott, C. A. Chesner, and M. D. Knight, No short reversals of Brunhes age recorded in the Toba Tuffs, North Sumatra, Indonesia, *Geophys. Res. Lett.*, *14*, 753-756, 1987.
- Knight, M. D., G. P. L. Walker, B. B. Ellwood, and **J. F. Diehl**, Stratigraphy, paleomagnetism, and magnetic fabric of the Toba Tuffs: Constraints on the sources and eruptive styles, *J. Geophys. Res.*, *91*, 10,355-10,382, 1986.
- Diehl, J. F.**, M. E. Beck, Jr., S. Beske-Diehl, D. Jacobson, B. C. Hearn, Jr., Paleomagnetism of Late Cretaceous-Early Tertiary north-central Montana alkalic province, *J. Geophys. Res.*, *88*, 10,593-10,609, 1983.

- Baker, R. W., **J. F. Diehl**, T. W. Simpson, L. W. Zelazny, and S. Beske-Diehl, Pre-Wisconsin glacial stratigraphy, chronology, and paleomagnetism of west-central Wisconsin, *Bull. Geol. Soc. Amer.*, *94*, 1442-1449, 1983.
- Diehl, J. F.** and P. N. Shive, Paleomagnetic results from the Late Carboniferous/Early Permian Casper Formation: Implications for Appalachian Tectonics, *Earth Planet. Sci. Lett.*, *54*, 281-292, 1981.
- Diehl, J. F.**, S. Beske-Diehl, M. E. Beck, Jr., and B. C. Hearn, Jr., Paleomagnetic results from Early Eocene intrusions, north-central Montana: Implications for North America apparent polar-wandering, *Geophys. Res. Lett.*, *7*, 541-544, 1980.
- Jacobson, D., M. E. Beck, Jr., **J. F. Diehl**, and B. C. Hearn, Jr., A Paleocene paleomagnetic pole for North America from alkalic intrusions, central Montana, *Geophys. Res. Lett.*, *7*, 549-552, 1980.
- Diehl, J. F.** and P. N. Shive, Paleomagnetic studies of the Early Permian Ingelside Formation of northern Colorado, *Geophys. J.*, *56*, 271-282, 1979.
- Beck, M. E., Jr., S. D. Sheriff, **J. F. Diehl**, E. A. Hailwood, and P. W. Lipman, Further paleomagnetic results for the San Juan volcanic field of southern Colorado, *Earth Planet. Sci. Lett.*, *37*, 124-130, 1977.
- Shive, P. N. and **J. F. Diehl**, Thermomagnetic analysis of natural and synthetic hematite, *Geophys. Res. Lett.*, *4*, 159-162, 1977.
- Shive, P. N. and **J. F. Diehl**, Reduction of hematite under natural and laboratory conditions, *J. Geomag. Geoelectr.*, *29*, 345-354, 1977.
- Diehl, J. F.**, M. E. Beck, Jr., and P. W. Lipman, Palaeomagnetism and magnetic-polarity zonation in some Oligocene volcanic rocks of the San Juan Mountains, southwestern Colorado, *Geophys. J.*, *37*, 323-332, 1974.

Curriculum Vitae

Prof. Dr. Timothy M. Niebauer

Home Address

7973 Grasmere Drive
Boulder, Co 80301
Phone: (303) 581-0745

Current Work Address

Micro-g LaCoste Inc.
1401 Horizon Avenue
Lafayette, CO 80516
Phone: (303) 828-3499
Fax: (303) 828-3288

Personal:

Born: September 19,1958

Education

B.S. Physics and Mathematics, Magna Cum Laude, Creighton University, 1980

Ph.D. Physics, University of Colorado, Boulder, 1987

Dissertation: *New Absolute Gravity Instruments for Physics and Geophysics* With chapters on Instrumentation, geophysical interpretation of precise gravity, and a direct Equivalence Principle test.

Awards

1. Presidential Scholarship at Creighton University (1978-1980)
2. Graduate Student Research and Creative Work Award, Cash award from the University of Colorado, 1987.
3. National Oceanographic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA) Small Business Innovative Research (SBIR) Phase I award \$50,000 for "Small Portable Absolute Gravimeter" 1985-1986
4. NOAA Small Business Innovative Research (SBIR) Phase II award \$300,000 for "Small Portable Absolute Gravimeter" 1996-1988
5. Franklin-Jefferson Project SBIR West Regional Award 1996

Patents

- (1) Inventor US patent # 5,351,122 "Absolute Gravity Inline Measuring Apparatus".
- (2) Inventor US patent # 5,892,151 "Differential Interferometric Ballistic Gravity Apparatus and Method".
- (3) Inventor US patent #5,954,502 "Adjustable Orthodontic Bracket Assmeby with Continuous Adjustment in any one of six Planes of Motion".
- (4) Inventor US patent #6,298,722 "Rotary CAM driven freefall Dropping Chamber Mechanism".

Professional Job Descriptions

Postdoctoral Positions:

Research Associate, JILA, 1987-1988
Max-Planck stipendium, 1988-1989

Regular appointments

Max-Planck Wissenschaftlicher Angestellter BAT Ib. Staff research scientist 1989-1991
Chief Scientist of AXIS Instruments Co. 1991-Sept. 1993
Visiting Scientist at the Bureau des Poids et Mesures, Sevres, France 3mo. Oct.-Dec. 1993
Adjunct Professor of Physics at the Colorado School of Mines, Jan. 1993- 1995
President, Micro-g Solutions Corp. Dec. 1993- Present
Associate Professor of Physics at the Colorado School of Mines, 1997-1998
Adjunct Professor of Geophysics at the Colorado School of Mines, 1998-Present

Work Experience

Research Physicist at the Joint Institute for Laboratory Astrophysics working on *equivalence principle* experiments. Research Physicist at the Max-Planck Institute for Quantum Optics working on a prototype gravitational wave detector. 1987-1991

Adjunct Geophysics Professor

Colorado School of Mines Geophysics Department (1993-1995)

Physics Professor

Colorado School of Mines Geophysics Department (1997-1997)

Business Experience

Was a founder and owner of Axis Instruments: Chief Scientist, Executive Committee and Board member of AXIS Instruments. Developed new products including the FG5 absolute gravimeter and the ISL stabilized laser. Was involved with two technology transfers from NIST and the BIPM. (1991-1993)

Started Micro-g Solutions with two employees from AXIS Instruments. We repaid our note to AXIS and were debt free within a year and a half after the beginning of Micro-g. Micro-g was profitable within one year. Micro-g Solutions was sold to LRS in 2000. (1993-Present)

Conference Participation and Invited Lectures

1. Chapman Conference on Vertical Crustal Motions, Harper's Ferry, W. Virginia 1984. Presented *Absolute Gravity: A reconnaissance tool for studying vertical crustal motions*
2. Second International Comparison of Absolute Gravimeters, Sevres, France 1985. Participated in inter-comparison with JILA absolute gravimeter.
3. Denver Area Physics Teacher Meeting 1986. *Precision gravity measurement*
4. Colorado School of Mines Physics Colloquium 1987. *Precision gravity measurement and the proposed fifth force.*
5. Kansas State University Physics Colloquium 1987, *Precise g measurements and the fifth force*
6. Princeton University Journal Club 1988. *Experimental tests of the fifth force.*
7. Los Alamos National Laboratories 1988. *Testing the equivalence principle.*
8. NASA Goddard Space Flight Center, Greenbelt Maryland 1988. *Experiments on the fifth force*
9. University of Washington, Seattle 1988. *Fifth force experiments at JILA.*
10. Max-Planck Institut für Quantenoptik Colloquium 1989. *Geophysical tests of the fifth and sixth force: From the mines to the clouds.*
11. DFVLR Deutsche Forschungs und Versuchsanstalt für Luft-und Raumfahrt e.V. 1989- The German space-flight center. *Overview of experiments on the fifth force*
12. VIII Moriond Workshop in Les Arcs, France 1989. Presented *Results of the Erie tower experiment for the inverse square law.*
13. GRXXII -Twelfth International Conference on General Relativity and Gravitation in Boulder Co, USA 1989. Presented *Pulsar search on Garching prototype gravitational wave detector.*
14. Workshop on Non-Tidal Gravity Changes in Walferdange, Luxembourg (1990). Presented *Absolute gravity: environmental noise limits.*
15. 1993 American Physical Society Meeting in Washington DC. Presented *A new commercial iodine-stabilized laser and its use in precision measurement.*
16. Second Workshop on Non-Tidal Gravity Changes: Intercomparison between absolute and superconducting gravimeters; Walferdange, Lux, Sept. 6-8, 1994
17. Joint Symposium of the International Gravity Commission and International Geoid Commission, Sept. 11-17, 1994; Graz, Austria, *Absolute gravimeters: state of the art*
18. Colorado School of Mines Physics Colloquium 1994. State of the art *precision gravity measurements.*
19. Heiland Lecture at the Colorado School of Mines Feb. 1995, *Precision Gravity Measurements Using Lasers and Mirrors*
20. Potential Fields Symposium at Colorado School of Mines 1995, *Absolute gravity and gradiometry*
21. Convener of Absolute gravity session of the GRACGEO96 meeting at the University of Tokyo, Tokyo Japan, 1996.
22. Chapman conference on "Microgal Gravimetry" in St. Augustine, FL. 1996.
23. Presented a paper on "Absolute gravity and gradiometry: satellites in a can" at the Atomic Physics Colloquium at Yale University, 1999
24. Presented a paper on "Recent advances in Absolute gravity" at the Global Geodynamics Program conference held in Luxembourg, 1999.

Publications:

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2. *The Jila Portable Absolute Gravity Apparatus*, J.E. Faller, Y.Guo, J. Gschwind, T.M. Niebauer, R.L. Rinker, and J.Xue, Bureau Gravimetric International Bull. d'Inf. 53 (1983).
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5. *Comment On 'reanalysis Of The Eötvös Experiment'*, P.T. Keyser, T.M. Niebauer, and J.E. Faller, Phys. Rev. Lett. **56** 2425 (1986).
6. *Results of the Second International Comparison of Absolute Gravimeters in Sevres 1985*, G. Arnautov, Yu. Boulanger, L. Cannizzo, G. Cerutti, J. Faller, Feng Youg-Yuan, E. Groten, Guo Yguang, W. Hollander, Huang Da-Lun, E. Kalish. I. Marson, T.M. Niebauer, A. Sakuma, G. Sasagawa, S. Schleglov, Yu. Stus, W. Tarasiuk, Zhang Guan-Yuan, Zhou Juing-Hua and M. Zumberge, Bureau Gravimetric International Bulletin d'Inf. **59** 89-103 (1986).
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11. *Comment on 'Possible resolution of the Brookhaven and Washington Eötvös Experiments*, T.M. Niebauer, J.E. Faller, and P.L. Bender, Phys Rev. Lett. **61** 2272 (1988).
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13. *The Effective Measurement Height of Free-fall Absolute Gravimeters*, T.M. Niebauer, *Metrologia* **26**, 115-118 (1989).
14. *High-Precision Absolute Gravity Observations in the United States*, G. Peter, R.E. Moose, C.W. Wessells, J.E. Faller, and T.M. Niebauer, *J. Geophys. Res.* **94** 5659-5674 (1989).
15. *Test Of The Inverse Square Law Of Gravitation Using The 300m Tower At Erie, Colorado*, C.C. Speake, T.M. Niebauer, M.P. Mchugh, P.T. Keyser, J.E. Faller, J.Y. Cruz, J.C. Harrison Jaako Makinen, and R.B. Beruff, *Phys. Rev. Lett.* **65**, 1967-1971 (1990)
16. *Test of Newton's inverse square law of gravity using the 300m Tower at Erie, Colorado: Newton vindicated on the plains of Colorado*, C.C. Speake, T.M. Niebauer, M.P. McHugh, P.T. Keyser, J.E. Faller, J.Y. Cruz, J.C. Harrison, J. Makinen and R.B. Beruff, in *New and Exotic Phenomena '90, Proceedings of the XXVth Rencontre de Moriond, Les Arcs, Savoie, France, January 20-27, 1990* (O. Fackler and J. Tran Thanh Van, Eds., Editions Frontieres, Gif-sur-Yvette, 1990), pp. 255-262
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18. *Non-Stationary Shot Noise And Its Effect On The Sensitivity Of Interferometers*, T.M. Niebauer, R. Shilling, K. Danzmann, A. Rüdiger, and W. Winkler, *Phys. Rev. A*, **43**, 5022-5029 (1991)
19. *Absolute Gravimetry: Environmental Noise Limits*, T.M. Niebauer and J.E. Faller, in workshop proceedings, *Non-tidal gravity changes, Walferdange (Luxembourg)*. Tiré à part des *Cahiers du Centre Européen de Géodynamique et de Séismologie* **3**, (1991).
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21. *Pulsar Search Using Data Compression With The Garching Gravitational Wave Detector*, T.M. Niebauer, A. Rudiger, R. Schilling, L. Schnupp, W. Winkler, and K. Danzmann, *Phys. Rev. D*, **47**, 3106-3123 (1993).
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23. *Short And Long-Term Stability Of The Jilag-4 Absolute Gravimeter*, G. Peter, F.J. Klopping, G. Sasagawa, J.E. Faller, T.M. Niebauer, *J. Geophys. Res.*, **98**, 4619-4626, (1993).

24. Three part contribution
- A. *The GEO-Project: A long-Baseline Laser Interferometer for the Detection of Gravitational Waves*, K. Danzmann et al.
 - B. *The Optics of an Interferometric Gravitational Wave Antenna*, W. Winkler et al.
 - C. *Mechanical Aspects in Interferometric Gravitational Wave Antenna*, A. Rüdiger et al.
- Full list of authors available on request., Lecture Notes in Physics, **410**, *Relativistic Gravity Research With Emphasis on Experiments and Observations*, J. Ehlers, G. Schafer (Eds), Springer-Verlag Berlin Heidelberg (1992)
- 25. *A Portable Iodine Stabilized He-Ne Laser And Its Use In An Absolute Gravimeter*, J.M. Chartier, J. Labot, G. Sasagawa, T.M. Niebauer, and W. Hollander, IEEE trans on Instr. and Meas., **42**, 1993.
 - 26. *New Gravity Meter Improves Measurements*, W.E. Carter, G. Peter, G.S. Sasagawa, F.J. Klopping, K.A. Berstis, R.L. Hilst, P. Nelson, G.L. Christy, T.M. Niebauer, W. Hollander, H. Seeger, B. Richter, H. Wilmes, and A. Lothammer, EOS, Trans. AGU, Vol 75, No 08, Feb 22, 1994, pp 90-92
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 - 29. *A New Generation of Absolute Gravity Meters*, T.M. Niebauer, G. Sasagawa, J.E. Faller, R. Hilt, F.J. Klopping, Metrologia, **32**, 159-184
 - 30. Calibration of a superconducting gravimeter by comparison with an absolute gravimeter FG5 in Boulder, O. Francis, T.M. Niebauer, G. Sasagawa, F.Klopping, and J. Gschwind, Geophysical Research Letters, **25**, 1075-1078, 1998
 - 31. *A Freefall Determination of the Newtonian Constant of Gravity*, J.P. Schwarz, D.S. Robertson, T.M. Niebauer, J.E. Faller, Science, Vol **282**, 2230-2234, Dec 18, 1998
 - 32. *A new determination of the Newtonian constant of gravity using the freefall method*, JP Schwarz, Robertson, D.S., Niebauer, T.M., Faller, J.E., Meas. Sci. Technol., **10**, 478-486 (1999)
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 - 34. *A new fiber optic gradiometer for 4D absolute differential gravity*, J.M. Brown, T.M. Niebauer, F.J. Klopping, and A.T. Herring; *Vol. 27, No. 1, p. 33, 2000.*
 - 35. *Complex heterodyne for undersampled chirped sinusoidal signals*, T. Niebauer, A. Schiel, D. van Westrum, Applied Optics, Vol. 45, No. 32 (11/10/2006)

Cost Proposal

Change to Amendment #1

Exhibit A Amendment 1 Original Derivation of Cost Proposal

Control Section CS 82900	MDOT Job # JN 802330	Project Description DRIC - EPE with EIS - Amend 1 Additional Public Involvement Use of Commentworks and Larger Meetings
Name of Prime Consultant: The Corradino Group		

DIRECT LABOR

Name	Classification	Hours	x	Rate	=	Labor Costs
Corradino, JC	Proj. Manager	300	x	76.45		\$22,935
Corradino, D	Planner	400	x	25.24		\$10,096
Butler	Planner	100	x	23.82		\$2,382
Hartman	Lead Traffic Eng.	100	x	47.89		\$4,789
Santana	Planner	400	x	22.51		\$9,004
Stone, T.	Lead Environ.	300	x	45.74		\$13,722
Total Hours		1600				Total Labor \$62,928

LABOR ESCALATION

	\$62,928	x	0.00%		Escalation	\$0
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OVERHEAD

	\$62,928	x	164.07%		Total Overhead	\$103,246
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FACILITIES COST OF CAPITAL

	\$62,928		0.3720%		Total F.C.C.	\$234
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DIRECT EXPENSES

	Unit Cost	x	Units	
Supplies/Shipments	\$600.00	x	1 Lump Sum	\$600
Additional Equipment Rental (see attached sheet)				\$119,102
Additional Meeting Printed Materials (see attached sheet)				\$20,080
Subtotal				\$139,782

Subconsultants

Parsons Transportation Group	\$25,595
ACG: The al Chalabi Group, Ltd.	\$0
DLA Piper Rudnick Gray Cary US LLP	\$241,830
Alfred Benesch & Company	\$0
CCRG	\$59,761
Hamilton Anderson Associates	\$158,127
Northwest Consultants, Inc.	\$0
NTH	\$2,008,009
SOMAT Engineering, Inc.	\$0
TBE Group, Inc.	\$0
Wetland & Coastal Res., Inc.	\$0
Woolpert Design, LLP	\$14,863
Total Direct Costs	\$2,647,968

FIXED FEE

	\$166,174	x	11%		Total Fixed Fee	\$18,279
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TOTAL Original Amend 1 COSTS \$2,832,655

Exhibit A - Negative Derivation Sheet Amend. 1 Corradino Derivation of Cost Proposal

Control Section	MDOT Job #	Project Description
CS 82900	JN 802330	DRIC - EPE with an EIS Shift of Bore Hole Drilling from Amend 1 to Amend 3 - Additional Geotech Invest
Name of Prime Consultant: The Corradino Group		

DIRECT LABOR

Name	Classification	Hours	x	Rate	=	Labor Costs
Corradino, JC	Proj. Manager	0	x	76.45		\$0
Corradino, D	Planner	0	x	25.24		\$0
Butler	Planner	0	x	23.82		\$0
Hartman	Lead Traffic Eng.	0	x	47.89		\$0
Santana	Planner	0	x	22.51		\$0
Stone, T.	Lead Environ.	0	x	45.74		\$0
Total Hours		0				Total Labor
						\$0

LABOR ESCALATION

\$0 x 0.00% **Escalation** **\$0**

OVERHEAD

\$0 x 164.07% **Total Overhead** **\$0**

FACILITIES COST OF CAPITAL

\$0 0.3720% **Total F.C.C.** **\$0**

DIRECT EXPENSES

	Unit Cost	x	Units	
Supplies/Shipments	\$600.00	x	1 Lump Sum	\$0
Additional Equipment Rental (see attached sheet)				\$0
Additional Meeting Printed Materials (see attached sheet)				\$0
Subtotal				\$0
Subconsultants				
Parsons Transportation Group				\$0
ACG: The al Chalabi Group, Ltd.				\$0
DLA Piper Rudnick Gray Cary US LLP				\$0
Alfred Benesch & Company				\$0
CCRG				\$0
Hamilton Anderson Associates				\$0
Northwest Consultants, Inc.				\$0
NTH decrease results from the transfer of boring costs and labor to Amend 3				(\$1,314,222)
SOMAT Engineering, Inc.				\$0
TBE Group, Inc.				\$0
Wetland & Coastal Res., Inc.				\$0
Woolpert Design, LLP				\$0
Total Direct Costs				(\$1,314,222)

FIXED FEE

\$0 x 11% **Total Fixed Fee** **\$0**

TOTAL Amend 1 COSTS Reduction (\$1,314,222)

Exhibit A Amendment 1 Corradino Summary - Final Derivation of Cost Proposal

Control Section CS 82900	MDOT Job # JN 802330	Project Description DRIC - EPE with EIS - Amend 1 Additional Public Involvement Use of Commentworks and Larger Meetings
Name of Prime Consultant: The Corradino Group		

DIRECT LABOR

Name	Classification	Person Hour	x	Hourly Rate	=	Labor Costs
Corradino, JC	Proj. Manager	300	x	76.45		\$22,935
Corradino, D	Planner	400	x	25.24		\$10,096
Butler	Planner	100	x	23.82		\$2,382
Hartman	Lead Traffic Eng.	100	x	47.89		\$4,789
Santana	Planner	400	x	22.51		\$9,004
Stone, T.	Lead Environ.	300	x	45.74		\$13,722
Total Hours		1600				Total Labor \$62,928

LABOR ESCALATION

	\$62,928	x	0.00%	Escalation	\$0
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OVERHEAD

	\$62,928	x	164.07%	Total Overhead	\$103,246
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FACILITIES COST OF CAPITAL

	\$62,928		0.3720%	Total F.C.C.	\$234
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DIRECT EXPENSES

	Unit Cost	x	Units	
Supplies/Shipments	\$600.00	x	1 Lump Sum	\$600
Additional Equipment Rental (see attached sheet)				\$119,102
Additional Meeting Printed Materials (see attached sheet)				\$20,080
Subtotal				\$139,782

Subconsultants

Parsons Transportation Group	\$25,595
ACG: The al Chalabi Group, Ltd.	\$0
DLA Piper Rudnick Gray Cary US LLP	\$241,830
Alfred Benesch & Company	\$0
CCRG	\$59,761
Hamilton Anderson Associates	\$158,127
Northwest Consultants, Inc.	\$0
NTH	\$693,787
SOMAT Engineering, Inc.	\$0
TBE Group, Inc.	\$0
Wetland & Coastal Res., Inc.	\$0
Woolpert Design, LLP	\$14,863

Total Direct Costs \$1,333,746

FIXED FEE

	\$166,174	x	11%	Total Fixed Fee	\$18,279
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TOTAL Amend 1 COSTS Final \$1,518,433

Exhibit B Amendment 1 NTH Original Derivation of Cost Proposal

Control Section CS 82900	MDOT Job # JN 802330	Project Description DRIC - EPE with an EIS Amendment 1 - Add. Geotech Invest
Name of Sub Consultant:		NTH CONSULTANTS, LTD.

DIRECT LABOR

Name	Classification	Hours	x	Rate	=	Labor Costs
Keith Swaffar	Proj. Director	112	x	\$50.00		\$5,600
Fritz Klingler	Proj. Manager	280	x	\$50.00		\$14,000
Joe Alberts	Task Manager	420	x	\$42.00		\$17,640
Harry Price	Task Manager	420	x	\$42.00		\$17,640
Craig Johnson	Project Eng.	778	x	\$22.00		\$17,116
Jason Edberg	Project Eng.	654	x	\$22.00		\$14,388
Heather Audet	Project Eng.	654	x	\$22.00		\$14,388
Sanket Gole	Project Eng.	654	x	\$22.00		\$14,388
Mike Firestone	Project Eng.	654	x	\$22.00		\$14,388
Zachary Carr	Project Eng.	400	x	\$22.00		\$8,800
Nateira Farrington	Clerical	690	x	\$15.00		\$10,350
Dawn Pressley	Clerical	690	x	\$15.00		\$10,350
Latricia Giddens	Clerical	690	x	\$15.00		\$10,350
Total Hours		7096				Total Labor
						\$169,398

OVERHEAD	\$169,398	x	188.00%	Total OH	\$318,468
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FACILITIES COST OF CAPITAL	\$169,398	x	0.04%	F.C.C.	\$68
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DIRECT EXPENSES	Unit Cost	x	Units	
Mileage	\$0.405		4000 miles	\$1,620
Copies	\$0.220		4000 pages	\$880
FedEx	\$15.00		13 overnights	\$195
Digital Camera	\$10.00		120 days	\$1,200

Layne Christensen Drilling (attached)				
1 core-hole (land) to approximately 1,500 feet @ \$292,238				\$292,238
1 core-hole (land) to approximately 1,500 feet @ \$292,238 - \$40,000 (mob/demob)				\$252,238
2 rotary borings to approximately 1,500 feet @ \$189,873 / each				\$379,746
Rig mud system (mob/demob)				\$25,000
Moving btw holes / Standby allow. @ \$10,000/boring (\$3,588 + NTH-add \$6,412/boring)				\$40,000
Z-Seis Reservoir Seismic (tomography((attached)))				
Project Setup, Mob / Demob @ \$30,000				\$30,000
Perform gyroscopic borehole surveys @ \$10,000 per boring x 4 borings				\$40,000
Crane Rental @ \$5,000 per boring				\$20,000
Perform cross-hole seismic tomography panel @ \$50,000 per panel x 3 panels				\$150,000
Tooling Insurance @ \$25,000 per set of borings x 1 set per panel x 3 panels				\$75,000
Standby time @ \$10,000 per day x 1 day				\$10,000
Equipment	\$75		120	\$9,000
Supplies	\$1,500		1	\$1,500
Permits (Corps, US)	\$10,000		4	\$40,000
External Consulting - Cording				Not to Exceed \$44,900
External Consulting - Turpening				Not to Exceed \$52,893

Total Direct Costs \$ 1,466,410

FIXED FEE	\$487,866	x	11.00%	Fixed Fee	\$53,665
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TOTAL Original Amend 1 NTH COSTS \$ 2,008,009

Exhibit B - Negative Derivation Sheet Amend. 1 NTH Derivation of Cost Proposal

Control Section	MDOT Job #	Project Description
CS 82900	JN 802330	DRIC - EPE with an EIS Shift of Bore Hole Drilling from Amend 1 to Amend 3 - Additional Geotech Invest
Name of Sub Consultant:		NTH CONSULTANTS, LTD.

Bore Hole Cost Reduction

DIRECT EXPENSES

Boring of 4 holes under Amendment 1 by Layne Christensen deleted

Layne Christensen Drilling

1 core-hole (land) to approximately 1,500 feet @ \$292,238	\$	(292,238)
1 core-hole (land) to approximately 1,500 feet @ \$292,238 - \$40,000 (mob/demob)	\$	(252,238)
2 rotary borings to approximately 1,500 feet @ \$189,873 / each	\$	(379,746)
Rig mud system (mob/demob)	\$	(25,000)
Moving btw holes / Standby allow. @ \$10,000/boring (\$3,588 + NTH-add \$6,412/boring)	\$	(40,000)

Net Change in Directs w/deletion of Layne Christensen \$ (989,222)

These drilling costs are provided for in Amend 3.

Tomography under Amendment 1 by Z-Seis deleted

Perform cross-hole seismic tomography

Z-Seis Reservoir Seismic

Project Setup, Mob / Demob @ \$30,000	\$	(30,000)
Perform gyroscopic borehole surveys @ \$10,000 per boring x 4 borings	\$	(40,000)
Crane Rental @ \$5,000 per boring	\$	(20,000)
Perform cross-hole seismic tomography panel @ \$50,000 per panel x 3 panels	\$	(150,000)
Tooling Insurance @ \$25,000 per set of borings x 1 set per panel x 3 panels	\$	(75,000)
Standby time @ \$10,000 per day x 1 day	\$	(10,000)

Net Change in Directs w/deletion of Z-Seiss \$ (325,000)

These analysis costs are provided for in Amend 3.

Net Change in Amendment 1 \$ (1,314,222)

Exhibit B Amendment 1 NTH Summary - Final Derivation of Cost Proposal

Control Section CS 82900	MDOT Job # JN 802330	Project Description DRIC - EPE with an EIS Amendment 1 - Add. Geotech Invest
Name of Sub Consultant:		NTH CONSULTANTS, LTD.

DIRECT LABOR

Name	Classification	Hours	x	Rate	=	Labor Costs
Keith Swaffar	Proj. Director	112	x	\$50.00		\$5,600
Fritz Klingler	Proj. Manager	280	x	\$50.00		\$14,000
Joe Alberts	Task Manager	420	x	\$42.00		\$17,640
Harry Price	Task Manager	420	x	\$42.00		\$17,640
Craig Johnson	Project Eng.	778	x	\$22.00		\$17,116
Jason Edberg	Project Eng.	654	x	\$22.00		\$14,388
Heather Audet	Project Eng.	654	x	\$22.00		\$14,388
Sanket Gole	Project Eng.	654	x	\$22.00		\$14,388
Mike Firestone	Project Eng.	654	x	\$22.00		\$14,388
Zachary Carr	Project Eng.	400	x	\$22.00		\$8,800
Nateira Farrington	Clerical	690	x	\$15.00		\$10,350
Dawn Pressley	Clerical	690	x	\$15.00		\$10,350
Latricia Giddens	Clerical	690	x	\$15.00		\$10,350
Total Hours		7096				Total Labor

\$169,398

OVERHEAD \$169,398 x 188.00% **Total OH** **\$318,468**

FACILITIES COST OF CAPITAL \$169,398 x 0.04% **Total F.C.C.** **\$68**

DIRECT EXPENSES

	Unit Cost	x	Units	
Mileage	\$0.405		4000 miles	\$1,620
Copies	\$0.220		4000 pages	\$880
FedEx	\$15.00		13 overnights	\$195
Digital Camera	\$10.00		120 days	\$1,200

Layne Christensen Drilling (No longer doing boring)

1 core-hole (land) to approximately 1,500 feet @ \$292,238	\$0
1 core-hole (land) to approximately 1,500 feet @ \$292,238 - \$40,000 (mob/demob)	\$0
2 rotary borings to approximately 1,500 feet @ \$189,873 / each	\$0
Rig mud system (mob/demob)	\$0
Moving btw holes / Standby allow. @ \$10,000/boring (\$3,588 + NTH-add \$6,412/boring)	\$0
Z-Seis Reservoir Seismic (tomography((attached))	
Project Setup, Mob / Demob @ \$30,000	\$0
Perform gyroscopic borehole surveys @ \$10,000 per boring x 4 borings	\$0
Crane Rental @ \$5,000 per boring	\$0
Perform cross-hole seismic tomography panel @ \$50,000 per panel x 3 panels	\$0
Tooling Insurance @ \$25,000 per set of borings x 1 set per panel x 3 panels	\$0
Standby time @ \$10,000 per day x 1 day	\$0
Equipment	\$75
Supplies	\$1,500
Permits (Corps, US)	\$10,000
External Consulting - Cording	Not to exceed \$44,900
External Consulting - Turpening	Not to exceed \$52,893

Total Direct Costs \$ 152,188

FIXED FEE \$487,866 x 11.00% **Fixed Fee** **\$53,665**

TOTAL Amend 1 NTH COSTS Final \$ 693,787

Exhibit C - Amendment 1 Final

Derivation of Cost

SUMMARY BY JOB NUMBER AND BY CATEGORY

Control Section CS 82900	MDOT Job # JN 802330	Project Description DRIC - EPE with an EIS Amendment 1
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DIRECT LABOR (with escalation)	Direct Labor Hours	Direct Labor Costs
Prime Consultant	1600	\$62,928
Subconsultants		
Parsons Transportation Group	162	\$9,720
DLA Piper Rudnick Gray Cary US	382	\$240,660
CCRG	1040	\$25,445
Hamilton Anderson Associates	84	\$3,108
NTH	7096	\$169,398
Woolpert Design, LLP	112	\$2,534
Total Direct Labor	10,476	\$513,792

OVERHEAD	Overhead Costs
Prime Consultant	\$103,246
Subconsultants	
Parsons Transportation Group	\$13,316
DLA Piper Rudnick Gray Cary US LLP	\$0
CCRG	\$27,488
Hamilton Anderson Associates	\$5,242
NTH	\$318,468
Woolpert Design, LLP	\$4,390
Total Overhead	\$472,150

FACILITIES COST OF CAPITAL	F.C.C. Costs
Prime Consultant	\$234
Subconsultants	
Parsons Transportation Group	\$26
DLA Piper Rudnick Gray Cary US LLP	\$0
CCRG	\$0
Hamilton Anderson Associates	\$23
NTH	\$68
Woolpert Design, LLP	\$49
Total F.C.C. Costs	\$400

DIRECT EXPENSES

	Direct Costs
Prime Consultant	139782
Subconsultants	
Parsons Transportation Group	\$0
DLA Piper Rudnick Gray Cary US LLP	\$1,170
CCRG	\$1,005
Hamilton Anderson Associates	\$148,836
NTH	\$152,188
Woolpert Design, LLP	\$7,129
Total Direct Expenses	\$450,110

FIXED FEE

	Fixed Fee Costs
Prime Consultant	\$18,279
Subconsultants	
Parsons Transportation Group	\$2,534
DLA Piper Rudnick Gray Cary US LLP	\$0
CCRG	\$5,823
Hamilton Anderson Associates	\$918
NTH	\$53,665
Woolpert Design, LLP	\$762
Total Fixed Fee	\$81,981

TOTALS

	Total Costs
Prime Consultant	\$324,469
Subconsultants	
Parsons Transportation Group	\$25,595
DLA Piper Rudnick Gray Cary US LLP	\$241,830
CCRG	\$59,761
Hamilton Anderson Associates	\$158,127
NTH	\$693,787
Woolpert Design, LLP	\$14,863
TOTAL COSTS Amendment 1 Final	\$1,518,433

Cost Proposal

Amendment #3

Exhibit A Amend 3 Summary w/adj. From Amend 1 Derivation of Cost Proposal

Control Section CS 82900	MDOT Job # JN 802330	Project Description
		DRIC - Amendment 3 - Deep Drilling Program, Public Involvement (Ombusman during drilling)
Name of Prime Consultant:		The Corradino Group

DIRECT LABOR

Name	Classification	Hours	x	Rate	=	Labor Costs
Corradino, JC	Proj. Manager	36	x	\$91.74		\$3,303
Corradino, G	Planner	1040	x	\$29.22		\$30,389
Bocks	Planner	36	x	\$19.38		\$698
Butler	Planner	0	x	\$28.85		\$0
Deutsch	Counsel	0	x	\$70.80		\$0
Hartman	Engineer	36	x	\$49.81		\$1,793
P'Pool	Economic Planner	0	x	\$78.46		\$0
Santana	Planner	1040	x	\$23.64		\$24,586
Stone	Env. Planner	36	x	\$49.40		\$1,778
Townsend	Planner	0	x	\$30.35		\$0
Total Hours		2224				Total Labor

OVERHEAD	\$62,546	x	164.07%	Total Overhead	\$102,620
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FACILITIES COST OF CAPITAL	\$62,546		0.3720%	Total F.C.C.	\$233
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DIRECT EXPENSES

	Unit Cost		Units	
Overnight Del	\$18.00	x	2 overnights	\$36
Lodging	\$65.00	x	2 days	\$130
Meals (per diem)	\$38.50	x	2 days	\$77
Rental car	\$80.00	x	4 days	\$320
24-hr Relocation Security - see attach	\$17.85	x	720 hours	\$12,852
H2S Evacuation Plan - see attached				\$325,305
Subtotal Corradino Direct Costs				\$338,720

Subconsultant Expenses

Parsons Transportation Group	\$328,615
Rick Miller	\$0
Richard Woods	\$0
DLA Piper Rudnick Gray Cary US LLP	\$0
Alfred Benesch & Company	\$0
CCRG	\$0
Fletcher & Stippel, LLC	\$0
Hamilton Anderson Associates	\$0
Northwest Consultants, Inc.	\$0
NTH	\$8,514,512
SOMAT Engineering, Inc.	\$1,931,269
TBE Group, Inc.	\$0
Wetland & Coastal Res., Inc.	\$0
Woolpert Design, LLP	\$0
Subtotal Subconsultant Total Costs	\$10,774,397

Corradino Direct Costs, Plus Subconsultant Total Costs	\$11,113,117
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FIXED FEE	\$165,166	x	11.00%	Corradino Fixed Fee	\$18,168
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TOTAL Amend 3 COSTS	\$11,296,683
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Credit from Amend 1 (see following sheet)	(\$1,314,222)
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TOTAL Amend 3 New Authorization	\$9,982,461
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Quotes And References For Security Guards

The following quotes are for security guards. These quotes are based on a four-month schedule (December to March). 12 and 24 hour rates

Guardian Security Services	Standard Hrly Billing Rate	Holiday Hrly Billing Rate
Unarmed Security Officer	\$14.00	\$21.00

Reference: Nemar Property Group **Contact:** Lind Zyla, (248) 352-2080
Comments: They have been using the same company for over 20 years to guard their properties after hours and to patrol the parking lots in security vehicles. The guards and company are very reliable. In the event there is an incident they type up incident reports and it is a very seamless system.

Nationwide Security	Standard Hourly Billing Rate
Unarmed Security Officer	\$22.50

Reference: United States Steel Corporation **Contact:** Mr. Robert Peters, (313) 749-5113
Comments: They have 43 guards who man the gates. They have a natural turn-around; nothing unique or bad. Feels that they do a good job overall.

Securitas	Standard Hrly Billing Rate	Holiday Hrly Billing Rate
Officer - dusk to dawn, 7 days per week	\$20.15	\$30.23
Officer - 24 / 7 days per week	\$17.85	\$26.78

Left voicemail for sales rep and he has not called back regarding possible changes in hourly rate.
Reference: Visteon Corp. **Contact:** Mr. Brian King, (734) 710-5567
Comments: Securitas mans all of the gates to their facility. They have employees at every level from Entry to Management. The guards patrol on foot, bike and car. Mr.

Rationale

Mr. King has worked with Securitas for two years at Visteon and in his prior job for several years. Securitas does not use armed guards. They have great infrastructure to assist in the event of emergencies. The turnover is low.

Based on our review and conversations with the above references, it is our opinion that Securitas provide the security guards. Securitas has an extended network of resources as well as experience in various environments.

H₂S Evacuation Plan

People Affected:	600, based on 1,300-foot evacuation area around bore hole
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Duration of Evacuation: 12 hours

Location for Evacuees:	\$ 2,000	\$ 2,000
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Patton Park & Roberto Clemente Center (300 + 300 = 600 people)		
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Bedding		\$ 33,000
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Transportation

3 buses on call. Two vans already covered in another budget item. The vans will be placed at the drilling sites ready to go	\$ 2,265
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Food

Breakfast	\$ 4.95	x	600	=	\$ 2,970	
(Egg, sausage or ham or diced potatoes)						
Lunch	\$ 6.00	x	600	=	\$ 3,600	
(3 tacos/1 Enchilada)						
Dinner	\$ 7.95	x	600	=	\$ 4,770	
(Chimichanga Combo/ Burrito) - Delux Combo						
Water per case	\$ 4.50	x	600	=	\$ 2,700	
Ice per bag	\$ 1.50	x	600	=	\$ 900	
Chips per pack	\$ 1.50	x	600	=	\$ 900	
Pop per 12-pack	\$ 3.50	x	600	=	\$ 2,100	
Cookies per 8-pack	\$ 3.50	x	600	=	\$ 2,100	
Pizza	\$ 5.00	x	600	=	\$ 3,000	
Subtotal					\$ 23,040	\$ 23,040

Cost for City of Detroit Emergency Response
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6 Engines, 3 Trucks, 2 Squads, 3 Chiefs, 2 Fire Marshal 600 Car, Safety Officer, EMS, Haz-Mat 1 & 2. @ 100 per item per hour for 12 hours

Subtotal	\$ 265,000
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Total Cost:	\$ 325,305
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Exhibit A Adj. To Derive Amend 3 Authorization Amount Derivation of Cost Proposal

Control Section CS 82900	MDOT Job # JN 802330	Project Description
		DRIC - Amendment 3 - Deep Drilling Program, Public Involvement (Ombusman during drilling)
Name of Prime Consultant: The Corradino Group		

Amendment 1 was authorized in the amount of \$2,832,655. Sheets in this submittal for Amendment 3 include elimination of costs for Layne Christensen, as that work will now be done under Amendment 3 by Oil-Ex, Inc.

These changes are shown below. The end result is that the work now shown under Amendment 1 will cost less than the authorized amount, so there is money "left over" from Amendment 1, reducing the amount of "new" money that needs to be authorized in Amendment 3. These costs are shown below and the total is carried forward to the previous sheet.

Bore Hole Cost Reduction

DIRECT EXPENSES

Boring of 4 holes under Amendment 1 by Layne Christensen deleted

Layne Christensen Drilling

1 core-hole (land) to approximately 1,500 feet @ \$292,238	\$	(292,238)
1 core-hole (land) to approximately 1,500 feet @ \$292,238 - \$40,000 (mob/demob)	\$	(252,238)
2 rotary borings to approximately 1,500 feet @ \$189,873 / each	\$	(379,746)
Rig mud system (mob/demob)	\$	(25,000)
Moving btw holes / Standby allow. @ \$10,000/boring (\$3,588 + NTH-add \$6,412/boring)	\$	(40,000)

Net Change in Directs w/deletion of Layne Christensen \$ (989,222)

These drilling costs are provided for in Amend 3.

Tomography under Amendment 1 by Z-Seis deleted

Perform cross-hole seismic tomography

Z-Seis Reservoir Seismic

Project Setup, Mob / Demob @ \$30,000	\$	(30,000)
Perform gyroscopic borehole surveys @ \$10,000 per boring x 4 borings	\$	(40,000)
Crane Rental @ \$5,000 per boring	\$	(20,000)
Perform cross-hole seismic tomography panel @ \$50,000 per panel x 3 panels	\$	(150,000)
Tooling Insurance @ \$25,000 per set of borings x 1 set per panel x 3 panels	\$	(75,000)
Standby time @ \$10,000 per day x 1 day	\$	(10,000)

Net Change in Directs w/deletion of Z-Seis \$ (325,000)

These analysis costs are provided for in Amend 3.

Net Change in Amendment 1 \$ (1,314,222)

Exhibit B Summary

Derivation of Cost Proposal

Control Section CS 82900	MDOT Job # JN 802330	Project Description
		DRIC - Amendment 3 - Geotechnical Analysis
Name of Consultant:		Parsons Transportation Group

DIRECT LABOR

Classification	Classification	Person Hrs	x	Hourly Rate	=	Labor Costs
Regine Beauboeuf	Deputy Proj. Man.	160	x	\$66.05		\$10,568
Bruce L. Campbell	Lead Bridge	160	x	\$52.00		\$8,320
Patrick Cassity	Bridge Design	120	x	\$68.75		\$8,250
Ken Serzan	Bridge Design	120	x	\$89.42		\$10,730
Gerald Bonner	Tunnel/Geotechnical	275	x	\$89.42		\$24,591
Mike Ashmore	Rdway/Bridge Design	400	x	\$48.08		\$19,232
Richard Saporsky	Lead Roadway	0	x	\$45.67		\$0
Robert Hosler	Landscape Architect	0	x	\$48.31		\$0
Joseph Marson	Lead Traffic	0	x	\$50.18		\$0
Stephen Mayer	Policy	0	x	\$79.33		\$0
Craig Richardson	Landscape Architect	0	x	\$31.00		\$0
Jeffrey Squires	Policy	0	x	\$86.54		\$0
Jr. Engineer	Rd/Plaza/Bridge	0	x	\$24.89		\$0
Sr. Engineer	Bridge Design	200	x	\$47.87		\$9,574
Engineer	Rd/Plaza/Bridge	730	x	\$37.77		\$27,572
Administrative		120	x	\$25.48		\$3,058
Total Hours		2285				Labor \$121,895

OVERHEAD

	\$121,895	x	131.00%	Overhead	\$159,682
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FACILITIES COST OF CAPITAL

	\$121,895	x	0.2965%	F.C.C.	\$361
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DIRECT EXPENSES

	Unit Cost	x	Units	
Airline Travel	\$500.00	x	\$20.00	\$10,000
Mileage	\$0.45	x	\$7,700.00	\$3,427
Lodging	\$65.00	x	\$22.00	\$1,430
Meals (per diem)	\$38.50	x	\$22.00	\$847

	Direct Costs	\$15,704
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FIXED FEE

	\$281,577	x	11.00%	Fixed Fee	\$30,973
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	TOTAL Parson Amend 3	\$328,615
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Exhibit B

Derivation of Cost Proposal - Geotechnical Analysis

Control Section	MDOT Job #	Project Description			
CS 82900	JN 802330	DRIC - Amendment 3 - Geotechnical Analysis, Task 2330			
Name of Sub Consultant:		NTH CONSULTANTS, LTD.			
DIRECT LABOR					
Name	Classification	Hours	x	Rate	= Labor Costs
Keith Swaffar	Project Director	342	x	\$ 62.00	\$21,204
Fritz Klingler	Project Manager	899	x	\$ 58.00	\$52,142
Joe Alberts	Task Manager	1044	x	\$ 46.50	\$48,546
Harry Price	Task Manager	1044	x	\$ 46.50	\$48,546
John Kosnak	Task Manager	1044	x	\$ 46.50	\$48,546
Craig Johnson	Project Engineer	1103	x	\$ 25.50	\$28,127
Jason Edberg	Project Engineer	1103	x	\$ 25.50	\$28,127
Heather Audet	Project Engineer	1103	x	\$ 25.50	\$28,127
Sanket Gole	Project Engineer	1103	x	\$ 25.50	\$28,127
Mike Firestone	Project Engineer	1103	x	\$ 25.50	\$28,127
Danny Yip	Project Engineer	1103	x	\$ 25.50	\$28,127
Kurt Warning	Project Engineer	1103	x	\$ 25.50	\$28,127
Michael Schorsch	Project Engineer	1103	x	\$ 25.50	\$28,127
Steve Innes	Project Engineer	1103	x	\$ 25.50	\$28,127
Jason Edberg	Project Engineer	1103	x	\$ 25.50	\$28,127
Zachary Carr	Project Engineer	1103	x	\$ 25.50	\$28,127
Steve Bryan	CADD	513	x	\$ 25.50	\$13,082
Ennis Smith	Technician III	914	x	\$ 18.00	\$16,452
Tom Mendenhall	Technician III	914	x	\$ 18.00	\$16,452
Nateira Farrington	Clerical	1250	x	\$ 15.00	\$18,750
Dawn Pressley	Clerical	1250	x	\$ 15.00	\$18,750
Latricia Giddens	Clerical	1250	x	\$ 15.00	\$18,750
Contract Employee	Clerical	1250	x	\$ 15.00	\$18,750
Contract Employee	Clerical	1250	x	\$ 15.00	\$18,750
		Subtotal Hours			Total Labor
		25,097			\$668,111
OVERHEAD					
Overhead		\$668,111	x	188.00%	Total OH
					\$1,256,049
FACILITIES COST OF CAPITAL					
Facilities Cost of Capital		\$668,111	x	0.04%	Total F.C.C.
					\$267
DIRECT EXPENSES					
	Unit Cost	x	Units		
Mileage	\$0.445		6500	miles	\$2,893
Copies	\$0.25		9000	pages	\$2,250
FedEx	\$20.00		66	units	\$1,320
Digital Camera	\$10.00		100	days	\$1,000
Oil-Ex/Advanced Enery Drilling (see support sheet)	\$2,172,250		1	lump sum	\$2,172,250
Z-Sels Reservoir Seismic (see sub support sheet)	\$2,559,000		1	lump sum	\$2,559,000
Baker Atlas (see sub support sheet)	\$123,244		1	lump sum	\$123,244
Socon Well Services (see sub support sheet)	\$24,926		1	lump sum	\$24,926
Micro-Lacoste (Borehole Gravity)	\$251,063		1	lump sum	\$251,063
American Drilling (Install VSP source geophone)	\$10,185		1	lump sum	\$10,185
Gravity Modeling Software (Purchase @ 10,000 Euros)	\$12,511		1	lump sum	\$12,511
External Consulting (Cording)	\$250		377	hours	\$94,250
External Consulting (Cording Asst.)	\$100		455	hours	\$45,500
External Consulting (Turpening)	\$186		1900	hours	\$353,476
External Consulting (Diehl)	\$181		1318	hours	\$238,242
Site Improvements (see direct cost support sheet)	\$104,287		1	NA	\$104,287
Drill Cutting Removal (see direct cost support sheet)	\$24,750		1	NA	\$24,750
Site Restoration (see direct cost support sheet)	\$85,904		1	NA	\$85,904
PL Insurance pass through (see direct cost support sheet)	\$115,186		1	NA	\$115,186
MDEQ Permit (see direct cost support sheet)	\$19,292		1	NA	\$19,292
Estimated Field Expenses (see direct cost support sheet)	\$129,700		1	NA	\$129,700
Sound/Vibration Monitoring (see direct cost support sheet)	\$7,200		1	NA	\$7,200
		Subtotal Direct Costs			\$6,378,428
FIXED FEE					
		\$1,924,160	x	11.00%	Fixed Fee
					\$211,658
TOTAL NTH Geotechnical COSTS Amend 3					\$8,514,512

NTH Consultants, Ltd.

SUBCONTRACTOR SHEET

SUBCONTRACTOR PROJECT FEE ESTIMATING SHEET - Amendment 3

Client Name: Parsons
 Project Description: DRIC Solution Mining Research
 Prepared By: C. Johnson / F. Klingler

Work Package Designation: MDOT Proposal
 Project/Proposal Name: 15-050014-01
 Date: 10/17/2006

All subcontractor unit rates for both crossings are based on proposals by Oil-Ex, SOCON, Baker Atlas, Z-Seis, and Microg-Lacoste (see attached)

Detailed List of Steps or Tasks Required To Complete This Project					Fee Estimate
Investigate both alignments with eight land borings (6 core and 2 rotary), 6 additional rotary to be performed by SOMA					
Drilling / Coring					
Drill 6 Borings to approximately 1,500 feet					
Drill 2 Borings to approximately 1,750 feet					
Oil-Ex, Inc./Advanced Energy (see Oil-Ex Proposal)					
2 core-holes (land) to approximately 1,500 feet @ \$266,487 / each					\$532,974
2 core-holes (land) to approximately 1,750 feet @ \$291,487 / each					\$582,974
4 rotary borings (land) to approximately 1,500 feet @ \$223,613 / each					\$894,452
Additional Mob / Demob to abandon borings (4/7 @ \$15,000 / each)					\$8,600
Standby Time during Acoustic Televiwer Service (1 day at \$5,200/day * 9 holes)					\$46,800
Allowance for Lost Equipment for insurance purposes (5% of total estimate)					\$100,950
Pollution Liability Insurance					\$5,500
30 to 90 day payment terms @1.5% per 30 days (included)					\$0
OIL-EX/Advanced Energy SUBTOTAL					\$2,172,250
Crosswell Seismic Imaging / Vertical Seismic Profiling (VSP)					
Z-Seis Reservoir Seismic (see Z-Seis Proposal)					
Perform crosswell seismic imaging (34 panels)					
Project Setup, 6 Mob / Demob @ \$30,000 / each					\$180,000
Crane Rental @ \$5,000 per boring					\$70,000
Perform crosswell seismic imaging panel @ \$50,000 per panel x 34 panels					\$1,700,000
Extend crosswell seismic imaging panel to 1,750 feet @ \$8,000 per panel x 6 panels					\$48,000
Tooling Insurance @ \$12,500 per set of borings x 1 set per panel x 34 panels					\$425,000
Perform VSP Surveys (Z-Seis) (2 surveys)					
Mob/Demob (0\$ if performed with crosswell) (15K if required)					
Data Acquisition (50 levels, single offset at \$30,000 per survey * 2)					\$60,000
Data Processing (Checkshot and offset VSP at \$8,000 per survey * 2)					\$16,000
Mini-Vib Source Rental @ \$23,000 per month * 2)					\$46,000
Tool insurance (for downhole receivers at \$7,000/hole * 2)					\$14,000
30 to 90 day payment terms @1.5% per 30 days					\$0
Z-SEIS SUBTOTAL					\$2,559,000
Baker Atlas (see Baker Atlas Proposal)					
Perform Borehole Deviation, Natural Gamma, and Acoustic Logging Surveys					
Perform Surveys (14 @ \$8,546.75 / Run)					\$119,655
30 to 90 day payment terms @1.5% per 30 days					\$3,590
BAKER ATLAS SUBTOTAL					\$123,244
SOCON Sonar Well Services, Inc. (see SOCON Proposal)					
Perform 3-D Sonar Cavity Inspection					
Sonar Survey 2 @ \$6,500 / each					\$13,000
Wireline Hoisting 2 @ \$1,800 / run					\$3,600
Mob / Demob 2 @ \$2,500 / each					\$5,000
Service Fee 2 @ \$750 / each					\$1,500
Tool Insurance 2 @ \$550 / each					\$1,100
30 to 90 day payment terms @1.5% per 30 days					\$726
SOCON SUBTOTAL					\$ 24,926
MicroG-Lacoste - Borehole Gravity Survey (see Microg-LaCoste Proposal)					
Perform Borehole Gravity Surveys					
Mob / Demob (2 @ \$12,000 per mob)					\$24,000
Borehole Gravity Data Personnel @ \$7,875 at three days per borehole * 10 boreholes					\$78,750
Borehole Gravimeter, Sonde, Rigging Rental (\$10,600 per borehole * 10 boreholes)					\$106,000
Report (\$3,500 per borehole report * 10 boreholes)					\$35,000
30 to 90 day payment terms @ 1.5% per 30 days					\$7,313
MICROG-LACOSTE SUBTOTAL					\$251,063

Baker Atlas
 Mr. Craig Johnson
 NTH Consultants, LTD

10/16/2006



Revised NTH Proposal

Ken Moss Account Manager
 Mt. Pleasant, Michigan 48858

2222 Enterprise Dr.
 Tel (989) 773-7992

Baker Atlas Services appreciates the opportunity to offer the following first call service quotes

First trip to well for the Sonar Service:

Run 1	Depth:	2000	Top Log Interval:			
Code	CASED HOLE SERVICES		Qty	Unit Price	Book Price	Disc. Price
SCCH	Land Service Charge		1	\$2,530.00	\$2,530.00	\$1,391.50
ENVCOM	Environmental Compliance		1	\$200.00	\$200.00	\$200.00
TC-E	Fuel Surcharge		1	\$300.00	\$300.00	\$300.00
DOT	DOT Certification	Vehicles	2	\$100.00	\$200.00	\$200.00
JCGR-A.100	Junk Catcher-Gauge Ring	Depth	2000	\$0.24	\$480.00	\$264.00
		Operation	1	\$375.00	\$375.00	\$206.25
CIS-A.150	Customer Instr Service	Depth	2000	\$0.68	\$1,360.00	\$748.00
		Operation	1	\$788.00	\$788.00	\$433.40
TC-W	Wireline Charge	Runs	2	\$15.00	\$30.00	\$30.00
MC	Mileage	Mileage	175	\$6.00	\$1,050.00	\$577.50
Rev 1.0						SERVICES TOTAL \$4,350.65

Second trip to well for the Acoustic and Directional logging service:

Code	OPEN HOLE SERVICES		Qty	Unit Price	Book Price	Disc. Price
SCOH	Land Service Charge		1	\$7,150.00	\$7,150.00	\$3,932.50
ENVCOM	Environmental Compliance		1	\$200.00	\$200.00	\$200.00
TC-E	Fuel Surcharge		1	\$300.00	\$300.00	\$300.00
DOT	DOT Certification	Vehicles	2	\$100.00	\$200.00	\$200.00
DAL-A.100	DAL (delta t)	Depth	2000	\$0.81	\$1,620.00	\$891.00
		Logging	2000	\$0.81	\$1,620.00	\$891.00
DGR-B.200	Digital GR (Primary Run)	Depth	2000	\$0.28	\$560.00	\$308.00
		Logging	2000	\$0.28	\$560.00	\$308.00
DIR-A.100	Directional Survey	Depth	2000	\$0.55	\$1,100.00	\$605.00
		Logging	2000	\$0.55	\$1,100.00	\$605.00
DSK.100	LAS Data	Processing	1	\$375.00	\$375.00	\$206.25
TC-W	Wireline Charge	Runs	2	\$50.00	\$100.00	\$100.00
MC	Mileage	Mileage	0	\$6.00	\$0.00	\$0.00
Rev 1.0						SERVICES TOTAL \$8,546.75

Optional Service:

CR.ZA60	Crane Truck	Mobilization	1	\$3,000.00	\$3,000.00	\$1,650.00
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Operational Remarks:

- Optional Instrument Protection is \$200.00 for each service performed.
- Conditions of this quote are good for 90 days from the above quote date.
- Discounts for routine services not specified in this proposal negotiated separately.
- Standby time will be charged \$600 per hr.(truck) and \$600 per hr.(crew).
- All Rental Items will be billed as per third party invoice with 20% markup.
- Up to 5 prints of each log delivered to 1 destination are inclusive. Additional prints are \$40.00 each.
 Shipping to additional destinations is \$25.00 each.
- **SERVICE LOCATION: MT PLEASANT, MI PHONE: (989) 773-7992 MGR: Jason Warrens**

Services are subject to the "Worldwide Terms & Conditions" listed under the Terms & Conditions tab or an active Master Service Agreement. If you have additional questions, call me at Tel (989) 773-7992

THANK YOU for considering Baker Atlas for your wellsite services.

Ken Moss Account Manager

Baker Atlas

Mr. Craig Johnson
NTH Consultants, LTD

Jul 6, 2006

NTH CBIL



Ken Moss
Account Manager
2222 Enterprise Dr.
Mt. Pleasant, Michigan 48858
Tel (989) 773-7992

Baker Atlas Services appreciates the opportunity to offer the following first call service quotes

Run 1	Depth:	2000	Top Log Interval:	0	0	
Code	OPEN HOLE SERVICES	Qty	Unit Price	Book Price	Disc. Price	
TC-W	Wireline Charge	Runs	1	\$50.00	\$50.00	\$50.00
CBIL-C.100	CBIL	Depth	2000	\$1.16	\$2,320.00	\$1,160.00
		Logging	2000	\$4.31	\$8,620.00	\$4,310.00
		Operation	1	\$4,125.00	\$4,125.00	\$2,062.50
DGR-B.200	Dig.GR (Subsequent)	Depth	2000	\$0.28	\$560.00	\$280.00
Rev 1.0					SERVICES TOTAL	\$7,862.50

Optional CBIL processing for fracture and borehole feature analysis: **\$5,000.00**
One wide bed print is included in price. Additional prints are \$200.00 each.

Operational Remarks:

- Conditions of this quote are good for 90 days from the above quote date.
- Discounts for routine services not specified in this proposal negotiated separately.
- Optional Instrument Protection is \$200.00 for each service performed.
- Up to 5 prints of each log delivered to 1 destination are inclusive. Additional prints are \$40.00 each.
Shipping to additional destinations is \$25.00 each.
- **SERVICE LOCATION: MT PLEASANT, MI PHONE: (989) 773-7992 MGR: Jason Warrens**

Services are subject to the "Worldwide Terms & Conditions" listed under the Terms & Conditions tab or an active Master Service Agreement. If you have additional questions, call me at Tel (989) 773-7992
THANK YOU for considering Baker Atlas for your wellsite services.

Ken Moss
Account Manager



AMERICAN DRILLING & TESTING CO., INC.

4041 Martel ♦ P.O. Box 3059 ♦ Melvindale, Michigan 48122 ♦ (313) 389-5300
 Fax (313) 389-5346 ♦ E-mail americandrill80@aol.com ♦ Web americandrilling.org

2005/2006 Price list

ITEM		Price			
Mobilization		\$300.00 first 50 miles from our office, over 50 miles \$3.50 per mile			
ATV Rental		\$300.00 per day			
Rig set up fee					
Daily travel to / from site		\$75.00 per hour			
Soil Drilling 2.25" Has	0-50'	\$10.50 per foot			
	51'-100'	\$11.50 per foot			
Soil Drilling 4.25" Has	0-50'	\$11.50 per foot			
	51'-100'	\$14.50 per foot			
Soil Drilling 6.25" Has	0-50'	\$14.50 per foot			
	51'-100'	\$17.50 per foot			
Wash Rotary 2.78"	2.78	\$10.50 per foot			
	3.78	\$11.50 per foot			
	5.78	\$14.50 per foot			
Soil Drilling	Profile	\$8.25 per foot			
Rock Coring		As Negotiated			
Drilling Hourly		\$160.00 per hour			
Hardpan Over 59 Blows		\$17.00 per foot			
Install NW Casing for rock coring		\$5.80 per foot			
Grouting		\$4.25 per foot			
Steam Cleaning		\$160.00 per hour			
Steam Cleaner/Generator		\$175.00 per day			
Installing Monitoring wells		\$160.00 per hour			
Installing Piezometers		\$160.00 per hour			
Installing Inclometers		\$160.00 per hour			
Delays Any Type		\$160.00 per hour			
Concrete cutting		\$85.00 per hole up to 8" thick			
Vain Sheer Testing		\$150.00 per test/\$100.00 Equipment rental			
Premium Time		\$55.60 per hour			
Bailing Boring		\$160.00 per hour			
Packer Testing		As Negotiated			
Piston Shelby tubes		\$80.00 per tube			
Shelby Tubes		\$45.00 per tube			
Sample Jars		\$0.75 per jar			
Crew Per diem		\$80.00 per man/per day			
Chemgrouter		\$125.00 per day			
Double Chemgrouter		\$225.00 per day			



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 Fax (313) 389-5346 ♦ E-mail americandrift80@aol.com ♦ Web americandrilling.org

2005/2006 Supply Price list

ITEM	Price				
2" X 5' pvc screen	\$13.00 each				
2" X 5' pvc riser	\$8.10 each				
2" X 10' pvc screen	\$26.00 each				
2" X 10' pvc riser	\$16.20 each				
2" locking caps	\$14.50 each				
2" pvc bottom plugs	\$4.50 each				
2" pvc slip cap	\$2.25 each				
1.5" X 5' pvc screen	\$19.30 each				
1.5" X 5' pvc riser	\$10.18 each				
1.5" X 10' pvc screen	\$22.48 each				
1.5" X 10' pvc riser	\$14.95 each				
1.5" bottom plug	\$4.89 each				
1.5" top cap	\$4.89 each				
1.0" X 5' screen	\$11.65 each				
1.0" X 5' riser	\$6.10 each				
1.0" X 10' screen	\$16.45 each				
1.0" X 10' riser	\$9.50 each				
1.0" bottom blug	\$1.75 each				
1.0" top cap	\$1.75 each				
Sand 80# bag	\$5.75 bag				
Bentonite Powder	\$11.50 bag				
Bentonite hole plug	\$9.75 bag				
Portland cement	\$7.95 bag				
Quikrete	\$5.00 bag				
Asphalt coldpatch	\$8.25 bag				
Roadbox 7"	\$55.00 each				
4" X 5" pro casing	\$85.00 each				
6" X 5" pro casing	\$100.00 each				
Wooden Core Box	\$17.50 each				

NTH Consultants, Ltd.

Cording

PROJECT FEE ESTIMATING SHEET

Client Name: Parsons

Work Package Designation:

Project Description: DRIC Solution Mining (Dr. Edward Cording Scope - Additional Services) Project/Proposal Name:

15-050014-01

Prepared By: C. Johnson

Date:

10/17/2006

Detailed List of Steps or Tasks Required To Complete This Project	ESTIMATED LABOR HOURS			Est. Exp.	Estimated Fees
	Initials of Team Members				
	EC	PC	Total		
	\$250	\$100	Hours		
Review Overall Project & Provide Recommendations Meeting in Detroit	40	50	90		\$15,000
Review Boring Logs During Drilling and Provide Opinions	60	80	140		\$23,000
Review Acoustic Televiewer Logs During Drilling and Provide Opinions	72		72		\$18,000
Review and consult on field data analysis (One trip to Detroit)	40	35	75		\$13,500
Review Draft Report, Meeting In Detroit	40	35	75		\$13,500
Perform void propagation analysis (Additional effort beyond original scope)	28	175	203		\$24,500
Prepare brine well risk section of report	24	40	64		\$10,000
Review stabilization methods	15	40	55		\$7,750
Review Draft Interpretative Report	22		22		\$5,500
MDOT Meeting In Detroit (One meeting beyond original scope)	16		16		\$4,000
Phone Discussions	20		20		\$5,000
			0		
TOTAL HOURS PER TEAM MEMBER	377	455	0		
				832	\$0
					\$139,750
				TOTAL ESTIMATED FEE	

NTH Consultants, Ltd.

Turpening

PROJECT FEE ESTIMATING SHEET

Client Name: The Corradino Group
 Project Description: DRIC Solution Mining (Dr. Roger Turpening Scope)
 Prepared By: C. Johnson

Work Package Designation:
 Project/Proposal Name: 15-050014-01
 Date: 4/27/2006

Detailed List of Steps or Tasks Required To Complete This Project
Review Overall Project Plan and Provide Recommendations.
Review and consult on field data analysis
Onsite for field data acquisition (Crosswell)
Onsite for field data acquisition (VSP)
Perform void analysis modeling of data
Interpretation of Crosswell Data
Interpretation of VSP Data
Coordinate Crosswell and Seismic Data
Review Draft Report
Review Draft Interpretative Report
MDOT Meeting In Detroit
Phone Discussions

ESTIMATED LABOR HOURS Initials of Team Members			Total Hours	Est. Exp.	Estimated Fees
RT					
\$186.04					
10			10		\$1,860
16			16		\$2,977
1020			1020		\$189,761
80			80		\$14,883
100			100		\$18,604
200			200		\$37,208
150			150		\$27,906
260			260		\$48,370
8			8		\$1,488
8			8		\$1,488
8			8		\$1,488
40			40		\$7,442
			0		\$0
TOTAL HOURS PER TEAM MEMBER	1900	0	0		
TOTALS			1900	\$0	\$353,476

TOTAL ESTIMATED FEE

NTH Consultants, Ltd.

Diehl

PROJECT FEE ESTIMATING SHEET

Client Name: The Corradino Group
 Project Description: DRIC Solution Mining (Dr. Jimmy Diehl Scope)
 Prepared By: C. Johnson

Work Package Designation:
 Project/Proposal Name: 15-050014-01
 Date: 10/17/2006

Detailed List of Steps or Tasks Required To Complete This Project
Review Overall Project Plan and Provide Recommendations.
Review and consult on field data analysis
Onsite for field data acquisition
Perform void analysis modeling of data
Prepare Borehole Gravity Report Section
Review Draft Report
Coordinate Borehole Gravity to VSP and Crosswell Data
MDOT Meeting In Detroit
Phone Discussions

TOTAL HOURS PER TEAM MEMBER

ESTIMATED LABOR HOURS			Est Exp	Estimated Fees
Initials of Team Members		Total Hours		
JD				
\$180.76				
40		40		\$7,230
40		40		\$7,230
396		396		\$71,581
390		390		\$70,496
120		120		\$21,691
16		16		\$2,892
260		260		\$46,998
16		16		\$2,892
40		40		\$7,230
		0		\$0
1318	0			
TOTALS			1318	\$0

TOTAL ESTIMATED FEE

E:\Projects\3600\Contracts\Amendment 3\Cost Amend 3 Nov 25 06 no geop.xls\Diehl

NTH Consultants, Ltd.

DIRECT COST SUPPORT

PROJECT FEE ESTIMATING SHEET FOR LUMP SUM ITEMS

Client Name: Corradino/ Parsons
 Project Description: DRIC Solution Mining Investigation
 Prepared By: C. Johnson/F. Klingler

Work Package Designation:
 Project/Proposal Name:
 Date:

MDOT Proposal
 15-050014-01
 10/17/2006

Detailed List of Steps or Tasks Required To Complete This Project

NOTE: These cost are for NTH 6 core and 2 rotary holes. SOMAT direct costs for their 6 rotary holes are prorated from the below values.

Task 1 - Site Improvements (8 Test Boring Locations)
 This cost became apparent after the actual test boring locations were established. This cost is for the 8 NTH borings. SOMAT's 6 boring are prorated from this.

Borehole Sites
 Dozer: 2.5 days per site x 8 sites x \$1200/Day
 Loader: 2.5 days per site x 8 sites x \$1250/Day
 Stone: 250'x25'x6"/27cf/yd x 8 sites x \$13/yd

VSP Source Pad Preparation
 Excavator: 2 days per site x 4 sites x \$1500/Day
 Loader: 1 day per site x 4 sites x \$1250/Day
 Stone: 35'x35'x10"/27cf/yd x 4 sites x \$13/yd

Additional Berm Construction
 Dozer: 0.5 days per site x 2 sites x \$1200/Day
 Stone: 5'x100'X3"/27cf/yd x 2 sites x \$13/yd

Task 2 - Drill Cutting Removal and Disposal
 20 yd Roll-off Box Rental: \$500/wk x 21 wks
 475 yds material disposal at landfill x \$30/yd (inc transport)

Task 3 - Site Restoration
 This cost became apparent after the actual test boring locations were established. This cost is for the 8 NTH borings. SOMAT's 6 boring are prorated from this.

Borehole Sites
 Dozer: 1.0 days per site x 8 sites x \$1200/Day
 Loader: 1.0 days per site x 8 sites x \$1200/Day
 Haul off Stone: 250'x25'x6"/27cf/yd x 8 sites x \$5/yd
 Landscaping allowance; actual cost per site varies; assume \$3000/site

VSP Source Pad Sites
 Excavator: 2 days per site x 4 sites x \$1500/Day
 Loader: 1 day per site x 4 sites x \$1250/Day
 Haul off Stone: 35'x35'x10"/27cf/yd x 4 sites x \$5/yd
 Landscaping allowance; actual cost per site varies; assume \$3000/site

Task 4 - Professional Liability Insurance Costs for Pass-Through
 Note that considering the large amount of subcontractor pass through (about 75% of the total cost), the direct cost to NTH for professional liability insurance for the pass through of construction contractors is 1.5%. On this basis, the pass through for all subcontracted work (including that from the work already authorized is computed)
 Pass Through PL insurance costs for October 14 Proposal: \$1,463,617 x 1.5%
 Pass Through PL insurance costs for current Proposal: \$6,215,479 x 1.5%

Task 5 - MDEQ Permit and Bond
 This cost became apparent after the actual test boring locations were established. This cost is for the 8 NTH borings. SOMAT's 6 boring are prorated from this.
 Permit Fees: 16 permits x \$500 ea
 Permit Bond: 16 permits x \$198 ea
 Survey required for Permit Application (Metco)
 Color Copies: 2200 copies @ \$1.42 ea

Task 6 - Estimated Field Expenses
 Field Trailer: 6 mos. @ \$1000/per
 Land Rental for Trailer: 6 mos. @ \$800/per
 Plywood Fencing: 8 sites @ \$3000 per (in place)
 Warehouse for core storage and logging 10 mos. @ \$2500 per
 Misc office equipment Allowance
 Truck for hauling core: 5 mos @ \$800 per
 Portable toilet: 24 weeks @ \$200 per
 Portable Chain Link Fencing: 1000ft x \$10/ft + moving 8 times @ \$1000 per
 Gas Detectors: 24 weeks @ \$200 per
 SCBA Equipment on standby: 24 weeks @ \$200 per
 Misc allowance for site access, etc.

Task 7 - Sound and Vibration Monitoring Equipment
 Blast Mate vibration monitoring device: 24 wks @ \$100 per x 2
 Sound Monitoring Device: 24 weeks @ \$50 per x 2

				Estimated Expenses	Fee Estimate
CADD	TR	WF	Total (Hours)		
				\$24,000	
				\$25,000	
				\$12,037	
				\$12,000	
				\$5,000	
				\$23,600	
				\$1,200	
				\$1,450	\$104,287
				\$10,500	
				\$14,250	\$24,750
				\$9,600	
				\$9,600	
				\$4,629	
				\$24,000	
				\$12,000	
				\$5,000	
				\$9,075	
				\$12,000	\$85,904
				\$21,954	
				\$93,232	\$115,186
				\$8,000	
				\$3,168	
				\$5,000	
				\$3,124	\$19,292
				\$6,000	
				\$4,800	
				\$24,000	
				\$25,000	
				\$3,500	
				\$4,000	
				\$4,800	
				\$18,000	
				\$4,800	
				\$4,800	
				\$30,000	\$129,700
				\$4,800	
				\$2,400	\$7,200

**DERIVATION OF COST PROPOSAL - Exhibit B
(DESIGN PHASE SERVICES)**

MDOT PROJECT NUMBER:

JN: 802330 - CS: 82900

PROJECT DESCRIPTION:

DRIC - Amend 3 Geotechnical Analysis Task 2330

SUBCONSULTANT NAME:

SOMAT Engineering

DIRECT LABOR:

Classification	Person Hours	x	Hourly Rate	=	Labor Cost
QA/QC Engineer	32		\$ 56.00	\$	1,792
Project Manager	422		\$ 58.00	\$	24,476
Project Engineer	682		\$ 38.00	\$	25,916
Project Coordinator	1314		\$ 27.00	\$	35,478
Staff Engineer	160		\$ 26.50	\$	4,240
Field Engineer	1860		\$ 23.50	\$	43,710
Field Technician	400		\$ 18.00	\$	7,200
Clerical	40		\$ 17.00	\$	680
	<u>Total Hours</u>				<u>Total Labor</u>
	4910			\$	143,492

OVERHEAD:

\$143,492	x	168%	= Total Overhead	\$	241,067
					<u>Subtotal Labor and Overhead</u>
					\$ 384,559

DIRECT EXPENSES:

Field Engineer OT	720 hours	\$ 11.75	\$	8,460
Oil Ex/Advanced Energy - 6 rotary borings + 1/2 mob (quote attached)			\$	1,348,107
Site Improvements (estimate by NTH)			\$	45,778
Drill Cutting Removal (estimate by NTH)			\$	10,607
Site Restoration (estimate by NTH)			\$	35,872
Estimated Expenses (logging/access/vehicle rental/copies/camera etc.) (estimate by NTH)			\$	55,586
				<u>Subtotal Direct Expenses</u>
				\$ 1,504,409

FIXED FEE:

\$384,559	x	11.0%	= Total Fixed Fee	\$	42,301
					<u>Subtotal Fixed Fee</u>
					\$ 42,301

TOTAL COSTS \$ 1,931,269

Exhibit C

Derivation of Cost SUMMARY BY JOB NUMBER AND BY CATEGORY

Control Section CS 82900	MDOT Job # JN 802330	Project Description
		DRIC - Amendment 3 - Expanded Boring Program

DIRECT LABOR (with escalation)	Direct Labor Hours	Direct Labor Costs
Prime Consultant - Corradino	2,224	\$62,546
Subconsultants		
Parsons Transportation Group	2,285	\$121,895
NTH	25,097	\$668,111
SOMAT	4,910	\$143,492
Total Labor	34,516	\$996,044

OVERHEAD	Overhead Costs
Prime Consultant - Corradino	\$102,620
Subconsultants	
Parsons Transportation Group	\$159,682
NTH	\$1,256,049
SOMAT	\$241,067
Total Overhead	\$1,759,417

FACILITIES COST OF CAPITAL	F.C.C. Costs
Prime Consultant - Corradino	\$233
Subconsultants	
Parsons Transportation Group	\$361
NTH	\$267
SOMAT	\$0
Total F.C.C.	\$861

DIRECT EXPENSES	Direct Costs
Prime Consultant - Corradino	\$338,720
Subconsultants	
Parsons Transportation Group	\$15,704
NTH	\$6,378,428
SOMAT	\$1,504,409
Total Direct Expenses	\$8,237,261

Exhibit C

FIXED FEE

Prime Consultant - Corradino

Subconsultants

Parsons Transportation Group

NTH

SOMAT

Fixed Fee Costs

\$18,168

\$30,973

\$211,658

\$42,301

Total Fixed Fee

\$303,101

Total Labor

\$996,044

Total Overhead

\$1,759,417

Total Facilities Cost of Capital

\$861

Total Direct Costs

\$8,237,261

Total Fixed Fee

\$303,101

TOTAL COSTS FOR Amendment 3

\$11,296,683

Credit from Amend 1

(\$1,314,222)

TOTAL Amend 3 New Authorization

\$9,982,461

FIRM TOTALS

Prime Consultant - Corradino

\$522,287

Subconsultants

Parsons Transportation Group

\$328,615

NTH - Geotech

\$8,514,512

SOMAT

\$1,931,269

\$11,296,683

Credit from Amend 1 (see following sheet)

(\$1,314,222)

TOTAL Amend 3 New Authorization

\$9,982,461

Derivation of Cost

SUMMARY BY CATEGORY BY ORIGINAL CONTRACT AND AMENDMENTS

Control Section	MDOT Job #	Project Description	Original Contract	Amend 1 Authorized	Shift Amend 1 to 3	Amend 1 Fin. After shift to 3	Amend 2 Authorized	Amend 3	Cumulative Total
CS 82900	JN 802330	DRIC - EPE with an EIS							
DIRECT LABOR									
Corradino			\$ 2,017,175	\$ 62,928	\$ -	\$ 62,928	\$ 247,129	\$ 62,546	\$ 2,389,779
Parsons Transportation Group			\$ 1,742,723	\$ 9,720	\$ -	\$ 9,720	\$ 113,915	\$ 121,895	\$ 1,888,252
Rick Miller - Geotech Advisory Group			\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 24,000	\$ -	\$ 24,000
Richard Woods - Geotech Ad. Group			\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 30,000	\$ -	\$ 30,000
ACG: The al Chalabi Group, Ltd.			\$ 310,015	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 310,015
DLA Piper Rudnick Gray Cary US LLP			\$ -	\$ 240,660	\$ -	\$ 240,660	\$ 141,120	\$ -	\$ 381,780
Alfred Benesch & Company			\$ 251,624	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 251,624
CCRG			\$ 224,488	\$ 25,445	\$ -	\$ 25,445	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 249,933
Fletcher & Sippel, LLC			\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 99,635	\$ -	\$ 99,635
Hamilton Anderson Associates			\$ 299,019	\$ 3,108	\$ -	\$ 3,108	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 302,127
Northwest Consultants, Inc.			\$ 108,817	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 108,817
NTH			\$ 46,053	\$ 169,398	\$ -	\$ 169,398	\$ 27,987	\$ 668,111	\$ 911,549
SOMAT Engineering, Inc.			\$ 78,089	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 11,590	\$ 143,492	\$ 231,151
TBE Group, Inc.			\$ 6,703	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 6,703
Wetland & Coastal Res., Inc.			\$ 108,705	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 108,705
Woolpert Design, LLP			\$ 274,865	\$ 2,534	\$ -	\$ 2,534	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 277,199
Total			\$5,463,856	\$513,792	\$0	\$513,792	\$695,376	\$996,044	\$7,669,068

OVERHEAD

Corradino			\$3,398,537	\$ 103,246	\$ -	\$ 103,246	\$ 416,783	\$ 102,620	\$ 4,021,186
Parsons Transportation Group			\$2,335,597	\$ 13,316	\$ -	\$ 13,316	\$ 156,064	\$ 159,682	\$ 2,664,659
Rick Miller - Geotech Advisory Group			\$0	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Richard Woods - Geotech Ad. Group			\$0	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
ACG: The al Chalabi Group, Ltd.			\$0	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
DLA Piper Rudnick Gray Cary US LLP			\$0	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Alfred Benesch & Company			\$405,089	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 405,089
CCRG			\$242,514	\$ 27,488	\$ -	\$ 27,488	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 270,003
Fletcher & Sippel, LLC			\$0	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Hamilton Anderson Associates			\$504,296	\$ 5,242	\$ -	\$ 5,242	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 509,537
Northwest Consultants, Inc.			\$176,166	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 176,166
NTH			\$86,580	\$ 318,468	\$ -	\$ 318,468	\$ 52,616	\$ 1,256,049	\$ 1,713,712
SOMAT Engineering, Inc.			\$129,318	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 19,471	\$ 241,067	\$ 389,855
TBE Group, Inc.			\$11,078	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 11,078
Wetland & Coastal Res., Inc.			\$185,392	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 185,392
Woolpert Design, LLP			\$458,054	\$ 4,390	\$ -	\$ 4,390	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 460,443
Total			\$7,910,620	\$472,150	\$0	\$472,150	\$644,934	\$1,759,417	\$10,787,121

FACILITIES COST OF CAPITAL

Corradino			\$6,336	\$ 234	\$ -	\$ 234	\$ 1,128	\$ 233	\$ 7,931
Parsons Transportation Group			\$4,627	\$ 26	\$ -	\$ 26	\$ 302	\$ 361	\$ 5,317
Rick Miller - Geotech Advisory Group			\$0	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Richard Woods - Geotech Ad. Group			\$0	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
ACG: The al Chalabi Group, Ltd.			\$0	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
DLA Piper Rudnick Gray Cary US LLP			\$0	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Alfred Benesch & Company			\$2,667	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,667
CCRG			\$0	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Fletcher & Sippel, LLC			\$0	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Hamilton Anderson Associates			\$2,180	\$ 23	\$ -	\$ 23	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,203
Northwest Consultants, Inc.			\$0	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
NTH			\$18	\$ 68	\$ -	\$ 68	\$ 11	\$ 267	\$ 365
SOMAT Engineering, Inc.			\$0	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
TBE Group, Inc.			\$20	\$0	\$ -	\$ -	\$0	\$ -	\$ 20
Wetland & Coastal Res., Inc.			\$0	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Woolpert Design, LLP			\$3,378	\$ 49	\$ -	\$ 49	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,428
Total			\$19,226	\$400	\$0	\$400	\$1,442	\$861	\$21,929

	Original Contract	Amend 1 Authorized	Shift Amend 1 to 3	Amend 1 Fin. After shift to 3	Amend 2 Authorized	Amend 3	Cumulative Total
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DIRECT EXPENSES

Corradino	\$ 400,251	\$ 139,782	\$ -	\$ 139,782	\$ 128,402	\$ 338,720	\$ 1,007,165
Parsons Transportation Group	\$ 372,903	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 42,793	\$ 15,704	\$ 431,400
Rick Miller - Geotech Advisory Group	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,518	\$ -	\$ 2,518
Richard Woods - Geotech Ad. Group	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 518	\$ -	\$ 518
ACG: The al Chalabi Group, Ltd.	\$ 7,598	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 7,598
DLA Piper Rudnick Gray Cary US LLP	\$ 0	\$ 1,170	\$ -	\$ 1,170	\$ 2,108	\$ -	\$ 3,278
Alfred Benesch & Company	\$ 52,356	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 52,356
CCRG	\$ 329,327	\$ 1,005	\$ -	\$ 1,005	\$ 4,568	\$ -	\$ 334,900
Fletcher & Sippel, LLC	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 43,310	\$ -	\$ 43,310
Hamilton Anderson Associates	\$ 48,735	\$ 148,836	\$ -	\$ 148,836	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 197,571
Northwest Consultants, Inc.	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
NTH	\$ 217,619	\$ 1,466,410	\$ (1,314,222)	\$ 152,188	\$ 260,412	\$ 6,378,428	\$ 7,008,646
SOMAT Engineering, Inc.	\$ 112,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,504,409	\$ 1,616,409
TBE Group, Inc.	\$ 96,955	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 96,955
Wetland & Coastal Res., Inc.	\$ 70,544	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 70,544
Woolpert Design, LLP	\$ 162,686	\$ 7,129	\$ -	\$ 7,129	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 169,815
Total	\$1,870,971	\$1,764,332	(\$1,314,222)	\$450,110	\$484,628	\$8,237,261	\$11,042,969

FIXED FEE

Corradino	\$ 595,728	\$ 18,279	\$ -	\$ 18,279	\$ 73,030	\$ 18,168	\$ 705,206
Parsons Transportation Group	\$ 448,615	\$ 2,534	\$ -	\$ 2,534	\$ 29,698	\$ 30,973	\$ 511,820
Rick Miller - Geotech Advisory Group	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Richard Woods - Geotech Ad. Group	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
ACG: The al Chalabi Group, Ltd.	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
DLA Piper Rudnick Gray Cary US LLP	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Alfred Benesch & Company	\$ 72,193	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 72,193
CCRG	\$ 51,370	\$ 5,823	\$ -	\$ 5,823	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 57,193
Fletcher & Sippel, LLC	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Hamilton Anderson Associates	\$ 88,365	\$ 918	\$ -	\$ 918	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 89,283
Northwest Consultants, Inc.	\$ 31,326	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 31,326
NTH	\$ 14,590	\$ 53,665	\$ -	\$ 53,665	\$ 8,866	\$ 211,658	\$ 288,779
SOMAT Engineering, Inc.	\$ 22,593	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,417	\$ 42,301	\$ 68,311
TBE Group, Inc.	\$ 1,956	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,956
Wetland & Coastal Res., Inc.	\$ 29,931	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 29,931
Woolpert Design, LLP	\$ 80,379	\$ 762	\$ -	\$ 762	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 81,141
Total	\$1,437,045	\$81,981	\$0	\$81,981	\$115,011	\$303,101	\$1,937,138

FIRM TOTALS

Corradino	\$ 6,418,028	\$ 324,469	\$ -	\$ 324,469	\$ 866,473	\$ 522,287	\$ 8,131,257
Parsons Transportation Group	\$ 4,904,464	\$ 25,595	\$ -	\$ 25,595	\$ 342,773	\$ 328,615	\$ 5,601,447
Rick Miller - Geotech Advisory Group	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 26,518	\$ -	\$ 26,518
Richard Woods - Geotech Ad. Group	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 30,518	\$ -	\$ 30,518
ACG: The al Chalabi Group, Ltd.	\$ 317,611	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 317,611
DLA Piper Rudnick Gray Cary US LLP	\$ -	\$ 241,830	\$ -	\$ 241,830	\$ 143,228	\$ -	\$ 385,058
Alfred Benesch & Company	\$ 783,929	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 783,929
CCRG	\$ 847,700	\$ 59,761	\$ -	\$ 59,761	\$ 4,568	\$ -	\$ 912,028
Fletcher & Sippel, LLC	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 142,945	\$ -	\$ 142,945
Hamilton Anderson Associates	\$ 942,594	\$ 158,127	\$ -	\$ 158,127	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,100,721
Northwest Consultants, Inc.	\$ 316,110	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 316,110
NTH	\$ 364,859	\$ 2,008,009	\$ (1,314,222)	\$ 693,787	\$ 349,892	\$ 8,514,512	\$ 9,923,050
SOMAT Engineering, Inc.	\$ 339,979	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 34,478	\$ 1,931,269	\$ 2,305,727
TBE Group, Inc.	\$ 116,712	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 116,712
Wetland & Coastal Res., Inc.	\$ 372,571	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 372,571
Woolpert Design, LLP	\$ 977,162	\$ 14,863	\$ -	\$ 14,863	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 992,025
TOTAL COSTS	\$ 16,701,719	\$ 2,832,655	\$ (1,314,222)	\$ 1,518,433	\$ 1,941,391	\$ 11,296,683	\$ 31,458,226

Original Contract	Amend 1 Authorized	Shift Amend 1 to 3	Amend 1 Fin. After shift to 3	Amend 2 Authorized	Amend 3	Cumulative Total
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	Original Contract	Amend 1 Authorized	Shift Amend 1 to 3	Amend 1 Fin. After shift to 3	Amend 2 Authorized	Amend 3	Cumulative Total
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Below are costs related to the physical aspects of the boring program, not including Advisory Group or Forward Modeling

NTH Subconsultants (no NTH labor, OH, FCC or fee)

Layne Christenson	\$ -	\$ 989,222	\$ (989,222)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Oil-Ex, Inc./Advanced Energy (see Oil-Ex R	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,172,250	\$ 2,172,250
Z-Sels Reservoir Seismic (see Z-Sels Prop	\$ -	\$ 325,000	\$ (325,000)	\$ -	\$ 117,500	\$ 2,559,000	\$ 2,676,500
Baker Atlas (see Baker Atlas Proposal)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 123,244	\$ 123,244
SOCON Sonar Well Services, Inc. (see SO	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 24,926	\$ 24,926
MicroG-Lacoste - Borehole Gravity Survey	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 251,063	\$ 251,063
American Drilling (Install VSP source geop	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 10,185	\$ 10,185
Permits/Equipment/Supplies	\$ -	\$ 50,500	\$ -	\$ 50,500	\$ -	\$ 486,319	\$ 536,819
Cording	\$ -	\$ 44,900	\$ -	\$ 44,900	\$ 56,400	\$ 139,750	\$ 241,050
Turpening	\$ -	\$ 52,893	\$ -	\$ 52,893	\$ 31,638	\$ 353,476	\$ 438,007
Diehl	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 238,242	\$ 238,242
NTH SUBS TOTAL	\$ -	\$ 1,462,515	\$ (1,314,222)	\$ 148,293	\$ 205,538	\$ 6,358,454	\$ 8,712,285

SOMAT Subconsultants (no NTH labor, OH, FCC or fee)

Oil-Ex, Inc./Advanced Energy (see Oil-Ex R	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,348,107	\$ 1,348,107
Permits/Equipment/Supplies	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 156,303	\$ 156,303
SOMAT TOTAL	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,504,409	\$ 1,504,409

Boring Program TOTAL	\$ -	\$ 1,462,515	\$ (1,314,222)	\$ 148,293	\$ 205,538	\$ 7,862,864	\$ 8,216,895
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DRIC - EPE/EIS - COST - AMENDMENT 3

HOURS BY TASK

		Public Invol.	Practical Alternatives	Recom. Alternative	Geotech Investigation	Total
		1230/211M	2340	2510	2330	
The Corradino Group						
Corradino, JC	Proj. Manager	36	0	0	0	36
Corradino, G	Planner	1040	0	0	0	1040
Bocks	Planner	36	0	0	0	36
Butler	Planner	0	0	0	0	0
Deutsch	Counsel	0	0	0	0	0
Hartman	Engineer	36	0	0	0	36
P'Pool	Economic Planner	0	0	0	0	0
Santana	Planner	1040	0	0	0	1040
Stone	Env. Planner	36	0	0	0	36
Townsend	Planner	0	0	0	0	0
Subtotal Hours		2224	0	0	0	2224

HOURS BY TASK

		Public Invol.	Practical Alternatives	Recom. Alternative	Geotech Investigation	Total
		1230/211M	2340	2510	2330	
Parsons Transportation Group						
Regine Beauboeuf	Deputy Proj. Man.	0	0	0	160	160
Bruce L. Campbell	Lead Bridge	0	0	0	160	160
Patrick Cassidy	Bridge Design	0	0	0	120	120
Ken Serzan	Bridge Design	0	0	0	120	120
Gerald Bonner	Tunnel/Geotechnical	0	0	0	275	275
Mike Ashmore	Rdway/Bridge Design	0	0	0	400	400
Richard Saporsky	Lead Roadway	0	0	0	0	0
Robert Hosler	Landscape Architect	0	0	0	0	0
Joseph Marson	Lead Traffic	0	0	0	0	0
Stephen Mayer	Policy	0	0	0	0	0
Craig Richardson	Landscape Architect	0	0	0	0	0
Jeffrey Squires	Policy	0	0	0	0	0
Jr. Engineer	Rd/Plaza/Bridge	0	0	0	0	0
Sr. Engineer	Bridge Design	0	0	0	200	200
Engineer	Rd/Plaza/Bridge	0	0	0	730	730
Administrative		0	0	0	120	120
Subtotal Hours		0	0	0	2285	2285

HOURS BY TASK

		Public Invol.	Practical Alternatives	Recom. Alternative	Geotech Investigation	Total
		1230/211M	2340	2510	2330	
NTH Consultants - Geotech						
Keith Swaffar	Project Director	0	0	0	342	342
Fritz Klingler	Project Manager	0	0	0	899	899
Joe Alberts	Task Manager	0	0	0	1044	1044
Harry Price	Task Manager	0	0	0	1044	1044
John Kosnak	Task Manager	0	0	0	1044	1044
Craig Johnson	Project Engineer	0	0	0	1103	1103
David Adler	Project Engineer	0	0	0	1103	1103
Heather Audet	Project Engineer	0	0	0	1103	1103
Sanket Gole	Project Engineer	0	0	0	1103	1103
Mike Firestone	Project Engineer	0	0	0	1103	1103
Danny Yip	Project Engineer	0	0	0	1103	1103
Kurt Warning	Project Engineer	0	0	0	1103	1103
Michael Schorsch	Project Engineer	0	0	0	1103	1103
Steve Innes	Project Engineer	0	0	0	1103	1103
Jason Edberg	Project Engineer	0	0	0	1103	1103
Zachary Carr	Project Engineer	0	0	0	1103	1103
Steve Bryan	CADD	0	0	0	513	513
Emis Smith	Technician III	0	0	0	914	914
Tom Mendenhall	Technician III	0	0	0	914	914
Nateira Farrington	Clerical	0	0	0	1250	1250
Dawn Pressley	Clerical	0	0	0	1250	1250
Laticia Giddens	Clerical	0	0	0	1250	1250
Contract Employee	Clerical	0	0	0	1250	1250
Contract Employee	Clerical	0	0	0	1250	1250
Subtotal Hours		0	0	0	25097	25097

HOURS BY TASK

SOMAT

	Public Involv. 1230/211M	Practical Alternatives 2340	Recom. Alternative 2510	Geotech Investigation 2330	Total
QA/QC Engineer	0	0	0	32	32
Project Manager	0	0	0	422	422
Project Engineer	0	0	0	682	682
Project Coordinator	0	0	0	1314	1314
Staff Engineer	0	0	0	160	160
Field Engineer	0	0	0	1860	1860
Field Technician	0	0	0	400	400
Clerical	0	0	0	40	40
Subtotal Hours	0	0	0	4910	4910

TOTAL HOURS

	Public Involv. 1230/211M	Practical Alternatives 2340	Recom. Alternative 2510	Geotech Investigation 2330	Total
The Corradino Group	2224	0	0	0	2,224
Parsons Transportation Group	0	0	0	2285	2,285
NTH	0	0	0	25097	25097
SOMAT	0	0	0	4910	4910
TOTAL	2224	0	0	32292	34,516

COST BY TASK

The Corradino Group

	Wage Rate	Public Involv. 1230/211M	Practical Alternatives 2340	Recom. Alternative 2510	Geotech Investigation 2330	Total
Corradino, JC Proj. Manager	\$91.74	3303	0	0	0	\$ 3,303
Corradino, G Planner	\$29.22	30389	0	0	0	\$ 30,389
Bocks Planner	\$19.38	698	0	0	0	\$ 698
Butler Planner	\$28.85	0	0	0	0	\$ -
Deutsch Counsel	\$70.80	0	0	0	0	\$ -
Hartman Engineer	\$49.81	1793	0	0	0	\$ 1,793
PPool Economic Planner	\$78.46	0	0	0	0	\$ -
Santana Planner	\$23.64	24586	0	0	0	\$ 24,586
Stone Env. Planner	\$49.40	1778	0	0	0	\$ 1,778
Townsend Planner	\$30.35	0	0	0	0	\$ -
Subtotal Wages		62546	0	0	0	\$ 62,546
Overhead	164.07%	102620	0	0	0	\$ 102,620
Facilities Cost of Capital	0.3720%	233	0	0	0	\$ 233
Profit	11.00%	18168	0	0	0	\$ 18,168
Subtotal - Wages + Overhead + Profit		183,567	-	-	-	\$ 183,567

Direct Costs	Unit Cost	Type	# Units	Cost
Overnight Del	\$18.00	overnights	2	\$36
Lodging	\$65.00	days	2	\$130
Meals (per diem)	\$38.50	days	2	\$77
Rental car	\$80.00	days	4	\$320
24-hr Relocation Security - see att	\$17.85	hours	720	\$12,852
H ₂ S Evacuation Plan - see attached				\$325,305
Subtotal Other Direct Costs				\$338,720
TOTAL - COSTS				\$522,287

COST BY TASK

Parsons Transportation Group

		Public Invol. 1230/211M	Practical Alternatives 2340	Recom. Alternative 2510	Geotech Investigation 2330	Total
Regine Beauboef	Deputy Proj. Man.	\$66.05	0	0	10,568	\$ 10,568
Bruce L. Campbell	Lead Bridge	\$52.00	0	0	8,320	\$ 8,320
Patrick Cassity	Bridge Design	\$68.75	0	0	8,250	\$ 8,250
Ken Serzan	Bridge Design	\$89.42	0	0	10,730	\$ 10,730
Gerald Bonner	Tunnel/Geotechnical	\$89.42	0	0	24,591	\$ 24,591
Mike Ashmore	Rdway/Bridge Design	\$48.08	0	0	19,232	\$ 19,232
Richard Saporsky	Lead Roadway	\$45.67	0	0	0	\$ -
Robert Hoeler	Landscape Architect	\$48.31	0	0	0	\$ -
Joseph Marson	Lead Traffic	\$50.18	0	0	0	\$ -
Stephen Mayer	Policy	\$79.33	0	0	0	\$ -
Craig Richardson	Landscape Architect	\$31.00	0	0	0	\$ -
Jeffrey Squires	Policy	\$86.54	0	0	0	\$ -
Jr. Engineer	Rd/Plaza/Bridge	\$24.89	0	0	0	\$ -
Sr. Engineer	Bridge Design	\$47.87	0	0	9,574	\$ 9,574
Engineer	Rd/Plaza/Bridge	\$37.77	0	0	27,572	\$ 27,572
Administrative		\$25.48	0	0	3,058	\$ 3,058
	Subtotal Wages	0	0	0	121,895	\$ 121,895
Overhead		131.00%	-	-	159,682	\$ 159,682
Facilities Cost of Capital		0.2965%	-	-	361	\$ 361
Profit		11.00%	-	-	30,973	\$ 30,973
Subtotal - Wages + Overhead + Profit			-	-	312,911	\$ 312,911

Direct Costs	Unit Cost	Type	# Units	Cost
Airline Travel	\$ 500.00	Lump Sum	20	\$10,000
Mileage	\$ 0.445	miles	7700	\$3,427
Lodging	\$ 65.00	days	22	\$1,430
Meals (per diem)	\$ 38.50	days	22	\$847
Subtotal Other Direct Costs				\$15,704
TOTAL - COSTS				\$328,615

COST BY TASK

NTH Consultants - Geotech

		Wage Rate	Public Involv. 1230/211M	Practical Alternatives 2340	Recom. Alternative 2510	Geotech Investigation 2330	Total
Keith Swaffar	Project Director	\$ 62.00	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 21,204	\$ 21,204
Fritz Klingler	Project Manager	\$ 58.00	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 52,142	\$ 52,142
Joe Alberts	Task Manager	\$ 46.50	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 48,546	\$ 48,546
Harry Price	Task Manager	\$ 46.50	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 48,546	\$ 48,546
John Kosnak	Task Manager	\$ 46.50	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 48,546	\$ 48,546
Craig Johnson	Project Engineer	\$ 25.50	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 28,127	\$ 28,127
David Adler	Project Engineer	\$ 25.50	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 28,127	\$ 28,127
Heather Audet	Project Engineer	\$ 25.50	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 28,127	\$ 28,127
Sanket Gole	Project Engineer	\$ 25.50	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 28,127	\$ 28,127
Mike Firestone	Project Engineer	\$ 25.50	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 28,127	\$ 28,127
Danny Yip	Project Engineer	\$ 25.50	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 28,127	\$ 28,127
Kurt Warning	Project Engineer	\$ 25.50	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 28,127	\$ 28,127
Michael Schorsch	Project Engineer	\$ 25.50	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 28,127	\$ 28,127
Steve Innes	Project Engineer	\$ 25.50	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 28,127	\$ 28,127
Jason Edberg	Project Engineer	\$ 25.50	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 28,127	\$ 28,127
Zachary Carr	Project Engineer	\$ 25.50	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 28,127	\$ 28,127
Steve Bryan	CADD	\$ 25.50	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 13,082	\$ 13,082
Ennis Smith	Technician III	\$ 18.00	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 16,452	\$ 16,452
Tom Mendenhall	Technician III	\$ 18.00	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 16,452	\$ 16,452
Nateira Farrington	Clerical	\$ 15.00	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 18,750	\$ 18,750
Dawn Pressley	Clerical	\$ 15.00	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 18,750	\$ 18,750
Latricia Giddens	Clerical	\$ 15.00	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 18,750	\$ 18,750
Contract Employee	Clerical	\$ 15.00	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 18,750	\$ 18,750
Contract Employee	Clerical	\$ 15.00	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 18,750	\$ 18,750
	Subtotal Wages		\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 668,111	\$ 668,111
Overhead		188.00%	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,256,049	\$ 1,256,049
Facilities Cost of Capital		0.04%	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 267	\$ 267
Profit		11.00%	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 211,658	\$ 211,658
	Subtotal Wages, OH, FCC, and Profit		\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,136,084	\$ 2,136,084

Direct Costs	Unit Cost	Type	# Units	Cost
Mileage	\$ 0.445	miles	6500	\$ 2,893
Copies	\$ 0.25	pages	9000	\$ 2,250
FedEx	\$ 20.00	units	66	\$ 1,320
Digital Camera	\$ 10.00	days	100	\$ 1,000
Oil-Ex/Advanced Energy Drilling (see support sheet)	\$ 2,172,250	lump sum	1	\$ 2,172,250
Z-Seis Reservoir Seismic (see sub support sheet)	\$ 2,559,000	lump sum	1	\$ 2,559,000
Baker Atlas (see sub support sheet)	\$ 123,244	lump sum	1	\$ 123,244
Socon Well Services (see sub support sheet)	\$ 24,926	lump sum	1	\$ 24,926
Microg-Lacoste (Borehole Gravity)	\$ 251,063	lump sum	1	\$ 251,063
American Drilling (install VSP source geophone)	\$ 10,185	lump sum	1	\$ 10,185
Gravity Modeling Software (Purchase @ 10,000 Euros)	\$ 12,511	lump sum	1	\$ 12,511
External Consulting (Cording)	\$ 250	hours	377	\$ 94,250
External Consulting (Cording Asst.)	\$ 100	hours	455	\$ 45,500
External Consulting (Turpening)	\$186.04	hours	1900	\$ 353,476
External Consulting (Diehl)	\$181	hours	1318	\$ 238,242
Site Improvements (see direct cost support sheet)	\$104,287	NA	1	\$ 104,287
Drill Cutting Removal (see direct cost support sheet)	\$24,750	NA	1	\$ 24,750
Site Restoration (see direct cost support sheet)	\$85,904	NA	1	\$ 85,904
PL Insurance pass through (see direct cost support sheet)	\$115,186	NA	1	\$ 115,186
MDEQ Permit (see direct cost support sheet)	\$19,292	NA	1	\$ 19,292
Estimated Field Expenses (see direct cost support sheet)	\$129,700	NA	1	\$ 129,700
Sound/Vibration Monitoring (see direct cost support sheet)	\$7,200	NA	1	\$ 7,200
	Subtotal Direct Costs			\$ 6,378,428
TOTAL COSTS				\$ 8,514,512

COST BY TASK

SOMAT

		Public Involv. 1230/211M	Practical Alternatives 2340	Recom. Alternative 2510	Geotech Investigation 2330	Total
QA/QC Engineer	\$56.00	0	0	0	1792	\$ 1,792
Project Manager	\$58.00	0	0	0	24476	\$ 24,476
Project Engineer	\$38.00	0	0	0	25916	\$ 25,916
Project Coordinator	\$27.00	0	0	0	35478	\$ 35,478
Staff Engineer	\$26.50	0	0	0	4240	\$ 4,240
Field Engineer	\$23.50	0	0	0	43710	\$ 43,710
Field Technician	\$18.00	0	0	0	7200	\$ 7,200
Clerical	\$17.00	0	0	0	680	\$ 680
Subtotal Wages		0	0	0	143492	\$ 143,492
Overhead	168.00%	0	0	0	241067	\$ 241,067
Profit	11.00%	0	0	0	42301	\$ 42,301
Subtotal - Wages + Overhead + Profit		0	0	0	426,860	\$ 426,860

Direct Costs	Unit Cost	Type	# Units	Cost
Field Engineer OT	\$11.75	hours	720	\$8,460
Oil Ex/Advanced Energy - 6 rotary borings + 1/2 mob (quote attached)				\$1,348,107
Site Improvements (estimate by NTH)				\$45,778
Drill Cutting Removal (estimate by NTH)				\$10,607
Site Restoration (estimate by NTH)				\$35,872
Estimated Expenses (logging/access/vehicle rental/copies/camera etc.) (estimate by NTH)				\$55,586
Subtotal Direct Costs				\$1,504,409
TOTAL - COSTS				\$1,931,269

COST TOTALS BY TASK AND FIRM

FIRM	Public Involv. 1230/211M	Practical Alternatives 2340	Recom. Alternative 2510	Geotech Investigation 2330	Total Service \$	Directs	Totals
The Corradino Group	183,567	0	-	-	\$ 183,567	\$ 338,720	\$ 522,287
Parsons Transportation Group	-	-	-	312,911	\$ 312,911	\$ 15,704	\$ 328,615
NTH	-	-	-	2,136,084	\$ 2,136,084	\$ 6,378,428	\$ 8,514,512
SOMAT	-	-	-	426,860	\$ 426,860	\$ 1,504,409	\$ 1,931,269
TOTALS	183,567	-	-	2,875,856	\$ 3,059,423	\$ 8,237,261	\$ 11,296,683
CREDIT FROM AMENDMENT 1							\$ (1,314,222)
BALANCE NEEDED FOR AUTHORIZATION OF AMENDMENT 3							\$ 9,982,461

Michigan Department of Transportation

ADDITIONAL SCOPE OF SERVICES

CONTROL SECTION: 82900 JOB NUMBER: 80233

PROJECT LOCATION:

The study limits extend from Belle Isle on the North, to the I-94 corridor on the West, to Grosse Isle on the South, to the Canadian border in the Detroit River.

PROJECT DESCRIPTION:

The original contract provides for the study for all work related to the Route Planning and Environmental Impact Statement through the Record of Decision (ROD), including all work related to the preparation of documentation to receive approvals under the United States National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) and coordination of NEPA activities with the Canadian Environmental Assessment Act (CEAA) and the Ontario Environmental Assessment Act (OEAA).

PLAN COMPLETION DATE: December 31, 2008.

DBE REQUIREMENT: 12 %

DESCRIPTION:

The Detroit River International Crossing Study has reached a point where the preliminary list of Practical Alternatives has been established. Additional work needs to be conducted to prepare the Draft Environmental Impact Statement and conduct the Early Preliminary Engineering. That work includes the following.

1. Additional Geotechnical Analysis
2. Additional Public Involvement
 - ✓ Drilling Program Ombudsman

The scope of work in each area follows.

1. Additional Geotechnical Analysis

The proposed alternatives are near historically identified salt solution mining wells, which are associated with issues regarding the suitability of bedrock formations in these areas to support bridge foundations because the Michigan Basin is one of the largest areas of halite (salt-NaCl) deposition in the world. Salt has historically been mined either in solid form as rock salt or as natural or artificial brine pumped through solution mining wells. The area beneath Detroit and Windsor within the Michigan Basin is currently mined using conventional room-and-pillar excavation methods. This area has also been historically mined for salt using solution mining methods. Known areas of solution mining have been identified and discussed in the DRIC Report "Draft Preliminary Geotechnical Evaluation for the Proposed Detroit River International Crossing dated May 23, 2005 for the DRIC Study. While the known solution mining areas are located south of Zug Island to the southern end of the DRIC study area, the occurrence of unknown brine wells throughout the corridor cannot be precluded as many unknown wells are thought to exist. The solution wells extended to depths of 1,100 to 1,300 feet.

In general, solution mining consists of introducing water from the surface down a well casing between an outer casing and a central tube. The brine produced from the salt dissolving in the water is recovered through the central tube. Cavities using this method are usually greater at the top of the stratum than at the bottom because the fresh water, which tends to stratify above the denser salt brine in the cavity, dissolves salt more rapidly near cavity roofs than at the base of the cavities, which are in contact with saturated brine. This would result in an inverted cone shaped cavity.

With continued production using this method, solution cavities often coalesce with adjacent cavities to form composite cavities called galleries. When this occurred historically, one or more of the wells were then converted to water inlet wells and the brine was pumped out through other wells in the interconnected system. As production continued in the gallery, large spans of unsupported roofs were sometimes created which, in turn, could cause sagging, downward flexure, and local separation of rock units resulting in local roof collapse and eventual surface subsidence in some instances.

Uncontrolled solution mining near the top of a salt layer commonly leaves overlying weak or weakened rocks exposed at the top of the cavity, which increase potential for roof collapses.

The subsidence and/or collapse can progress upwards as a chimney effect on an approximately 10- to 20-degree angle (or possibly steeper) from vertical from the outside edges of the cavity. Several theories have been published on the subsidence progression to the surface, the more notable of which attributes surface daylighting to failure of a sandstone formation at a depth of approximately 400 feet. According to the theory, the sandstone actually disintegrates under the induced compression from rock mass sagging, and the fragments filter downwards as granular material into voids below. This results in a void at a depth of approximately 400 feet instead of at the original cavity depth. This mechanism would explain why theoretical “bulking” of broken rock pieces would not be sufficient to fill the cavities before daylighting occurs.

The solution mining areas of interest for this project present the potential for future ground collapse and related adverse effects on elements of the proposed crossing structure. Simply avoiding the known solution wells may not be a viable alternative because the mining is relatively widespread and it appears that not all of the mining activities have been well documented. Additionally, at least one previous collapse has occurred in Windsor, Canada, in the area of the proposed Practical Alternatives. Therefore, MDOT requests that the Detroit River International Study consultant develop a scope of work to further investigate and define the solution mining well areas, and to evaluate their long-term potential impacts on the future crossing structures.

To address these issues, the original program of four boreholes in one corridor and related cross-hole tomography will be expanded to two corridors each with seven boreholes and related cross-hole tomography. Compliance with all MDEQ permitting procedures as well as City of Detroit Right-of-Entry procedures are to be part of the consultant’s work. Likewise, accommodations to address noise and vibration effects of the drilling will be part of the consultant’s work. That work will be completely monitored in the field to ensure complete compliance with all regulatory requirements and engineering best practices. The cross-hole tomography will be accompanied by the application of forward modeling. This application of computer software will use field data to verify the

recommendations. It may also be useful in limiting the field work, described above, so fewer boreholes than the 14 now contemplated (seven in each of two corridors) may be required.

The work performed by the consultant geotechnical engineer shall consist of performing additional geophysical investigation to determine if a suitable clear zone exists at practical alternative crossing locations X-10 and X-11 that will satisfy the requirements of MDOT's geotechnical design policy established by the January 27, 2006 memo from Brenda O'Brien, and John Friend to Larry Tibbets.

The geophysical investigation shall include all borings, geophysical measurements, field sampling, laboratory testing, engineering analysis, field records, rock mechanics analysis, coordination of meetings and all activities related to the investigation, and report writing.

The geophysical investigation shall search for existing cavities and rubblized zones indicating ongoing collapse of salt mine cavities. The investigation shall determine the future potential for instability and the potential for propagation of existing voids to the ground surface and determine if existing voids are expanding in size laterally.

The consultant geotechnical engineer shall propose for MDOT's approval the geophysical investigation method or combination of methods that will be used.

The consultant shall propose for MDOT's approval the staging or sequencing of the geophysical investigation and borings. The geophysical investigation shall be done in a manner that is cost effective and meets established dates and milestones. Data collection and analysis shall be integrated with the drilling so that the status of the alignment can be evaluated periodically as the work proceeds.

The consultant shall supply equipment suitable to take deep borings up to depths of 1,500 feet from the ground surface and allow for appropriate geophysical investigation methods and field sampling. The consultant shall provide equipment to perform all other tasks of the geophysical investigation.

The consultant shall propose for MDOT's approval the number, location and depth of borings.

If a void is encountered during the drilling operations, the consultant geotechnical engineer shall perform a cavity survey using 3-D cavity detection sonar.

Evacuation Plan: The money allocated for the evacuation plan can only be used for that purpose after pursuing all available means to have evacuation costs covered by contractors insurance.

In the event that the evacuation plan is not required to be put into effect during deep drilling operations, MDOT will re-evaluate the need for the allocated funds at that time.

Entry Permission: It is the responsibility of the consultant geotechnical engineer to obtain permission for entry from each property owner whose property must be entered for any reason.

Damages: It is the responsibility of the consultant geotechnical engineer acting as a representative of the Michigan Department of Transportation to compensate the property owners for any damage incurred to their property because of the geophysical investigation.

Railroad Expenses: This item consists of the actual cost involved by the railroad for railroad permits, flagman, right of entry, etc. The consultant geotechnical engineer shall obtain the written approval of the State before incurring any railroad expense.

Upon completion of the geophysical investigation the consultant shall fill abandon and seal all bore holes full depth with an approved grout to permanently seal the holes from moisture intrusion in accordance with MDEQ permit requirements.

This amendment takes account of the already approved amendment # 1 which has the budget for 2 core holes and two rotary holes.

2. Additional Public Involvement

MDOT has decided to expand the public involvement effort from that in the original scope of

work of the consultant. The consultant shall provide complete coverage through an ombudsman of the drilling program as well as relocation payments to nearby residential property owners for the inconvenience/nuisance associated with the drilling program.